HIMACHAL PRADESH UNIVERSITY,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION,
SHIMLA-5

Proposed Outline of Syllabi and Courses of reading for Master Degree in Police Administration

ADMISSION PROCEDURE:

There will be 30 seats (10 subsidized + 10 Non-subsidized + 10 for Police Personnel and Central Police Organizations). The minimum eligibility shall be 50% Marks (45% in case of SC/ST) in the Bachelor’s degree in any discipline. The admission shall be made on the basis of academic career.

FEE STRUCTURE: The fee structure of MA Degree in Police Administration shall be:

1. As per H.P. University fee, as applicable from time to time
2. Semester Self Financing fee Rs. 10,000/- per semester

Other eligibility conditions shall be as per HPU Ordinance and Statues.

Principal/ Director, Police Training College, Darho, Distt. Kangra, Himachal Pradesh shall act as a Co-coordinator for this course.

DURATION OF COURSE

The duration of the course shall be two years spread over four semesters.

Each of the courses will be of 75 marks. Total marks for the M.A. Police Administration degree is 1200.
COURSES OF STUDY:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Marks (Theory)</th>
<th>Marks (Internal Assessment)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>First semester</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>C-I: Police Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-II: Principles &amp; Theory of Public Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-III: Research Methods</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-IV: Indian Administration System and Human Rights</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>II SEMESTER</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>C-V: Organizational Behaviour</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-VI: Correctional Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-VII: Police Personnel Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-VIII: Police Psychology</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>III SEMESTER</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>C-IX: Law &amp; Police Administration (i)</td>
<td>60</td>
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<td>C-X: Police Procedures &amp; Investigation Techniques</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XI: Information Technology &amp; Computer Application in Police Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XII: Project Report</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>IV SEMESTER</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XIII: Law &amp; Police Administration (ii)</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XIV: Forensic Science &amp; Police Administration</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XV: Criminology &amp; Police Administration</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-XVI: Public Relations</td>
<td>60</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
M. A. Police Administration Syllabus

M.A. SEMESTER I

Course – I: Police Administration

UNIT – I

Concept and Rationale of Police in Society; Roles and Responsibilities of Police; Evolution of Police System in India (1861-1947).

UNIT – II


UNIT – III

State Policing System: Organization of Police Force at the State and District level; Commissionerate System of Policing; Police and Panchayati Raj Relations.

UNIT – IV

Police Reforms in India: Concept, Rationale and Challenges; Concept of Community Policing; Police and Human Rights & Duties.

Recommended Readings:

7. Sharma, K.K. : Law and Order Administration, National Book Organization, New Delhi, 1985
PRINCIPLES AND THEORY OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Course -II

M.A SEMESTER II

UNIT – I
2. New Public Administration.
4. E-Governance: Concept, Rationale and significance.

UNIT – II
5. Theories of Organization – Classical, Neo classical and Modern theory.
8. Bureaucracy: Meaning; types and Weberian model of Bureaucracy.

UNIT – III
12. Decision Making: Meaning, Classification and Essentials of decision making; Process of decision making, techniques of decision making, approaches to decision making.

UNIT – IV
14. Leadership: Development of leadership, Qualities of leadership.
15. Accountability and control –Executive, Legislative, Judicial.
## Recommended Readings:

1. **Felix, A. Nigro and C. Nigro**

2. **Pfiffiner John and Frank Sherwood**

3. **Drucker Peter F.**
   - *Management: Tasks, Responsibilities, Practices*

4. **Koontz H. and Cyril O’Donnell**

5. **Etzioni Amitai**

6. **Golembiewsky Robert T.**
   - *Public Administration as a Developing Discipline*
   - New York: Marcel, latest ed. 1987

7. **Bhattacharya Mohit**
   - *Public Administration (Calcutta: World Press, latest ed), 1987*

8. **Mokta Mamta, S.S.Chauhan, S.K. Mahajan and Simmi Agnihotri**
RESEARCH METHODS

COURSE –III :

UNIT – I

1. Social Research : Nature, Scope and Objectives
2. Methods of Social Research
4. Basic Elements of Research; –Research Problem, Selection and Formulation

UNIT – II

7. Survey Research and Case Study Method.
8. Sampling: Concept and Types.

UNIT – III

9. Methods of Data Collection: Documents, Observation, Interview and Questionnaire

UNIT – IV

12. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode.
13. Measures of Dispersion: Meaning, Objects and Methods
Recommended Readings:


INDIAN ADMINISTRATION SYSTEM AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Course –IV:

UNIT – I
2. Parliamentary and Federal Features of Indian Administration.
3. Political Executive at Union level: President, Prime Minister & Council of Ministry.
4. Political Executive at State Level: Governor and Chief Minister and Council of Ministers.

UNIT – II
5. Central Secretariat and Cabinet Secretariat.
6. Prime Minister Office.
8. State Secretarial and Chief Secretary.

UNIT – III
9. District Administration.
10. Law & Order Administration.
11. Paramilitary and Central Police Forces.

UNIT – IV
13. Human Rights especially for the weaker sections, aged women and ministries in India.
15. Transparency in Administration.
16. Corruption and Preventive Measures in India

Recommended Readings:

2. Mishra, B.B: Administrative History of India.
3. Sharma, S.R: Evolution of Public Administration in India, Central
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Author(s)</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Publisher/Year</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maheshwari, S.R</td>
<td>Indian Administration, 6th edition</td>
<td>Book Depot, Allahabad, 1965</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Avasthi and Avasthi</td>
<td>Indian Administration (Agra: Luxmi Narain Aggarwal, 2001</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Singh, Hoshiar and Singh Mohinder</td>
<td>Public Administration in India: Theory and Practice, Sterling Publishers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Arora Ramesh K. and Rajni Goyal</td>
<td>Indian Public Administration Vishwa Parkashan New Delhi: 1997</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Khera, S.S</td>
<td>District Administration in India.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Jain, R.B.</td>
<td>Contemporary issues in Indian Administration, Vishal Publication, Delhi, 1976</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mukhi, H.R.</td>
<td>Indian Administration, SBD Publishers &amp; Distributors, New Delhi, 2005</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Goel, S.L.</td>
<td>The Indian Journal of Public Administration Special issue on Veerapan Moily Committee Report, July-September, 2007</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Jain, R.B.</td>
<td>Public administration in India-21st century challenges for Good governance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Barthwal, C.P.</td>
<td>Good governance in India, Deep &amp; Deep Publications</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Begum, S. Mehartaj</td>
<td>Human Rights in India: Issues and Perpectives, Publishing Corporation, New Delhi,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
M.A. II SEMESTER

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR & Police Administration

Course-V :

UNIT – I

2. Organizational goals & individual goals, integration of goals.

UNIT – II

5. Interpersonal behavior: Interpersonal cooperative behavior, conflicting behavior, Transactional analyses & its uses.
6. Social Factors & Behaviour: Social factors, status system, status determinations, functions of status system, status determinations & problems of Status system.
7. Organisational Culture: Organizational Culture, components of culture, subculture concept of organizations. Culture as a liability.
8. Concept of organizational climate; factors affecting organizational climate, impact of organizational climate, Developing sound organizational climate.

UNIT – III

9. Group Dynamics and Behaviour: Types of groups, formal and informal groups, concept of group dynamics, group behavior, & group norms, group decision making.
10. Stress & behaviour :- Concept and features of stress; potential sources of stress; Effects of stress, coping strategies for stress.
11. Organizational conflicts:- Functional & Dysfunctional aspects of conflicts. Types of conflicts conflict management.
12. Attitude: Characteristics of Attitude, Components of an attitude, attitude and behaviour, and measurement of attitudes.

UNIT – IV


BOOKS RECOMMENDED:


Course – VI : Correctional Administration

UNIT – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Correctional Administration.
Punishment: Concept and Theories.
Forms of Punishment.

UNIT – II

Classification and Organization of Various Categories of Prisons in India.
Problems of Prisons and Prisons Reforms in India.

UNIT – III

Probation: Concept, Origin and Development.
Probation in India including Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.
Probationary Supervision, Pre- Sentence Report, Revocation and Discharge.

UNIT – IV

Parole: Concept, Origin and Development.
Parole in India.
Parole Conditions, Revocation and Discharge

Recommended Readings:


7. Davies, Martin : Prisoners of Society: Attitudes and After-Care, Routledge & Kegan Paul Ltd., Boston, 1974


Police Personnel Administration

Course –VII :

UNIT – I

Principles of Personnel Administration.

UNIT – II

Recruitment: Methods of Recruitment, Recruitment of Police Personnel in India.
Training: Objectives, Types and Methods, Training of Police Personnel in India.
Promotion: Principles of Promotion. Promotion System in Police in India.

UNIT – III

Job Analysis; Job Description; and Job Specification of Police Personnel – Concept and Significance;
Pay Policy; Welfare; and Social Security Measures with reference to Police;
Performance Appraisal System in Police;
Code of Conduct and Discipline in Police.

UNIT – IV

Corruption: Concept and Forms. Machinery for Checking Corruption in India: Lok Pal, 
Lok Ayukta, Central Vigilance Commission, Central Bureau of Investigation and 
Vigilance Agencies at the State Level.

Corruption in Police: Issues, Challenges and Remedial Measures.

Recommended Readings:


**Police Psychology**

**Course – VIII:**

**UNIT – I**

Introduction and Scope of Psychology – Application of Psychology to Police Working. Trait Theories of Personality. Personality Development. Police Personality.

**UNIT – II**

Police Sub Culture, Cynicism in Police: Causes and Remedies; Attitudinal Change: Its Need and Theories; Effective Policing and Attitudinal Change.

**UNIT – III**


**UNIT – IV**


**Essential Readings:**

3. Sarason, Irwin G. and : Abnormal Psychology: The Problem of
MA SEMESTER – III

Law and Police Administration – I

Course-IX:

UNIT – I

THE INDIAN PENAL CODE

Elements of Crime:

a) Actus Reus

b) Mensrea

Principle of Joint Liability with special reference to Sections 34, 149

General Explanations – Sections 6-52A

General Exceptions – Sections 76-106

Of Abetment – Sections 107-120

Criminal Conspiracy – Sections 120A, 120B

Of Offences Against the State Sections 121-124A

Of Offences Against the Public Tranquility – Sections 141-153A

Of False Evidence – Sections 191-193

Of Offences Affecting the Public Health, Safety, Convenience, Decency and Morals Sections 268-294A

UNIT – II

THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Chapter I Definitions Section 2; Trial of Offences under IPC and Other Laws: Section 4.
Chapter II Constitutions of Criminal Courts and Officers: Sections 6 to 25
Chapter IV Power of Superior Officers of Police and aid to Magistrate and Police: Sections 36 to 40
Chapter V Arrest of Persons: Sections 41 to 60
Chapter VI Process to compel Appearance, Summons and Warrants: Sections 61 to 90
Chapter VII Process to compel the Production of Things: Sections 91 to 98.
Chapter VIII Security for keeping the peace and for Good Behaviour: Sections 106 to 110.

UNIT – III

THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (Contd.)

Chapter X Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquility: Sections 129 to 132, 133, 144, 145, to 148.
Chapter XI Preventive action of Police: Sections 149 to 152.
Chapter XII Information to Police and their Power to Investigate: Sections 154 to 176.
Chapter XIV Conditions requisite for Initiation of Proceedings: Sections 190, 195, 196, 197.
Chapter XXIV General Provisions as to Enquiries and Trials: Sections 306 to 308.
Chapter XXI – A Plea Bargaining: Sections 265 A to 265 L.
Chapter XXXVI Limitation for taking cognizance of certain Offences: Sections 468 to 473.

UNIT – IV

THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT

Chapter I Definitions (Section 3); Presumptions (Section 4)
Chapter II Relevancy of Facts: Sections 5 to 11, 14 to 17, 24 to 30, 32 (1), 45 to 48, 53 to 54.
Chapter IV Of Oral Evidence: Sections 59 to 60.
Chapter V Documentary Evidence: Sections 61 to 65, 73, 74, to 77.
Chapter VII Burden of Proof: Sections 101 to 106, 111-A, 113-B, 114, 114-A,
Chapter IX Witness: Sections 123,124,125,133.
Chapter X Of the Examination of Witnesses: Sections 145,154 to 165.
**Recommended Readings:**

8. Lal, Batuk : Law of Evidence: The Indian Evidence Act, 1872; Act I of 1872 as amended by Act No. 43 of 1986, 11\textsuperscript{th} Revised and
Police Procedures and Investigation Techniques

Course-X :

UNIT – I


UNIT – II


UNIT– III

Maintenance of Law and Order during Disastrous Situations: Contingencies arising out of Rail/Road Accidents, Natural Calamities like Fire, Floods and Earthquakes, Shadowing of Suspects, Collection of Intelligence, Prosecution and Court Duties and Prevention of Offences. VIP Security, Security of Vital Installations like Railways, Industrial Establishments, Defense Establishment, Emergencies arising out of
Hijacking and Sabotaging of Air Craft, Espionage by Foreign Agents. Terrorism, Insurgency and Agrarian Conflicts.

UNIT – IV


Recommended Readings:

5. International Association of Chiefs of Police : Criminal Investigation: Basic Procedures, Bureau of Operations and Research, Maryland, USA, 1975
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND COMPUTER
APPLICATIONS IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

COURSE –XI :

UNIT – I

2. The Information Systems Department; Building and Maintaining Information Systems.
3. MIS and Decision Making.
4. Components of MIS with special emphasis on data organization and data base.

UNIT – II

5. General Model of a Computer System; Understanding Input Devices; Output Devices; Primary and Secondary Storage Devices and Media; CPUs.
6. Operating System Basics; PC Operating Systems; OS and User Interface Windows XP
7. Hardware; Software; Types of Software.
8. Networking; Local and Wide Area Networks.

UNIT – III

11. Introduction to the Internet: Internet basics Using Internet Explorer.

UNIT – IV

12. E-Governance: Concept, Significance and Scope.
13. Computer Applications in Public Administration.

BOOKS READINGS:

7. Peter Hodson: Local Area Networks N. Delhi: BPB Publications, latest edition)
Course – XII: PROJECT REPORT

The project report will be prepared by the students in the areas relating to policing and other related issues of Police Administration.

SEMESTER- IV

Law and Police Administration – II

Course-XIII:

UNIT – I

THE INDIAN PENAL CODE

Offences Affecting the Human Body Sections – 299 - 498-A

1. Culpable Homicide (Section 299, 304)
2. Murder (Section 300, 302)
3. Causing Death by Negligence (Section 304A)
4. Dowry Death (Section 304B)
5. Abetment of Suicide (Section 306)
6. Attempt to Murder (Section 307)
7. Attempt to Commit Suicide (Section 309)
8. Hurt (Section 319-323)
9. Grievous Hurt (Section 320, 325-338)
10. Wrongful Restraint (Section 339, 341)
11. Wrongful Confinement (Section 340, 342)
12. Force (Section 349)
13. Criminal Force (Section 350)
14. Assault (Section 351)
15. Outraging Modesty of a Woman (Section 354)
16. Kidnapping (Section 359, 360, 361, 363)
17. Abduction (Section 362, 364-367)
18. Rape (Section 375-376 D)
19. Unnatural Offences (Section 377)
20. Bigamy (Section 377)
21. Adultery – Section 494
22. Of Cruelty by Husband and Relatives of Husband – Section 498 – A

UNIT – II
THE INDIAN PENAL CODE
Of Offences Against Property

1. Theft (Section 378-382)
2. Extortion (Section 383 - 384)
3. Robbery (Section 390, 392, 393)
4. Dacoity (Section 391, 395, 396)
5. Receiving Stolen Property (Section 410 - 414)
6. Criminal Misappropriation (Section 403, 404)
7. Criminal Breach of Trust (Section 405 - 409)
8. Cheating (Section 415 - 420)
9. Mischief (Section 425)
10. Criminal Trespass (Section 441 - 462)

Forgery - Sections 463 to 473, 489
Of Criminal Intimidation, Insult and Annoyance Sections 503 - 510
Of Attempts To Commit Offences Section 511

UNIT – III
The Arms Act 1959 – Section 2 to 9, 25, 27 to 32, 39.
The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (Sections 2, 8, 12, 16 to 34, 41 to 62 with Amendments).

The Protection of Women From Domestic Violence Act, 2005.

UNIT – IV

The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1981.


Recommended Readings:

5. The Indian Penal Code : Bare Act with Short Notes, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2008
Forensic Science and Police Administration

Course-XIV :-

UNIT – I


UNIT – II

Photography in Police Work, Ultraviolet, Infrared, X – Ray: Importance and Applications. Explosives - Examination of Remains at Scene of Explosion - Introduction, Definition, What is Explosion and Detonation, Types of Ammunition, Home Made Bombs and other Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), Types of Explosive Found at the Scene, Bomb Disposal and Handling of Explosives, Examination of Explosive Residues.

UNIT – III


UNIT – IV
Examination of Documents - Factors Affecting the Writing, Identification of Signatures, Detection of Forgery, Free Hand or Simulated Forgery, Traced Forgery, Defects of Free Hand and Trace Forgeries, Handwriting Standards. Present Day Investigative Methods – Polygraph, PSE, Brain-mapping and Narco Analysis.

Recommended Readings:

5. Green, Hans : Criminal Investigation, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2008
Criminology and Police Administration

Course- XV : –

UNIT – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Criminology.
Significance of Criminology to Police Administration.
Evolution of Criminology as a Social Science

UNIT – II

Crime: Concept, Classification and Characteristics.
Causes and Forms of Crime.
Crime Statistics in India: Sources and Problems of Collection.

UNIT – III

Organized Crime: Concept, Characteristics and Types.
White Collar Crime: Concept, Elements and Types.
Cyber Crime: Concept, Reasons and Types.

UNIT – IV

Crime Against Women: Concept, Incidence and Remedies.


Recommended Readings:


5. Fitzgerald, Mike; and Gregor, McLennan; and Jannie Pawson : Crime and Society: Readings in History Theory, Routledge, London, 2001


10. Ghosh, S.K. and : Encyclopaedia of Police in India,


PUBLIC RELATIONS

COURSE - XVI : - UNIT – I

3. Communications: Meaning, Process and role of Communication in India, Barriers to effective Communication.

UNIT – II

5. Media and Publicity: Publicity Media, Types of Publicity ,functions and Communicating with media .
7. Aids to Public Relations: Photography Exhibitions, trade fair, Radio, Television and special events in Public Relations .
8. Advertising in Public Relations: Role, features and states of advertising in India.

UNIT – III

9. Employee Relations.
10. Stake holder Relations.
11. Education Relations.
12. Community Relations.

UNIT - IV

15. International Public Relation

BOOKS READINGS:

2 Sharma Diwaker Public Relations: An Emerging Specialized Profession, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004

3 Frazier H. Moore & Frank B Kalnpa 2002


Note: The maximum marks for each paper shall be 75. The question paper will be of 60 marks and internal assessment of 15 marks. The paper should be divided into Five Units. Paper setter is requested to set at least two questions from each unit, i.e. unit I, II, III and IV. The students are required to attempt one question from each unit. Unit V is compulsory and it should cover all the units of the syllabus, i.e. one part from each unit, hence it will consist of four parts and each part will be answered in 150 words and question must be in the form of notes and each part will have three marks.

(M. Phil.)

Master of Philosophy in Police Administration

Eligibility:

The candidates seeking admission to M. Phil. In Police Administration shall possess Master’s degree in the first or second class (minimum 55%) from any University (approved by the Academic Council) in anyone of the following subjects:

i) Police Administration

Or

ii) Public Administration, Law, Forensic Science, Criminology, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology, Economics, Human Rights, Social Work and Women Studies/Gender Studies

Other eligibility conditions are as per H.P. University Rules & Regulations (cite appropriate statutory provision)

Number of Seats: 10 seats (subsidized) + 2 seats supernumerary (for in services Police Personnel/Central Police Organization). The candidate should be a regular employee of Police Department/Central Police Organization.

Admission: Admission to M. Phil course in Police Administration shall be on the basis of Entrance Test conducted by H.P. University.

Principal/ Director, Police Training College, Darho, Distt. Kangra, Himachal Pradesh shall act as a Co-coordinator for this course.
The M.Phil course will be of one year duration divided into two semester caring total 300 marks.

Semester –I

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Course No-I</th>
<th>Name of the Papers</th>
<th>Marks</th>
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<tr>
<td>1. (i)</td>
<td>Philosophical Foundations of Police Administration</td>
<td>80</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Seminar</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. (i)</td>
<td>Advanced Research Methods</td>
<td>80</td>
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<td>(ii) Book Review</td>
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</table>

Note:

1. Theory paper : Each theory paper will be of 80 marks and duration of each paper will be 3 hours. In each theory paper, there shall be 08 questions in all. The paper shall contain four units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question i.e. the candidate has to attempt four questions in all. Each question will carry 20 marks (4x20=80 marks).

2. Two seminars and one book review will be valuated by the Department teachers/staff council. Each seminar consists of 10 marks.

Semester-II

3. Dissertation                        100

The division of 100 marks will be as given below:

(i) Dissertation writing               75
(ii) Dissertation viva-voce            20

Total                                   100
SYLLABUS

Semester - I

Maximum Marks: 80

Philosophical Foundations of Police Administration.

Course - I:

UNIT - I

Kautilya, Robert Peel, David H. Bailey, O.W. Wilson

UNIT - II

Cesare Beccaria, Cesare Lombroso, Howard Abadinski, Michel Focault.

UNIT - III

Robert K Merton, Edwin Sutherland, Howard Becker, Emile Durkheim.

UNIT - IV

Sigmund Freud, Abraham Maslow, Rines Likert, Herbert Simon.

Recommended Readings:


Research Methodology in Police Administration

Course - II :

Maximum Marks 80

UNIT - I

Research- Meaning, nature and its significance for Police Administration,

Interdisciplinary Research in Social Sciences: Rationale and Approaches

Selection and Formulation of Research Problem.

UNIT – II

Review of Literature: Purpose and design techniques

Hypothesis: Definition, features, types and testing

Research Design: Meaning and types.

UNIT – III

Sampling: Concept, types, size and sampling error

Triangulation: Concept, rationale and process
Meta Analysis: Concept, rationale and process.

**UNIT – IV**

Data Collection: Documents, observation; questionnaire and Interviews.

Data processing and analysis- Role of computers.

Report writing.

**Recommended Readings:**


6. Kothari, C.R. : Research Methodology: Methods and

Semester –II

Course No –III: Dissertation

Maximum marks -100

The division of 100 marks will be as given below:

(i) Dissertation Writing 75 marks
(ii) Dissertation viva-voce 15 marks

Total 100 marks

The Supervisor of the candidate will be a teacher from the Faculty of Public Administration from H.P. University, Shimla. However, for convenience of the candidate, co-guide can be appointed by the Police Training College Daroh, Distt. Kangra.