Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) First Semester                  Course Code  :  BALLB 101
Subject:  English-I                                      Credits  :  4
Max. Marks:  External/Theory:  70
            Internal/Clinical:  30

Objective: The main objective of the present syllabus is to enable the students to read,
understand and write English effectively and to familiarize the law students with the
fundamentals of applied English Grammar along with significant legal concepts.

Unit-I      Reflections from the East and the West A text book of essays  Lectures-14
(a) Section –I of the book
   2. The World As I See it. Albert Einstein
   3. Vivekananda: The Great Journey to the West. Romain Rolland
(b) Exercises based on the text.

Unit-II      Hues of Life. An Anthology of Short Stories  Lectures-15
(a) Short Stories:
   1. Three Questions. Leo Tolstoy
   2. David Swan. Nathanial Hawthorne
   3. The Beggar. Anton Chekhov
   4. The Interlopers. Hector Hugh Muro ‘Saki’
(b) Exercises based on the text.

Unit-III     The Blossoming Mind Book of Poems and Grammar  Lectures-14
         (a) Articles, Prepositions and Sentences
         (b) Tenses and Their Uses

Unit-IV     Introduction to Law and Legal Terms  Lectures-17

Plaint, Plaintiff, Defendant, Respondent, Appeal, Adjournment, Magistrate, Tribunals, Writs,
Written Statement, Will, Deed, Divorce, Judicial Separation and Bail, Void Ab Initio, Bona Fide,
Mala Fide, Status Quo, Sub Judice, Suo Moto, Amicus Curie, Locus Standi, Power of Attorney,
Affidavit, Injunction, Complaint, Offence, Conviction, Acquittal, Discharge

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions
with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four
questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is
Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries
3.5 marks.

Text Books Prescribed:
   Edited by- Pankaj K. Singh and Girija Sharma.
2. Hues of Life. An Anthology of Short Stories. A textbook for BA Part-I Edited by Usha
   Bande  and Kanwar Dinesh Singh
3. The Blossoming Mind (Book of poems, grammar, composition and comprehension for
   developing reading and writing skills). Edited by: V. K. Khanna and Meenakshi F. Paul

Reference Books:
2. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
3. Oxford Law Dictionary
4. Black’s Law Dictionary
6. Living English Structure by W. Stannard Allen. Along with CD Containing Answer key
Objective: This paper focuses on broad features of institutions and administrative structures in ancient and medieval India.

Unit-I: Definition and Early Indian History Lectures-15

What is History? Sources of Indian History; Features of Indus Valley Civilization; Social, Economic, Political, and Religious Life during Early Vedic and Later Vedic period; Lord Mahavira and Jainism, Gautam Buddha and Buddhism.

Unit-II: Polity and Society of Empires Lectures-16

Maurayan Empire-Chandragupta Maurya, Bindusara and Ashoka; Central, Provincial, Local government and revenue administration; Ashoka policy of Dhamma.
Gupta Empire- Chandragupta, Samudragupta, Chandra Gupta 2, Kamuragupta and Skandgupta.
Administration-Central, Provincial, Local government and Revenue.

Unit-III: The Delhi Sultanate Lectures-16

Rise of Islam and its spread towards India; Political conditions of India at the time of Early Medieval period, Sultans of Delhi- Illutumish Razia and Balban, Khalji Dynasty- Alauddin Khalji, Tughlaq Dynasty-Muhammad Bin Tughlaq and Feroz Shah Tughlaq; Central, Provincial, and Local Government under the Delhi sultans.

Unit-IV: The Mughal State Lectures-17

Mughal Rulers- Akbar, Jahangir, Shah Jahan, Aurangzeb; Central, Provincial and local administration under the Mughals; Factors contributing to the decline of the Mughals, Evolution of Mansabdari and Jagidari system under the Mughals.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Thapar, Romila: Early India, Penguin From the Origins AD 1300.
3. Thapar, Romila: Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, OUP.
6. Basham, A.L.: Wonder that was India.
7. Sharma, R.S.: Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
9. Raymond and Bridget All Chin, The Birth of Indian Civilization.
18. Sreenivasa Murthy, H.V : History of India Part I, II (for law student)
### Objective
The objective of this paper is to focus on basic concept of society and various social issues.

#### Unit-I: Introduction to Sociology  Lectures-14

The Nature of Sociology; The Meaning of Sociology; Relation of Sociology with other Social-Science-Psychology, History and Political Science and Relevance of Sociology in the study of Law.

#### Unit-II: Basic Concepts  Lectures-14

Society, Community, Institution, Association, Social Groups, Social Structure, States and Role, Norms and Values.
Social Structure, Status and Role of Meaning of Social Stratification and Agencies.

#### Unit-III: The Individual and Society  Lectures-16

Social Stratification: Meaning and Basis of Social Stratification.

#### Unit-IV: Research Methods  Lectures-16

Types of Methodology- Comparative, Descriptive, Diagnostic, Exploratory, Experimental Research Methods- Documentary, Empirical and Survey Method
Tools of Data Collection- Observation, Interview, Questionnaire and Schedule, Genealogy, Case Study and Sampling.
Stages of Data Collection- Conceptualising Problem, Laying down Hypotheses, Definition of Variables, Choosing the Tools of Data Collection, Phase of Data Collection, Data Analysis.

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

5. Bose, N.K. 1967 : Culture and Society in India (Bombay: Asia Publishing House.)
10. Sachdeva and Bhushan : An Introduction to Sociology

Credits : 4

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This paper is to make students understand the nature of tort and conditions of liability with reference to established case law. Further it covers Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

Unit – I: Principles of Liability and Justification in Tort Lectures-15


Unit – II: Specific Tort Lectures-15

Trespass to Person and Property, Trespass to Immovable Property Liability for Misstatements, Nuisance, Negligence including Contributory and Composite Negligence Strict Liability and Absolute Liability including Liability of the State Defamation, Assault, Battery and Mayhem, False Prosecution and Malicious Prosecution Liability for Mass Disaster, Nuclear Radiation, Fire, Bomb Explosion, Riots, Accidental Disaster

Unit – III: The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 Lectures-15


Unit – IV: The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 Lectures-15

Chapter –I: Section-2, Chapter-XI: Insurance of Motor Vehicles against Third Party Risks, Chapter-XII: Claims Tribunals, Chapter-XIII: Offences, Penalties and Procedure

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Bangia, R.K: Law of Torts
2. Winfield; Law of Torts
3. Salmond and Henston; Law of Torts
4. Lal, Rattan and Lal, Dhiraj: Law of Torts
5. Singh, Avtar: Law of Torts
7. Aggarwal, B.K.; Consumer Protection Act, 1986
Objective: The objective of this paper is to appraise the students with the laws relating to family matters applicable to different community of India.

Unit – I: The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 Lectures-18

Hindu Marriages – Evolution of Institution of Marriage, Concept of Marriage, Form, Validity and Voidability of Marriage, Matrimonial Causes, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Judicial Separation, Nullity of Marriage and Divorce, Divorce by Mutual Consent, Jurisdiction and Procedure

Unit – II: The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 Lectures-18

Concept of Adoption, Who May Take and Give in Adoptions, Ceremonies of Adoption, Effect of Adoption, Relationship of the Adopted Child, Concept of Maintenance, Maintenance as a Personal Obligation to Wife, Children, Aged or Infirm Parents, Maintenance of Dependents, Maintenance of Joint Family Members, Quantum of Maintenance as Charge on Property, Alteration of Maintenance.

Unit – III: The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956 Lectures-14

Guardianship of the Person: Natural, Testamentary, and De Facto Guardians, Guardianship of Minor’s Property, Rights and Powers of Guardian.

Unit – IV: Muslim Law of Marriage, Divorce and Maintenance Lectures-15


Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Diwan, Paras: Modern Hindu Law.
3. Diwan, Paras: Muslim Law in Modern India.
7. Fyzee, AAA, Outlines of Mohammadan Law
8. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
11. The Muslim Women’s (Protection of Right on Divorce) Act, 1986.
12. Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
Objective: The objective of the present syllabus is to sensitize the students on various issues of human and social-political significance. The syllabi also focus on developing writing skills.

Unit-I  Hues of Life. An Anthology of Short Stories Lectures-14
(a) Short Stories-
1. The Exercise Book. Rabindranath Tagore
2. Life of Ma Parker. Katherine Mansfield
3. The Refugees. Pearl S.Buck.
(b) Exercises based on the Text.

Unit-II  The Blossoming Mind (Grammar) Lectures-14
(a) Active Voice and Passive Voice
(b) Narration: Direct Speech and Indirect Speech.
(c) Report Writing

Unit-III The Blossoming Mind (Composition and Comprehension) Lectures-16
(b) Comprehension

Unit-IV Legal Essays Lectures-14

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
8. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
10. Black’s Law Dictionary

Internet Resources:
1. www.macmillanindia.com,
2. www.duhaime.org,
3. Legal Sites like, Lexsite, Manupatra, Grandjurix, Laws India,Indlaws
4. Webster’s online dictionary.

Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B.(Hons.) Second Semester Paper Code : BALLB 202
Subject: History-II Credits : 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

- 11 -
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the establishment of British rule and the National Movement in India.

Unit – I: European Penetration and the British Conquest of India Lectures-15


Unit – II: The Revolt of 1857 and Administrative Changes after 1858 Lectures-15

General Cause – The Immediate Cause - The Beginning and Course of Revolt – The Weaknesses of Revolt and Its Suppression.

Administrative Changes after 1858


Unit – III: Nationalist Movement 1905 to 1918 Lectures-17


Unit – IV: Freedom Struggle Lectures-17

Factors Contributing to the Emergence of Indian Nationalism. Gandhiji and His mass Movements – Non-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India. Growth of Communalism and the Partition of India.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
The objective of this paper is to focus on basic concept of sociology relevant for better understanding of society and law.

**Unit I  Social Basis of Law**

Relation between Law and Society  
Social Legislation and Social Justice  
Social Change and Law

**Unit II  Social Problems and Social Legislation**

Issues of Ethnic and Inter-Caste Conflicts  
Communalism and Fundamentalism  
Alcoholism and Drug Addiction  
Poverty and Unemployment


**Unit III  Social Control**

Social Control- Its Meaning, Mechanism and Agent of Social Control Functions and Dysfunction and Social Control.

Distinction between Formal and Informal Social Control  
Informal Agencies of Social Control Customs, Folkways, More and Religion  

**Unit IV  Social Deviance**

Meaning and Types of Deviance  
Issues of Domestic Violence and Juvenile Delinquency  
Some Important Theories of Deviance Biological, Psychological, Anomie, Sub-Culture, Learning and Social Disorganization.

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Text Books:**

9. Kothari, Rajini: Democratize Polity and Social Change in India  
15. Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

**Core Subject**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.) Second Semester</th>
<th>Paper Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Max. Marks: External/Theory:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject: Law of Crimes -I</td>
<td>LLB 204</td>
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<td>70</td>
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</table>

- 14 -
**Objective:** This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit I</th>
<th>Nature, Scope and General Exception</th>
<th>Lectures-16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Definition of Crime, Territorial Operation of the Code (Sections 1-5)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Elements of Crime.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Joint and Constructive Liability (Sections 34, 38 and 149).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>General Exceptions:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Judicial Acts (Sections77-78).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mistake of Fact (Sections 76, 79).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Accident (Section 80).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Absence of Criminal Intent (Sections 81-86, 92-94).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Consent (Sections 87, 90).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Trifling Acts (Section 95).</td>
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<td>Private Defense (Sections 96-106).</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit II</th>
<th>Inchoate Crimes and Offences Against Pubic Tranquility</th>
<th>Lectures-13</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Abetment (Sections 107-120).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Criminal Conspiracy (Sections 120A, 120B).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Attempt (Section 511).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Offences against the Pubic Tranquility (Sections 141-148,159,160).</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit-III</th>
<th>Offences Relating to Body</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Offences Affecting Life (Sections 299-309).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Hurt and Grievous Hurt (Sections 319-325).</td>
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<td>Wrongful Restraint, Wrongful Confinement (Section 339-342).</td>
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<td>Criminal Force, Assault, etc. (Sections 339-352).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Kidnapping, Abduction (Sections 359-362).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Sexual Offences (Sections 375-377).</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit –IV</th>
<th>Offences Relating to Property</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Theft (Section 378), Extortion (Section 383), Robbery (Section391).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Dacoity (Section 390).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Criminal Misappropriation of Property and Criminal Breach of Trust (Sections 403-405).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Cheating (Sections 415-420), Mischief (Section 425)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Criminal Trespass (Sections 441-462), Offences Relating to Marriage (Sections 494-495-498A).</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defamation (Sections 499-502), Criminal Intimidation etc. (Sections 503,504,506,507,509).</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
**Core Subject**

<table>
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<th>B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) Second Semester</th>
<th>Paper Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>Subject: Family Law-II</td>
<td>Credits</td>
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<tr>
<td>Max. Marks: External/Theory:</td>
<td>70</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Internal/Clinical:</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Objective:** The objective of this paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to family matters governing succession, partition etc.

**Unit – I:** Hindu Joint Family System

Mitakshara Hindu Joint Family: Composition, Structure and Characteristics.
Joint Acquisition and Accretions.
Formation and Incident under the Coparcenary Property under Mitakshara and Dayabhaga
Point of Distinction between the Mitakshara Joint Family and Dayabhaga Hindu Joint Family
Position, Status, Liability and Powers of Karta, Alienation of Property by Karta.
Debt: Doctrine of Pious Obligation and Antecedent Debt.

**Unit – II:** Hindu Law of Partition

Meaning, Division of Right of Property and Division of Property
Subject Matter of Partition.
Persons Who have a Right to Partition and Persons Who are Entitled to a Share on Partition.
How Partition is Effected. Suit for Partition
Rules Relating to Distribution of Property.
Modes of Partition, Reopening of Partition and Re-Union.
Points of Similarity and Distinction between Mitakshara and Dayabhaga Laws.

**Unit – III:** Hindu Succession Act, 1956

Definition,
Succession to the Property of a Male Hindu –
Legal Heirs and Their Classification,
Succession to the Property of a Mitakshara Hindu and its Distribution
Succession to the Property of a Hindu Female, Stridhan and Women’s Estate.
General Rules of Succession of a Hindu Male or Female dying Intestate.
General Provisions Relating to Succession, Disqualification of Heirs, Testamentary Succession.

**Unit – IV:** Muslim Law of Gift, Inheritance and Will

Gift under Muslim Law
- Who can make a Valid Gift?
- Essential Requirements of a Valid Gift.
- Subject Matter of Gift.
- Gift of Musha – Exceptions thereof.
- Revocation of Gifts under Shia and Sunni Law.

General Principles of Inheritance of Muslim Law (Sunni Law).
Will under Muslim Law
- Who can make Will?
- Subject-Matter of a Will
- Restrictions on the Powers of a Muslim to make a Will.
- Abatement of Legacy; Creation of Life Estates and its Validity.
- Revocation of Will

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
1. Diwan, Paras : Modern Hindu Law
2. Tayyabji, Badrudin : Mohammedan Law
3. Fyzee, AAA : Outlines of Mohammedan Law
4. Diwan, Paras : Muslim Law
5. Hindu Succession Act, 1956
7. Mahmood, Tahir: Muslim Law of India.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) Third Semester
Subject: History-III (Legal and Constitutional History of India)

Paper Code: BALLB 301
Credits: 4

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The Course focuses on the development of Indian legal system and the Constitutional History.

Unit – I: Administration of Justice in Presidency Towns

Administrations of Justice in the Presidency Towns (1600-1773) and the Development of Courts and Judicial Institutions under the East India Company. Charter of 1726 and 1753. Establishment of Mayor’s Court in 1726.

Unit – II: British Judicial System

Judicial Reforms of Hastings, Cornwallis and Bentinck.
Leading Cases:
Raja Nand Kumar Trial.
Patna Case.
Cossijurah Case.

Unit – III: Emergence of High Court and Codification

Conflict arising out of the Dual Judicial System, Tendency for Amalgamation of the two System of Courts, Establishment of High Court under the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, Judicial Committee of Privy Council as a Court of Appeal and its Jurisdiction, Abolition of its Jurisdiction, Codification of an India Charter in 1834

Unit – IV: Constitutional Development

Making of Constitution, Constituent Assembly

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
17. Rao, B. Shiva: The Framing of India’s Constitution
Objective: This paper focuses on understanding the basic concept, theories and functions of State.

Unit-I: Introduction to Political Science
Lectures-16
- Political Science: Origin, Definition, Nature and Scope
- Relationship of Political Science with Law, History, Sociology and Economies
- Growth of Political Science
- Modern Political Science: Nature and Scope

Unit-II: Concept of State and its Organs
Lectures-20
- The State: Meaning and its Essential Elements
- Government and its Relation with State
- Political System: Meaning, Characteristics and Functions:
- Sovereignty: Definition, Meaning and Characteristics, Kinds; Austin and Pluralistic Concept of Sovereignty;
- Law and Rights: Meaning, Importance, Kinds;
- Liberty and Equality: Meaning, Importance, Kinds.

Unit-III: Government
Lectures-20
- Government: Classification of Governments; Democracy and Dictatorship; Unitary and Federal; Parliamentary and Presidential;
- Organs of the Government –
  - Legislature- Concept Type and Function
  - Executive-Concept and Functions
  - Judiciary- Functions, Judicial Review, Independence of Judiciary
- Doctrine of Separation of Powers and Montesquieu’ Contribution to the Theory of Separation of Powers; Merits and Demerits of Separation of Powers
- Conception of Representation, Public Opinion and Political Participation.

Unit-IV: Liberalism and Totalitarianism
Lectures-16
- Liberalism
  - Meaning and Features
  - Merits and Demerits
- Totalitarianism
  - Totalitarian State – Meaning, features
  - Merit Demerits of Totalitarian State
  - Fascism and Nazism

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Bhatnagar, S: Political Theory: An Introduction
2. Gajendargadkar, P.B.: Law, Liberty and Social Justice
5. Rathore, L.S. and Haqqi, S. A. H : Political Theory and Organization
7. Asirvatham, Addi : Political Theory ( New Delhi, S. Chand & Co. 1988)
Objective: This course is designed to provide basic understanding of micro economic concepts and theories, behaviour of economic agents viz. Consumer and producer, different market structures, factor pricing and banking concepts.

Unit- I  Theory of Demand and Supply  Lectures-16
Meaning and Scope of Economics; Basic Problems of an Economy
Concepts of Demand and Supply - Law of Demand - Law of Supply;
Determinants and Concepts of Demand and Supply
Elasticity of Demand and Supply – Price Elasticity of Demand - Income
Elasticity of Demand - Cross Elasticity of Demand - Measurement of Elasticity of
Demand - Factors Influencing Elasticity of Demand and Supply
Demand Function; Derivation of Demand Curve: Individual Demand Curve and
Market Demand Curve

Unit- II  Consumer Behaviour and Theory of Production  Lectures-16
Concept of Utility – Total Utility, Marginal Utility; Law of Diminishing Marginal
Utility, Law of Equi- Marginal Utility; Consumer’s Equilibrium
Elementary Utility Analysis: Marshalling Utility Analysis, Indifference Curves
Approach
Production Possibility Curve; Producer’s Equilibrium, Expansion Path

Unit- III  Market Structure, Factor Pricing and Law  Lectures-18
Cost and Revenue concepts under different market structure.
Price and Output Determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition.
Factor Pricing: Determination of Wage, Ricardian and Modern Theory of Rent, Keynes Theory of Interest, Schumpeter Theory of Profit

Unit- IV  Money and Banking  Lectures-16
Money: Types and Functions; Banking Functions of Commercial Banks, Credit
Creation by the Commercial Banks
Role of NBFI’s in Money Supply
Inflation: Definition, Types, Causes and Effects of Inflation on Different Sectors of the Economy
Central Banks: Functions, credit control through monetary policy.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: The objective of this paper is to provide understanding of basic concepts of Indian Constitution and the Fundamental Rights as well as Remedies.

Unit-I: Introduction

Salient Features of the Indian Constitution.
Preamble
Citizenship (Articles 5-11)
Definition of State (Article 12)
Doctrines of Ultra-Vires, Severability, Eclipse, Waiver (Article 13)

Unit-II: Fundamental Rights-I

Right to Equality (Article 14)
Prohibition of Discrimination, Rights to Equality of Opportunity (Articles 15-16)

Unit – III: Fundamental Rights-II

Protection in Respect of Conviction under Article 20,
Ex-Post-Facto Law, Double Jeopardy, Self-Incrimination
Right of Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21)
Protection in Respect of Arrest and Detention
Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25-28)

Unit – IV: Fundamental Rights-III and Remedies

Right against Exploitation (Articles 23, 24)
Cultural and Educational Rights (Articles 29-30)
Right to Property before and after the Constitution 42nd Amendment Act, 1976
Enforcement of Fundamental Right, Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Court (Articles 32, 226).

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Deshta, Kiran: Right to Privacy under Indian Law.
12. Bare Act, Constitution of India.
### Core Subject

**B.A.L.L.B.(Hons) Third Semester**  
**Subject:** Law of Contract-I  
**Paper Code:** LLB 305  
**Credits:** 4  
**Max. Marks:**  
- External/Theory: 70  
- Internal/Clinical: 30  

**Objective:** The objective of this paper is to make students familiar with various principles of contract formation enunciated in the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

### Unit – I: Formation of Contract

**Lectures:** 16  
- General Features and Nature of Contractual Obligations  
- Meaning and Nature of Contract  
  - Offer/Proposal  
    - Definition, Communication  
    - Revocation  
    - Kinds  
    - Invitation to treat  
  - Means of Communication  
  - Acceptance  
    - Definition  
    - Communication  
    - Revocation  
  - Standard and Printed Form of Contract- Their Nature and Unilateral Character

### Unit – II: Capacity and Consent

**Lectures:** 16  
- Capacity to Contract  
- Consent, Free Consent, Elements Vitiating Free Consent, (Sections 15–18)  
- Coercion, Undue Influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud  
- Nature of Contract when Consent is Not Free (Section 19)

### Unit – III: Consideration and Void Agreements

**Lectures:** 16  
- Consideration (Sections 2(d), 23, 24, 25)  
  - Definition, Essentials, Privity of Contract  
  - Void Agreements  
    - Agreement in Restraint of Marriage (Section 26)  
    - Agreement in Restraint of Trade with Exceptions (Section 27)  
    - Agreement in Restraint of Legal Proceedings with Exceptions (Section 28)  
    - Uncertain Agreements (Section 29),  
    - Wager Agreements – Definition and Essentials – Exceptions (Section 30)  
- Contingent Contracts (Sections 31-36),  
- Impossibility of performance – meaning and scope (Section 56)

### Unit – IV: Performance of the Contract, Breach of Contract, Remedies and Quasi Contract

**Lectures:** 16  
- Time and Place of Performance  
- Contract Which Need Not be Performed– Novation, Rescission and Alteration of Contract, Remission of Performance (Sections 62 – 67)  
- Quasi-Contract: Of Certain Relations Resembling Those Created by Contract (Sections 68-72)  
- When Time is Essence of Contract  
- Breach of Contract and Remedies for Breach of Contract; Anticipatory Breach and Consequences of Breach (Sections 73-75)

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
3. Pollock and Mulla: Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act  
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the environmental issues and the measures taken for its protection.

Unit – I
Introduction and Sources of Environmental Pollution
Lectures-20
Definition of Environmental Pollution, Causes of Environmental Pollution; Sources and Effects of Water, Air, Noise and Land Pollution.

Emerging Principles:
- Polluter Pays
- Precautionary Principles
- Public Trust Doctrine
- Sustainable Development

Unit – II
Specific Acts (Water and Air Pollution)
Lectures-20
Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974-Definition (Section 2), The Central and State Boards for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution (Sections 3-12), Joint Boards (Sections 13-15), Powers and Functions of Boards (Sections 16-18), Prevention and Control of Water Pollution (Sections 198-33A), Funds Accounts and Audit (Sections 34-40), Penalties and Procedures (Sections 41-50), Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 51-64), Working and Defects of the Act of 1974.

Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981- Definitions, Sources and Effects of Air Pollution, Central and State Board, (Section 16-18), Prevention and Control of Air Pollution (Sections 19-31A), Funds, Accounts and Audit (Section 32-36), Penalties and Procedures including Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 37-54)

Unit – III
Noise Pollution and Wild Life
Lectures-20
Noise Pollution- Concept of Noise Pollution, Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution, Legal and Judicial controls.

The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972- Definitions (Section 2), Authorities under the Act (Sections 3-8), Hunting of Wild Animals (Sections 9-12), Protections of Specified Plants (Sections 17A – 17H), Sanctuaries, National Park and Closed Areas (Sections 18-38), Central Zoo Authority and Recognition of Zoos (Sections 38A-38J), Trade of Commerce in Wild Animals, Animal Articles and Trophies (Sections 39-49), Prohibition of Trade or Commerce in Trophies, etc. (Sections 49A-49C), Prevention and Detection of Offences (Sections 50-58).

Unit – IV
Remedies
Lectures-18
Constitutional Provisions: Public Interest Litigations and Judicial Activism, National Green Tribunal Act, 2010- Establishment of Tribunal, Jurisdiction, powers and proceeding of Tribunal

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986- Definitions (Section 2), General Powers of Central Government (Sections 3-6), Prevention, Control and Abatement of Environment Pollution (Sections 7-17), Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 18-26).

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Thakur, Kailash: Environmental Protection, Law and Policy in India (Deep and Deep, Delhi)
2. Diwan, Paras: Environmental Administration – Law and judicial Attitude, Vols. I & II.
3. Aggarwal, S.: Legal Control of Environmental Pollution
5. Shastri, Environmental Law
Objective: The objective of the present syllabus is to enable the students to apprehend and apply English grammar in practice and to acquaint the students with the Legal Language and to some important legal terms and maxims.

Unit-I  
A Step Ahead (Essays)  
1. Of Studies. Francis Bacon  
2. What I Demand of Life. Frank Swinnerton  
3. On Not Being a Philosopher. Robert Lynd  
4. The Shakespeare Nobody Knows. Leo Rosten  
5. I Have a Dream. Martin Luther King, Jr.
A Step Ahead. Part IV (Grammar)  
(a) Idioms and Phrases (Including legal phrases)  
(b) Synonyms and Antonyms  
(c) Prefixes and Suffixes.  
(d) Translation (Hindi to English)

Unit-II  
Introduction to Law and Language  
Lectures-14
(a) Law- The Definition Perspective  
(b) Meaning of Legal Language  
(c) Scope and Domain of The Legal Language  
(e) Language of Courts

Unit –III  
Mechanism of Legal Studies  
Lectures-16
(a) Law Reports and Law Journals  
(b) Explanation and Mode of the Citations and Abbreviations used  
(c) Writing Articles for Journals and Magazines on Current Socio-Legal Topics.  
(d) Methods of Locating Relevant Case Laws.  
(e) Abbreviations of Law Reports

Unit-IV  
Legal Terms and Maxims  
Lectures-16
(b) Legal Maxims Volenti Non Fit Injuria ; Audi Alteram Partem; Res Ipsa Loquitur; Ignorantia Facti Excusat: Ignorantia Juris Non Excusat; Actus Non Facit Reum Nisi Mens Sit Rea.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Text Books Prescribed /Reference Books:
3. The Blossoming Mind (Book of poems, grammar, composition and comprehension for developing reading and writing skills). Edited by: V.K.Khanna and Meenakshi F.Paul
6. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
7. Oxford Law Dictionary
8. Black’s Law Dictionary
15. John Gibbons: Language and The Law
16. Lord Denning, “Command of Language”, The Discipline of the Law
17. Glanville Williams: Language and the Law
18. Glanville Williams: Learning the Law.

Internet Resources:
1. www.macmillanindia.com,
2. www.duhaime.org,
3. Legal Sites like, Lexsite, Manupatra, Grandjurix, Laws4india, Indlaws
Objective: This course is designed to enable students to have sufficient knowledge of various problems and issues faced by Indian Economy and also to enable the students to develop the analysing capability in the context of current Indian economic problems.

UNIT- I  Introduction to Indian Economy  Lectures-14
Basic Features of Indian Economy.
Difference between Economic Development and Economic Growth and determinants of economic development.
Poverty and Inequalities: Extent, Causes and Impact
Unemployment and Major Employment Generation Schemes.

UNIT- II  India as a Developing Economy  Lectures-14
India’s Agricultural Development: Basic Characteristics and Problems of Agricultural Economy; Trends in Growth of Production and Productivity Green Revolution and Its Impacts on Indian Agriculture
Land Reforms: Need, Implementation and critical evaluation.

UNIT- III  Industrial Sector- An Overview  Lectures-12
Technical Industrial Production and Productivity
Comparative Role of Public, Private and Joint Sectors in Indian Industrial Sector
Role, Growth and Problems of Cottage, Small and Medium Scale Industries in India.

UNIT- IV  Foreign Trade  Lectures-13
Role of Foreign Trade in Indian economy.
Foreign Capital - FDI and MNCs (role and problems), Foreign Aid.
India’s BOP: Structure and Measures to Deal with Adverse BOP; Balance of Payment Crisis.
WTO and India

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Sundaram, K.P.M : Indian Economy
3. Agarwal, A.N : Indian Economy, S. Chand and Company Ltd. Delhi
5. Kapila, Uma: Indian Economy Since Independence, Academic Foundation Press,
7. Reddy, Y.V. : Lecture on Economics and Financial Sector Reforms in India
**Core Subject**

B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) Fourth Semester
Subject: Political Science-II

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Paper Code</th>
<th>BALLB 403</th>
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<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Max. Marks: External/Theory:</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal/Clinical:</td>
<td>30</td>
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**Objective:** This paper focuses on understanding the basic concept of international relations.

**Unit-I: International Relations**


**Unit-II: National Power**


**Unit-III: International Dispute Settlement and Human Rights**


**Unit-IV: Diplomacy**


**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
2. Palmar and Perkins: International Relations, Scientific Calcutta
Objective: This paper is to impart knowledge of various special contracts, law of agency and partnership and specific reliefs.

Unit – I: Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee
Lectures-14
Definition and Scope
Right of Indemnity Holder (Sections 124-125)
Contract of Guarantee
Definition and Scope, Basic Essentials for a Valid Guarantee Contract
Contract of Guarantee as Distinguished from Indemnity
Continuing Guarantee
Extent of Surety’s Liability, Modes of Discharge of Surety
Rights of Surety Against the Creditor, Principal Debtor and Co-Sureties (Sections 126-147)

Unit – II: Bailment and Pledge
Lectures-16
Bailment:
Definition and Scope, Essential Features of Bailment
Kinds of Bailee- Banker, Finder, Wharfing, Attorneys, Policy Brokers and Carriers, Duties and Rights of Bailer and Bailee, Finder of Lost goods (Section(148-171)
Lien
Pledge
Definition and Scope, Who can Pledge
Hypothecation and Pledge, Pledge and Mortgage
Right to Redeem
Pledge by Mercantile Agent
Pledge by Person in Possession under Voidable Contract,
Distinction between Pledge and Bailment

Unit – III: Agency
Lectures-16
Definition and Scope, Essentials of Agency Transaction
Kinds of Agents, Delegation of Authority – Sub-Agent and Substituted Agent
Modes of Creation of Agency
Personal Liability of Principal and Agent
Termination of Agency – Revocation, Renunciation by Operation of Law (Sections 182-238)

Unit – IV: Specific Relief Act, 1963
Lectures-16
Meaning and General Principles
Recovery of Possession of Immovable Property (Sections 5 and 6)
Recovery of Possession of Movable Property (Sections 7 and 8)
Contracts Which can be Specifically Enforced (Sections 10 to 13)
Contracts which cannot be Specifically Enforced (Section 14)
Rescission of Contracts (Sections 27 to 30)
Cancellation of Instruments (Sections 31 to 33)
Declaratory Decrees (Sections 34 and 35),
Preventive Relief /Injunctions (Sections 36 to 42)

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Pollock and Mulla : Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act
5. Anson : Law of Contract
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons) Fourth Semester

Subject: Jurisprudence (Legal Method, Indian Legal System and Basic Theory of Law)

Paper Code: LLB 405
Credits: 4

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The course aims at developing an analytical approach to understand the nature of law, development of law and working of a legal system in different dimensions with reference to popular legal theorists.

Unit-I Jurisprudence and the Sources of Law Lectures-12
- Definition of Law.
- Sources of Law: Legislation, Custom, Precedent.

Unit-II Schools of Jurisprudence Lectures-15
- Natural Law School
- Analytical School: Austin’s Theory of Law
- Vienna School – Kelson’s Pure Theory of Law
- Historical School: Savigny and Sir Henry Maine
- Sociological School: Dean Roscoe Pounds Social Engineering
- Realistic School

Unit-III Concepts of Law and Legal System Lectures-15
- Legal Rights and Duties
- Ownership and Possession
- Personality
- Indian Legal System.

Unit-IV Social Control Through Law Lectures-15
- The Penal Techniques
- The Grievance- Remedial Techniques
- The Administrative- Regulatory Techniques
- The Constitutive Techniques
- The Conferral of Social Benefits Techniques
- Punishment Perspectives of law and legal method
- Preventive Perspective
- Deterrent Perspective
- Retributive Perspective
- Reformative Perspective

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Books Recommended:
1. Dias, Jurisprudence
2. Friedman, Legal Theory
3. Lloyd, Jurisprudence
4. Paton: A Text Book of Jurisprudence
5. Tripathi, Mani :Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
Objective: The objective of this paper is to provide understanding of various organs created by the Constitution including their functions.

Unit – I Union and State Executives Lectures-16
The Union and State Executives:
- The President – Election and Impeachment.
- The Governor in the State.
- The Council of Minister at the Union and State.
- Discretionary Powers and Immunities of the President/Governor,
- Power of Pardon and Ordinance Making Power of the Governor/President.
- The Vice-President. (Articles 52 to 78, 153 to 167, 361)

Unit-II Central and State Legislatures Lectures-15
Union Parliament and State Legislatures.
- Composition; Sessions, Qualification/Disqualification of Members etc. (Articles 79-104, 168-193)
- Legislative Procedure,
- Ordinary Bills, Money Bills, Ordinances (Articles 107-123, 169-123).
- Parliamentary Privileges (Articles 105-194)

Unit – III Supreme Court and High Court Lectures-18
The Judiciary in India: Independence of the Judiciary.
- The Supreme Court Appointment and Removal of Judges,
- Jurisdiction – Original, Appellate, Special Leave to Appeal,
- Advisory, Other Powers of the Court, Power of Contempt (Articles124-146)
- The High Court in the States:
- Appointment, Removal and Transfer of Judges, Power of Contempt (Articles 217-225)

Unit – IV Services and Some other Provisions Lectures-17
Services under the Union and State,
- Doctrine of Pleasure,
- Constitutional Safeguards to Civil Servants (Articles 309 to 323)
- Emergency Provisions (Articles 352 to 360)
- Amendment of the Constitution and Basic Structure Theory (Article 368).

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
15. Basu D. D: Shorter Constitution of India
20. Kagzi, M.C. Jain : The constitution of India
21. Rao, B. Shiva: The Framing of India’s Constitution
24. Deshta, Sunil: President’s Rule in the States
25. Nainta, R.P.: Governor under The Indian Constitution.
Objective: This paper focuses on understanding the introduction, basic principles and theories of Public Administration.

Unit-I  Introduction and Basic Principles of Organisation  Lectures-16


Unit-II  Theories and Administration  Lectures-16


Unit-III  Chief-Executive and Personnel Administration  Lectures-14

Chief-Executive: Line and Staff Agencies, Department, Public Corporation and Independent Regulatory Commission. Personnel Administration: Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Morale, Employer and Employer Relationship, Classification.

Unit-IV  Management, Citizen and Administration  Lectures-14


Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

2. Phadia, B.L. and Phadia, Kuldeep: Public Administrative / Administrative Theories & Concept.
Objective: This course is designed to introduce the students to the science of psychology. It identifies and defines the theories, terms, methods and various fields of psychology.

Unit-I  Introduction to General Psychology  Lectures-15

Definition and Scope of Psychology; Methods; Experimental Observation, Interview, Questionnaire and Case Study.

Unit-II  Perception and Learning  Lectures-18


Unit-III  Memory, Motivation and Emotion  Lectures-16

Emotion: Nature and Types.
Theories of Emotions: James- Lange, Cannon- Bard, Physiological Correlates

Unit-IV  Intelligence and Personality  Lectures-16

Intelligence: Nature, Two Factor and Multifactor Theories, Genetic and Environmental Influences, Measurement of Intelligence.
Personality: Nature, Types and Trait Approaches, Biological and Socio- Cultural Determinates.
Assessment of Personality.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Baron, P. S. and Byrne, D., Social Psychology Understanding Human Interaction.
### Objective:
The paper focuses on understanding the basic concept of the world Constitution and International and Regional Organisations.

#### Unit –I: Some of the Foreign Constitutions


#### Unit –II: United Nations

Principal Organs of the UN: General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Security Council, Secretariat, Trusteeship Council and International Court of Justice


Collective Security Mechanism

#### Unit –III: Contemporary Global Concerns

- Non-State Actors
- NGOs
- Inter-Governmental Organisations (IGOs): IMF, WTO, OPEC and OAU
- International Terrorism: Issues of Resources, Territorial Claims, Culture and Religion

#### Unit –IV: Regional Organisations

Regional Organization: Organization of American State (OAS), organization of African Unity (OAU), The Arab League, The South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation (SAARC), The Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) and European Union (EU) and their Role in International Relations.

Crisis in West Asia with Special Reference to Arab–Israel conflict.

#### Note:
The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

#### Suggested Readings:

2. Palmer and Perkins: International Relations, Scientific Calcutta
Objective: The objective of this paper is to focus on concept and classification of property as well as principles governing transfer of immovable property.

Unit-I  General Principles Relating to Transfer of Property  Lectures-18

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882- Interpretation Clause, Immovable Property, Attested, Registered, Actionable, Claim and Notice, Definition of Transfer of Property, Transferable Property, Untransferable Trust of Property, Competence to Transfer and Modes of Transfer, Conditional Transfer, Conditions Restraining Alienation, Restriction Repugnant to Interest Created, Transfer for Benefit of Unborn Person, Rules Against Perpetuity, Vested Interest and Contingent, Election and Appointment.

Unit-II  General Principles Governing Transfer of Immovable Property  Lectures-15

Restricted Covenants, Transfer by Ostensible Owner, Transfer by Unauthorized Person who Subsequently Acquires Interest, Guaranteed, Transfer, Improvements made by Person under Defective Title, Doctrine of Lis-pendens and Part Performance.

Unit – III  Specific Transfer-I  Lectures-16


Unit – IV  Specific Transfer-II  Lectures-16


Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
11. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882: Bare Act.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) Fifth Semester
Subject: Law of Crimes -II
Paper Code : LLB 505
Credits : 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This paper is to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of criminal courts and other machineries.

Unit – I: Definition and Constitution of Criminal Courts
Definition under Section 2.
Constitution and Powers of Criminal Courts and Offices,
Arrest, Escape and Re-Taking
Lectures-16

Unit – II: Procedure for Appearance and Production of Things
Process to Compel Appearance and Production of Thing and Discovery of Person Wrongfully Confined
Security for Keeping Peace and Good Behaviour
Lectures-15

Unit – III: Investigations and Commencement of Trial
Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquillity
Information to the Police and Their Powers to Investigate
Complaint to Magistrates and Commencement of Proceedings before Magistrate
Lectures-18

Unit – IV: Criminal Trial
Charge, Procedure for Framing Charge and Compilation of Charges,
Trial of Cases by Magistrate Summon and Warrant Case and Summary Trials and Provisions as to Bail and Bonds.
Lectures-16

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

3. Pranjape, M.B. ; Criminology and Penology.
9. Bare Act, Constitution of India.
10. Bare Act, Cr. P. C., 1973
Objective: This paper is to help a law student to acquire a thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of Civil Courts.

Unit-I: Introduction Lectures-15

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts, (Section 9)
Stay of Suits, Res-Judicata, (Sections 10-14)
Place of Suing, Transfer of Suits (Sections 15-25)
Joinder of Parties, Representative Suits, Splitting of Claims and Reliefs,
Joinder of Cause of Action (Order 1 and 2)
Summons to Defendants (Order 5)
Appearance of Parties, Ex-Parte Decree (Order 9 and 10)

Unit-II: General Provisions Lectures-18

Discovery and Inspection (Order 11)
Settlement of Issues (Orders 16, 17 and 19)
Hearing of Suits (Order 18)
Judgment and Decree (Order 20)
Awarding of Interest and Costs (Sections 34-35B)
Restitution, Inherent Powers of the Court (Sections 132-158)
Commissions (Sections 75-78, Order 26)
Suits Against Government (Sections 79-82)
Suits in Case of Minors, Indigent Persons (Order 32 and 33)
Inter Pleader Suits (Sections 88, Order 35)

Unit-III: Some Major Provisions Lectures-15

Supplementary Proceedings-Arrest and Attachment Before Judgment, Temporary Injunctions
Inter Locutory Orders, Appointment of Receivers (Sections 94-95, Order 38, 40).
Caveat (Section 148A)
Appeals- First and Second Appeal ; Procedure for Appeal (Sections 96,108, Order 411)
Reference, Review, Revision (Section 113-115, Order 46-47)
Execution- Basic Provision (Section 36-74)
Execution- Details (Order 21)

Unit-IV: The Limitation Act, 1963 Lectures-15

Limitation of Suits, Appeals and Applications (Sections 3-11)
Exclusion of Time (Sections 12-15)
Effects of Death, Fraud, Acknowledgement, Payment, etc. on Limitation (Sections 16-22)
Acquisitions of Ownership by Possession (Sections 25-27)

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Takwani, C.K.; Civil Procedure, Eastern Book Company
Objective: The objective of this paper is to make the student familiar with the Indian Administration.

Unit-I  Introduction to Indian Administration  Lectures-15

1. Socio- Economic Environment and Indian Administration.

2. Political Executive-President, Governor; Cabinet Composition, Role and Administrative Authority.

Unit-II  State and District Administration  Lectures-15

1. Structure of Administration-Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat; Role of the Chief Secretary.

2. District Administration- Role of Deputy Commissioner/ Divisional Commissioner.

Unit-III  Civil Services  Lectures-16

Public Services- All India Services; Central Services- Recruitment and the Role of UPSC; Training; Promotion; Employer- Employee relations with reference to Right to Strike; Generalist vs. Specialist; Commitment and Neutrality.

Unit-IV  Financial Administration  Lectures-15


2. Accountability: Central, Legislative and Judicial.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

2. Awasthi and Awasthi, Indian Administration Laxmi Nagar Agra.
4. Jain, R. S. Contemporary Issue in India Administration.
Objective: To develop a science attitude toward perceiving situations involving social interaction and effects on people.

Unit-I Introduction to Social Psychology Lectures-15


Unit-II Group Behaviour Lectures-15


Unit-III Communication and Inter-personal Attraction Lectures-15

2. Aggression: Determinate of Aggression; Prevention and Control of Aggression.

Unit-IV Social Behaviour and Statics Lectures-17

1. Pro-Social Behavior: Cooperation Help and Altruism; Bystander Effect. Theoretical Explanation for Prosocially Behavior; Social Cultural and Environmental Influences on Personality and Social Behavior.
2. Correlation: The Concept of Correlation Linear and Non-Linear Correlation, Pearson’s Product Moment Correlation.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
**Objective:** The paper is to provide insight into formation and winding up of Companies besides corporate administrations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit 1: Formation, Registration and Incorporation of Company</th>
<th>Lectures=15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Company: Meaning, Nature and Kinds of Companies, Company and other forms of business organisation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theory of Corporate Personality: Advantages and Disadvantages, Lifting of Corporate Veil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promoters: Position, Duties and liabilities, Pre-Incorporation Contracts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incorporation of Companies: Modes of Incorporation, Certificate of Incorporation and its consequences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memorandum of Association: Various clauses, Alteration and Doctrine of Ultra-vires</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Articles of Association: Contents, Alteration, Relation with Memorandum of Association, Doctrine of Constructive notice and Indoor Management</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit 2: Capital Formation</th>
<th>Lectures=17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prospectus: Definition, Contents, Kinds, Issues, Remedies for misrepresentation in Prospectus, Liability for Misstatements, Statements in lieu of Prospectus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The nature and classification of Company Securities: Shares; Allotment, Statutory Restrictions, Share Certificate and Share Transfer and Transmission of shares, Restrictions on transfer, Procedure for Transfer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share Capital; Kinds, Alteration and Reduction of Share Capital, Duty of court to protect interest of creditors and shareholders</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debentures: Meaning, Kinds, Charge-Floating and Fixed Charge, Remedies of debenture holder, Difference between share-holders and debenture-holders</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit 3: Corporate Administration</th>
<th>Lectures=18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Membership: Modes of acquiring membership, Cessation of Membership and Register of Members</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors: Position, Appointment, Qualifications, Disqualifications, Powers and Duties of Directors, Director Identification Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meetings: Kinds, Procedure and Noting-Notice, Quorum, Chairman, Proxies and Voting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance of Power within Companies: Majority control and minority protection and its exceptions Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement: Who can apply, Power of Court and Central Government</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging trends in Corporate Social Responsibility, Legal liability of the Company- Civil, Criminal, tortuous and environmental</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit 4: Winding up of Companies</th>
<th>Lectures=16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kinds, Consequences and reasons of Winding Up, Role of Courts in winding up of Company Liability of past members, Payment of liabilities, Reconstruction and Amalgamation Merger and Acquisition of Company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suggested Reading:**
2. Taxman’s Corporate Laws.
3. Singh, Avtar: Indian Company Law:
5. Palmer: Palmer’s Company Law
7. Grower: Principles of Modern Company Law
8. Penningtori, R.R.: Company Law
10. Taxman: Company Law
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Sixth Semester
Subject: Law of Evidence
Paper Code: LLB 604
Credits: 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This paper is to orient students with importance of evidence for establishment of claims and related rules and principles.

Unit – I: Introduction and Relevancy
Lectures-17
Preliminary (Sections 1-3)
May Presume, Shall Presume and Conclusive Proof (Section 4)
Relevancy of Facts (Sections 5-16)
Admissions (Sections 17-23, 31)
Confessions (Sections 24-30)

Unit – II: Some other Relevant Facts
Lectures-14
Statement by Persons Who Cannot be Called as Witnesses (Sections 32-33)
Statement Made under Special Circumstances (Sections 34-39)
Judgment of Courts of Justice When Relevant (Sections 40-41)
Opinion of Third Person When Relevant (Sections 45-51)

Unit – III: Evidence, Burden of Proof and Presumptions
Lectures-14
Oral Evidence (Sections 59-60)
Documentary Evidence (Sections 61-78)
Burden of Proof (Sections 101-110)
Presumption as to Certain Offences (Sections 111-114 A)

Unit – IV: Law of Estoppels and Witnesses
Lectures-16
Estoppels (Sections 115-117)
Witnesses, Privileged Communications (Sections 118-132)
Accomplice (Sections 133)
Examination of Witnesses
Number of Witnesses (Sections 134)
Examination-in-Chief, Cross-Examination, Re-examination,
Leading Questions

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Munir : Law of Evidence
5. Singh, Avtar : Evidence
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Sixth Semester

Subject: Public International Law

Paper Code : LLB 605
Credits : 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the basics of Public International Law and practice.

Unit-I: Introduction to Public International Law

Lectures-16

Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law
Sources of International Law- International Conventions, International Custom
General Principles of Law Recognized by Civilized States
Decisions of Judicial Tribunals, Juristic Works, Decisions or Determinations of Organs of United Nations
Relationship between International and Municipal Law.
Subjects of International Law: States, Individuals, Non-State Entities, Importance of Individuals under International Law

Unit-II: State

Lectures-16

Definition of State
State Jurisdiction
Recognition, Recognition of States, Governments, Insurgency and Belligerency, Theories, Modes of Recognition, Legal Effects
Acquisition and Loss of Territory- Occupation, Prescription, Accretion, Cession, Annexation, State Succession
Intervention.

Unit-III: Law of Sea, Air and Outer Space

Lectures-14

Law of Sea -Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf, Exclusive Economic Zone
Law of Air and Outer Space, Air Craft Hijacking under Air Law, Development of Outer Space Law.

Unit-IV: Settlement of International Disputes

Lectures-15

Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes-Negotiations, Mediation, Conciliation.
Good Offices, Arbitration, Judicial Settlements of Dispute under ICJ.
War and its Effects, Definition of War and Total War.
International Armed Conflict and Non International Conflict.
Effects of Outbreak of War, War Crimes, Prisoners of War.
Asylum.
Extradition.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Harris, D.J. : Cases and Material on International Law.
Objective: The purpose of this paper is to make students aware of various aspects of administrative law including quasi-Legislative, quasi-judicial and other ministerial functions of administration and control thereof. It also covers the Right to Information Act, 2005

Unit – I Nature and Scope of Administrative Law Lectures-15

Definition, Nature and Scope of Administrative Law, Conceptual Objections to the Growth of Administrative Law- Rule of Law, Separation of Powers
Administrative Discretion- Meaning, Need, and Judicial Control

Unit-II Legislative Functions of Administration Lectures-15

Delegated Legislation: Definition, Merits and Demerits, Constitutionality thereof; Parliamentary and Judicial Control of Delegated Legislation

Unit-III Judicial Functions of Administration and their Control Lectures-16

Principles of Natural Justice and their Exceptions- Rule against Bias, Concept of Fair Hearing
Judicial Review of Administrative Action Through Writs; Judicial Control Through Suits for Damages, Injunction and Declaration; Exclusion of Judicial Review.
Administrative Tribunals: Reasons for Their Growth, Characteristics, Jurisdiction and Procedure of Administrative Tribunals.
Ombudsman – Lokpal and Lokayukta

Unit-IV Right to Information Lectures-15

Right to Information under the Constitution and Judicial Approach in India
Right to Information and Obligations of Public Authorities
Role of Central Information Commission
State Information Commission
Powers and Functions of Information Commission
Appeals and Penalties
Critical Analysis of Right to Information Act, 2005.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Thakkar, C.K. : Administrative law
4. Sathe, S.P.: Administrative Law
5. Cann, Steven J: Administrative Law
7. Massey, I.P. : Administrative Law
8. Stott, David and Felix Alexandra: Principles of Administrative Law
9. Wade and Forsyth: Administrative Law
Objective: This paper is to make students understand the basics of Journalism and Mass Communication including its history, ethics and values.

Unit I: Origin of Print Media

Lectures-15
Definition of Journalism and Mass Communication, Types and Methods of Communication
Definition and Elements of News
Press Before and After Independence
Some Important Personalities: John Adam’s Press Regulations, Charles Metcalfe, Mahatma Gandhi and Raja Ram Mohan Roy.

Unit II: Press Code and Ethics of Journalism

Lectures-14
The Basic Concept and Objective of Press Codes and Ethics of Journalism

Unit III: Role and Responsibility of Press

Lectures-14
Role and Responsibility of the Press
Freedom of the Press, Issues of Privacy vs. Public Rights to Know and Right to Reply
Internal and External Pressures on the Press
Sensational and Yellow Journalisms

Unit IV: Basic Operations in Newspaper Design

Lectures-14
Suitability of various Printing Processes for Newspapers and Magazines
Principles of Newspaper Design
Type Design, Page Make Up, Graphics and Photograph
Importance of White Space, Continuation of Copy, Optical Centre

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. Parthasarthy: The History of Journalism in India.
Objective: This paper focuses on various aspects of management of labour relation and Dispute Settlement Bodies.

Unit – I Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 Lectures-15
Scope, Object and Definition, Concept of Industry, Industrial Disputes, Workman: Work Committee, Labour Court, Industrial and National Tribunal, Voluntary Reference of Disputes to Arbitration, Strikes and Lock-Outs, Lay off and Retrenchment.

Unit-II Law Relating to Trade Unions Lectures-14
Right to form Trade Unions as Recognised under International Law and Indian Constitution.
Trade Unions Act, 1926- Definition of Trade Union, Legal Status of Registered Trade Unions, Incorporation and Registration of Trade Unions, Cancellation of Registration, Rights, Liabilities and Duties of Registered Trade Unions, Privileges, Immunities of Registered Trade Unions and Dissolution of Registered Trade Union.

Unit – III Law on Compensation to Workmen Lectures-15

Unit – IV Factories Act, 1948 Lectures-15

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
40. Srivastava, K.D.: Disciplinary Actions Against Industrial Employees and its Remedies.
41. Srivastava, K.D: Law Relating to Trade Unions in India.
42. Soonavala, J.K.: Supreme Court on Industrial Law.
46. Trade Unions Act, 1926.
47. Workmen’s Compensation Act, 1936.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Seventh Semester  
Subject: Business Law  

Paper Code : LLB 703  
Credits : 4  
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70  
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This paper is to provide understanding about the important statutes governing transfer of property in goods and negotiable instruments.

Unit – I  Sale of Goods Act, 1930  
Lectures – 13

Concept of Sale, Contract of Labour and Work, Formation of Contract. (Sections 4-10)  
Sale and Agreement to Sell, Conditions and Warranties including implied conditions and warranties (Sections 11-17)  
Transfer of Property in Goods and Titles (Section 18-30)  
Passing of Risk, C.I.F. Contracts F.O.B. Contracts and Ex-ship Contracts, Performance of Contracts (Section 31-44)  
Right of Unpaid Seller Against the Goods- Right to Lien, Right of Stoppage of Goods in Transit, Right of Re-Sale (Sections 45-54)  
Remedies for Breach of Contract

Unit – II  Negotiable Instruments Act, 1981  
Lectures – 10

Definition, Essential Kinds of Negotiable Instruments  
Holder and Holder in Due Course  
Negotiation and Assignment

Unit – III  Negotiable Instruments: Presentation and Liability  
Lectures– 11

Presentation of Negotiable Instruments  
Crossing of Cheques  
Discharge From Liability  
Noting and Protest  
Dishonour of Negotiable Instruments

Unit – IV  Partnership Act, 1932  
Lectures-16

Nature of Partnership  
Essentials of Partnership (Sections 4-8)  
Partnership Compared with Co-ownership, Company, Joint Hindu Family Business; Relations of Partners to One Another (Sections 9-17)  
Relations of Partners to Third Parties including the Principle of “Holding Out.”  
Minor Admitted to the Benefit of the Partnership (Sections 18-30)  
Incoming and Outgoing Partners (Sections 31-38)  
Dissolutions of Firms- Meaning and Scope, Modes of Dissolutions, Effects of Dissolutions (Sections 39-55)  
Registration of Firm and Effects of Non-Registration (Sections 56-71)

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

2. Bhashyam and Adiga : Law of Negotiable Instruments  
5. Benjamin : Sale of Goods  
7. Aithayah : Sale of Goods
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint students with various modes of ADR.

Unit – I
Introduction

Aims and Objectives of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996;
Definitions (Section 2-6)
Concept of Arbitration and Arbitration Agreement (section 7-9),
Composition of Arbitral Tribunal and its Jurisdiction (Sections 10-17)

Lectures – 12

Unit – II

Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings, termination of Proceeding and making of
Arbitral Award (Section 18-33),
Legal Recourse against Arbitral Award, Finality, Appeal and Enforcement of
Award (Sections 34-37)
New York Convention Sections 44-52
Geneva Convention (Section 53-60)

Lectures – 10

Unit – III

Conciliation (Section 61-81)
Commencement of Conciliation Proceedings,
Appointment and Role of Conciliators, Settlement Agreement and Effect thereof,
Termination of conciliation Proceedings, Costs and Deposits etc.
Concept of Negotiation and Mediation Distinction between Arbitration,
Conciliation, Negotiation and Mediation

Lectures – 10

Unit- IV

Legal Services Authority Act, 1987:
National Legal Services Authority – Its composition and Functions
State Legal Services Authority – Its composition and functions,
Entitlement to Legal Services
Lok Adalats, Composition, Powers Jurisdiction, Procedure, Award of Lok Adalat
Permanent Lok Adalat

Lectures – 10

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean
Faculty of Law or his / her Nominee and Director / Principal of the Institute or his / her
Nominee.

Text books:
1. Deshta, Sunil: Lok Adalats in India
3. Saraf, B.P.and Junjhanwala, S.M: Law of Arbitration and ADR in India
5. Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 as amended from time to time.
9. Rao, P.C. and Sheffield, William: Alternative Disputes Resolution-what it is and How it
   works? (1997) Universal, Delhi
Objective: The objective of this paper is to impart knowledge about the role of ICRC in development of International Humanitarian Law through IV Geneva Conventions and also to impart knowledge related to organisations working for the betterment of Refugees.

Unit –I Concept of Humanitarian Law Lectures- 18

Origin of International Humanitarian Law
Development of International Humanitarian Law
ICRC and its Role in Development of International Humanitarian Law
Concept and Principles of “jus in bello”
Concept and Principle of “jus ad bellum”
Doctrine of Military Necessity and Principle of Humanity
Concept of Civilian and Combatants and Distinction Between Civilian and Combatants

Unit-II The Geneva Conventions Lectures-20

The Geneva Convention-1 Protection and Care of Wounded and Sick Members of Armed Forces in Field
The Geneva Convention-2 Protection and Care of Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea
The Geneva Convention-3 The Treatment of Prisoners of War
The Geneva Convention-4 Protection of Civilians

Unit-III International Humanitarian Law and ICJ Lectures-17

Implementation and Enforcement of International Humanitarian Law under International Criminal Court and International Criminal Tribunal
Limits and Choice of Means and Methods of Warfare
Specific Weapons and Their Impact
  Impact of Chemical Weapons
  Impact of Biological Weapons
  Impact of Nuclear Weapons
ICJ advisory opinion on Nuclear Weapon

Unit-IV The Refugee Law Lectures-17

The 1951 UN Convention Related to the Status of Refugees
The 1967 Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugee
Role of UN High Commissioner for Refugees
International Refugee Organisation

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Calier, Jean Yves: Who is a Refugee; A Comparative Case Law Study.
**Objective:** To impart knowledge about the development of International Criminal Law through Charters and Codes. Role of International Organisations such as ICC, International Criminal Tribunal etc. in the prevention of international crimes and to impart knowledge about international problems related to drug trafficking and terrorism and mechanisms to control these problems

**Unit-I**  
**Introduction To International Criminal Law**  
Lectures-18  

**Unit-II**  
**Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Drug Related Offenses and Terrorism**  
Lectures-18  
Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Drug Related Offenses - Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, Convention on Psychotropic Substances, Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, United Nations International Drug Control Programme  
Law Enforcement- ICPO-Interpol Constitution and General Regulations

**Unit-III**  
**International Court of Justice**  
Lectures-15  
Role of International Court of Justice, International Criminal Court, Criminal Tribunals, Regional Courts, National Courts  
ICC-Rome Statute, Its Functions and Role in Administration of Criminal Justice

**Unit-IV**  
**War Crimes**  
Lectures-16  

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
1. Charter of the International Military Tribunal  
4. Draft Declaration on Rights and Duties of States
5. Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances,
6. Convention on Psychotropic Substances
7. Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs
8. United Nations International Drug Control Programme
9. International Convention against the Taking of Hostages
10. International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism,
11. International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings
12. International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism
13. Convention of the Organization of the Islamic Conference on Combating International Terrorism
14. European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism, Inter-American Convention Against Terrorism
15. OAS Convention to Prevent and Punish Acts of Terrorism Taking the Form of Crimes against Persons and Related Extortion that are of International Significance,
16. OAU Convention on the Prevention and Combating of Terrorism, SAARC Regional Convention on Suppression of Terrorism,
17. Treaty on Cooperation among States Members of the Commonwealth of Independent States in Combating Terrorism
18. Rome Statute
19. Websites of various international bodies dealing with international crime
Objective: The object of this paper is to impart knowledge about the International Labour Organizations and Labour Laws.

Unit-I  Introduction  Lectures-15
ILO- and Objectives, Origin and History,

Unit-II  International Labour Organization-I  Lectures-15
Constitution of ILO and Declaration of Philadelphia
Establishment- International Labour Conference, Governing Body, International Labour Office

Unit-III  International Labour Organization-II  Lectures-15
The ILO Century Project 1919-2019
International Labour Standards

Unit-IV  Labour Laws  Lectures-15
Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951
Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957
Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964
Tripartite Consultation (International Labour Standards) Convention, 1976
Termination of Employment Convention, 1982 .

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Official Website of International Labour Organisation
2. International Labour Conventions
**Objective:** The paper introduces comparative law to the LL.B. student. It focuses on the civil and common law traditions and comparative approaches to law, while introducing other legal traditions and discussing trends of convergence, reconciliation and transitions in legal traditions and approaches.

**Unit-I. Introduction**

- The Concept and Province of Comparative Law
- Origin and Development of Comparative Law
- Functions and Aims of Comparative Law

**Unit-II. Better Lawyers and Laws Through Comparative Study**

- Value/Practical Utility of the Study of Comparative Law
- A Tool in the Hands of the Legislators
- Law Reform Agencies and Comparative Law
- Legal Education and Comparative Law

**Unit-III. Comparative Law and International Understandings**

- Transcendental Values
- International Commercial Contracts
- UNESCO and Comparative Law
- Comparative Legal Approaches
  - Capitalist
  - Socialist
  - Third World

**Unit-IV The Mechanism of Unification, Coordination and Minimum Standards**

- Nature and Characteristics of Unified Law
- Unification of Laws
- Coordination of Laws
- Minimum Standards.

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
1. Gutteridge, H. C.: Comparative Law
2. Indian Law Institute: An Introduction to the Study of Comparative Law.
3. Tondon, M.P., Comparative
Objective: The paper aims at creating awareness as to importance and role of women in society through the medium of law. It also focuses on women welfare laws.

Unit - I
Introduction
Lectures – 14
Status of Women in India
Status and Position of Women in Abroad
Constitution of India and Women
Preamble
Equality Provisions

Unit – II
Personal Laws and Women
Lectures – 14
Unequal Position of Women – Different Personal Laws and Directive Principles of State Policy
Uniform Civil Code towards Gender Justice
Sex Inequality in Inheritance
Guardianship

Unit – III:
Criminal Laws and Women
Lectures – 15
Adultery
Rape
Outraging Modesty
Domestic Violence

Unit – IV:
Women Welfare Laws
Lectures – 15
The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994
Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1987
Family Courts Act, 1984
The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005
Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the election laws governing the elections to the Houses of the Parliament and the State legislatures as well as to the offices of President and Vice-President.

Unit – I: Introduction
- a. Election: Meaning and Process
- b. Constitutional Mandate
- c. Laws Governing Elections
- d. Election Disputes
- e. Election to the Offices of the President and Vice-President

Unit –II: (A) Election Commission
- a. Composition
- b. Functions
- c. Powers

(B) Delimitation of Constituencies
(C) Preparation and Revision of Electoral Rolls

Unit-III: (A) Qualifications and Disqualifications of Candidates
- Constitutional and Statutory Provisions

(B) Disqualifications of Sitting Members
(C) Nomination and Candidature

(D) Voters Right to Information
- Anti-Defection Law (Tenth Schedule to the Constitution of India)

Unit – IV: (A) Corrupt Practices in the Election Law
(B) Electoral Offences

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: This paper is to make students understand the basics of advertising and public relations including history of electronic media, media organisations and media laws.

Unit-I  Advertising Public Relation and Electronic Media  Lectures-16

History of Electronic Media
Growth and Development of Radio and Television in India, Code and Ethics for Radio and Television.
Advertising
  Definition, Types
  Advertisement Medium
  Functions of Advertising
Public Relation
  Definition, Public in Public Relation, Importance of Public Relation
  Public Relation Officers, Qualities and Duties

Unit-II  Media Organisations  Lectures-18

Press Institute of India
Audit Bureau of Circulation
Indian Newspapers Society
Editors Guild of India
Press Information Bureau
Directorate of Advertising Visual Publicity (DAVP)

Unit-III  Media Laws-I  Lectures-18

Law of Defamation under Indian Penal Code, 1860
Officials Secrets Act, 1923: Relevant Provisions
Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867

Unit-IV  Media Laws-II  Lectures-18

Prasar Bharti (Broadcasting Organisation of India) Act, 1990
Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995,

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Denis, McQueen, MASS Communication Theory, New Delhi, Sage Publication, 2000.
7. Parthasarthy, Rangaswami: The History of Journalism in India
10. Saksena, Gopal: Television in India: Changes and Challenges
11. Luthra, HR: Indian Broadcasting
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Eighth Semester
Subject: Interpretation of Statutes

Paper Code: LLB 802
Credits: 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The paper is to equip the students with various tools of Interpretation of Statute.

Unit – I Principles and Methods of Interpretation Lectures-15
Statute – Meaning, Nature and Classification,
Interpretation: History, Meaning and Object of Interpretation,
Elementary Principles of Interpretation and Construction of Statutes,
Maxims of Statutory Interpretation:
- Ejusdem Generis
- Noscitur A Sociis
- Expressio Unius est exclusion alterius
- Ut res magis valeat quam pereat
- Contemporanea expositio

Unit-II Methods of Interpretation Lectures-15
- Literal Meaning Rule
- Golden Rule
- The Mischief Rule
- Harmonious Construction of Statutes
- Literal and Beneficial Construction

Unit – III Internal and External Aids to Interpretation Lectures-15
Internal Aids to Construction of Statutes –
- Short Title, Long Title, Preamble, Marginal Notes, Headings,
- Definition of Interpretation Clauses, Provisions, Illustrations, Explanations
- Provisos, Exceptions and Saving Clauses,
- Punctuations Marks and Schedules.
External Aids to Interpretation –
- Dictionaries, Text Books,
- Historical Background, Legislative History
- Use of Foreign Decisions,
- Administrative Conveyancing and Commercial Practice.
- Statute and Pari Materia.

Unit – IV Interpretation of Specific Statutes Lectures-15
Remedial and Penal Statutes- Meaning and Distinction, Liberal Construction of Penal Statutes,
Strict Construction of Penal Statutes,
Interpretation of Taxing Statutes- General Principles, Strict Construction and Evasion of Statutes
Interpretation of Constitution:
- Doctrine of Pith and Substance
- Doctrine of Colourable Legislation
- Doctrine of Sovereignty
- Doctrine of Eclipse

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions
with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Langan, P. St. J. : Maxwell on The Interpretation of Statutes.
2. Sarathi, V.P. : Interpretation of Statutes (EBC).
3. Edgar, S.G.G. : Craies on Statute Law
**Core Subject**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Eighth Semester</th>
<th>Paper Code : LLB 803</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject: Labour Law and Industrial Laws-II</td>
<td>Credits : 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Max. Marks:**

| External/Theory: | 70 |
| Internal/Clinical: | 30 |

**Objective:** This paper is to focus on wage policies, compensation for learn caused during the course of employment and working conditions of employees with special reference to women and children.

### Unit – I

**Law Relating to Payment of Wages**

- Payment of Wages Act, 1936 - Object and Scope, Definitions, Payment of Wages and Authorised Deduction, Authorities, Penalties for Offences.
- Minimum Waged Act, 1948 - Object and Scope, Definitions, Procedure for Fixation of Minimum Wages, Revision and Payment Thereof, Authorities under the Act, Offences and Penalties.

### Unit II

**Employees Provident Fund, Bonus and Gratuity**

- Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 - Scope, Objective, Provisions for Payment of Bonus, Reference of Disputes, Offences and Penalties.

### Unit III

**Labour Laws and Women**

- Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 - Objective and Scope, Maternity Benefits and Other Benefits, Inspector’s Powers and Duties, Penalties for Contravention.

### Unit IV

**Protection of Children under Labour Laws**


**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

- Paul, Meenu: Labour and Industrial Laws.
- Srivastava, S.C: Social Security and Labour Laws.
- Soonavala, J.K.: Supreme Court on Industrial Law.
Objective: The paper aims to imbue students with the importance of Ethics in Legal profession. It also focuses on Court craft as part of Legal Profession.

Unit I  Legal Profession and Its Ethics  Lectures-15

Evolution, Development and Nature of Legal Profession in USA, England, France and India.
Meaning of Ethics and Professional Ethics
Object and Necessity of Legal Ethics
Duties of Advocates
  Towards Court
  Towards Client
  Towards Opponent
  Towards His Profession
  Towards Society
  Towards Himself

Unit II  The Advocates Act, 1961  Lectures-15

Introduction
Admission and Enrolment of Advocates in State Bar Council and Bar Council of India.
State Bar Council: Composition and Powers
Bar Council of India: Composition and Powers.
Rights, Privileges and Disabilities of Advocates under Advocates Act.
Opinions of Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils on Professional Misconduct.
Bar-Bench Relations
Legality of Lawyers Strike in Right–Duty Discourse

Unit III  Advocacy and Accountancy  Lectures-14

Meaning of Advocacy
Elements of Advocacy
Equipments of Advocates
Seven Lamps of Advocacy
Accountancy for Lawyers

Unit IV  Contempt of Court Act, 1971  Lectures-15

Meaning and Kinds of Contempt
Procedure in Contempt Proceedings
  Contempt Proceedings in High Court and Supreme Court.
  Contempt Proceedings in Lower Judiciary
Punishment for Contempt of Court
Ten Landmark Supreme Court Judgments on Contempt of Court

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his / her Nominee and Director / Principal of the Institute or his / her Nominee.

Essential Case Law:
5. Advocate General Bihar v. Patna High Court, 1986 (2) SCC 577.
10. In the matter of ‘P’ an Advocate, AIR 1963 SC 1313.

Suggested Readings:
1. Deshtta, Sunil and Deshtta, Kiran : Practical Advocacy of Law
2. Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer’s book on "Advocacy"
3. The Contempt of Court Act, 1971
4. The Advocates Act, 1961
5. Iyer, P. Ramanatha: Legal and Professional Ethics
Objective: The objective of this paper is to learn the rights related to the inventions and to impart knowledge about the Intellectual property vested in the Biological Diversity Act, 2002.

Unit I: Patent Rights: General Aspects
Origin and Development
The International Regime for Patent Rights Protection
National Regime for Patent Rights
TRIP’s and Indian Patent (Amendment) Act, 2005
Meaning and Concept of Patents
Indian Patents Act, 1970
Patentable and Non-Patentable Products
Duration of Patent
Patents Authorities
Register of Patents

Unit II: Rights of Patentee and Traditional Knowledge
Rights and Obligations of a Patentee
Transfer of Patent Rights
Surrender and Revocation of Patents
Suits for Infringement and Appeals to Appellate Board
Traditional Knowledge: Its Protection and Traditional Knowledge Digital Library (TKDL)

Unit III: Biological Diversity Protection and Related Legislations
Meaning of and Need for Biological Diversity
Convention on Biological Diversity, 1992
The Forest Act, 1927 and Forest Conservation Act, 1980
The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
Environment Protection Act, 1986
Patents Act, 1970 as Amended under TRIPS Obligations
The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmer’s Rights Act, 2001

Unit IV: Biological Diversity Act, 2002
Salient Features: Conservation of Biological Diversity, Sustainable Use of Its Component, Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits
Regulation and Access to Biological Diversity
National Biodiversity Authority (NBA) and State Biodiversity Board (SBB)
Biodiversity Management Committees (BMC’s) and Local Biodiversity Fund
Duties of Central and State Governments.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: To impart knowledge about the development of the concept of intellectual properties through conventions and agreements and to impart knowledge about intellectual properties in Copy Right, Trade Mark and Designs.

Unit-I  Origin and Development of Intellectual Property and Copyright

Lectures-17
Origin and Development of Intellectual Property, Concept of Property Meaning, Concept and Nature of Copyright Important Provisions Related To Protection of Copyright Under Berne Convention, Universal Copyright Convention, Rome Convention TRIPS and WIPO Copyright Treaty WIPO Performers and Phonograms Treaty

Unit –II  History of Copyright in India and Copyright Act, 1957

Lectures-17
History of Copyright Law in India Copyright Act, 1957 Definition of Copyright, Copyright Office and the Copyright Board Ownership of Copyright and the Rights of the Owners, Broadcasting Organizations and Performers, Term of Copyright and Licences Copyright Societies and International Copyright Registration of Copyright, Infringement of Copyright and Civil Remedies Offences and Appeals

Unit-III  Origin and Development of Trade Mark and the Trade Mark Act, 1999

Lectures-17
Origin, Development and Concept of Trade Mark International Conventions on Trade Mark Madrid Agreement Origin and Development of Indian Law on Trade Marks The Trade Mark Act, 1999 Definition of Trade Mark, Characteristics, Functions and Term of Trade Mark Registration of Trademark and Authorities under the Trade Mark Act Rights of Trade Mark Holders, Assignment and Transmission of Trade marks Service Marks, Collective Marks, Certification Trade Marks, Well Known Trademark and Internet Domain Name Infringement and Passing Off Action in Trade Mark Legal Remedies Against Infringement and Passing Off a Trade Mark

Unit-IV  The Design Act, 2000

Lectures-15
Development of Design Law in India Definition of Design, Registration of Design and Authorities under the Act Term of Design, Rights of Design Holders Infringement of Design, Legal Remedies

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883;
2. Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886;
3. Indian Copyright Act, 1957;
4. Indian Patents Act, 1970;
5. Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, 1994 (the TRIPS Agreement);
6. Indian Trademarks Act, 1999;
Objective: The object of this paper is to discuss the causative factors of crime and treatment of criminals and victims.

Unit – I  Understanding Crime  Lectures– 15
Crime: Definition and Concept
Causal Approaches to Explanations and Difficulties of Applications of Casual Analysis to Human Behaviour

Unit – II  Deviations  Lectures – 16
Legislation, Treatment, Judicial Approach
Socio-Economic Crimes
White-Collar Crimes, Drug Abuse
Alternatives to imprisonment
Parole
Concept, Meaning, Provisions under the Indian Law
Probation Reformatory Approach towards Crime, Post Sentencing Measures
Concept and Utility of Probation, The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958:
Definition and Powers of Courts, Probation Officer and his Duties (Sections 13-15)

Unit – III  Punishment  Lectures – 17
Theories of Punishment: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive and Reformative
Prison Reform and the Judicial Response
Kinds of Punishment (i) Fine, (ii) Imprisonment (iii) Death Penalty (iv) Internment.
Prison System
Police System

Unit – IV  Victimology  Lectures – 17
Victimology, Victim Support and Allied Disciplines
Compensation, Restitution, Assistance and Rehabilitation
Rights of Victims of Crime
Criminal-Victim Relations

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Winslow, Robert and Zhang, S. : Criminology a Global Perspective.
7. Frank: Criminology Today: An Integrative Introduction.
8. Schmalleger: Criminology.
10. Taft, Donald: Criminology.
**Objective:** This paper aims at creating awareness about laws which are meant for prevention of socio-economic offences.

**Unit – Introduction**

Lectures-13

Definition and Classification of Crimes
Nature and Extent of Social and Economic Offences in India
Relevance of Mens Rea in Social and Economic Offences
Methods to Check Social and Economic Offences

**Unit-II Socio-Economic Offences-I**

Lectures-16

Salient Features of The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
The Essential Commodities Act, 1955
The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
Laws on Maintenance of Standards of Weights and Measures

**Unit-III Socio-Economic Offences-II**

Lectures-14

The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012
The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
The Indian Stamp Act, 1899.
The Court Fee Act, 1870.

**Unit-IV Socio-Economic Offences-III**

Lectures-14

The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention and Atrocities) Act, 1989,
Pre-natal Diagnostics Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994
The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005.

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
2. The Essential Commodities Act, 1955
3. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
4. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
5. The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
7. The Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention and Atrocities) Act, 1989
9. The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005
11. Prasad, Sarjoo: Essential Commodities Act
12. Kataria and Saeed: Law relating to Prevention of Immoral Traffic
14. Choudhry, R.N.: Crimes Against Women
16. Singh, Indira Jai: Prenatal and Pre- Conception Diagnostics Techniques
17. Das, P.K.: Protection of Women from Domestic Violence
### Objective
In this paper students will be taught about functioning of the Banks and various provisions regarding bank frauds with the detailed study of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1935.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – I</th>
<th>Introduction</th>
<th>Lectures-12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Historical Development of Banking Institutions in India</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relationship of Banker and Customer</td>
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<td>Special classes of Customer</td>
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<td>Nature and Type of Accounts</td>
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<td>Obligation to Maintain Secrecy.</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – II</th>
<th>The Banking Regulation Act, 1949</th>
<th>Lectures-13</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Definitions</td>
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<td>Business of Banking Companies</td>
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<td>Control over Management</td>
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<td>Regulation Regarding Share Capital</td>
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<tr>
<td>Suspension of Business and Winding up of Banking Companies</td>
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<td>Balance Sheet, Audit and Inspection, New Technology</td>
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<td>Use of Internet</td>
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<td>Smart Cards, Credit Cards</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – III</th>
<th>Banking Securities and Bank Frauds</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Banking Securities</td>
<td>Pledge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hypothecation</td>
<td>Charge</td>
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<td>Lien and Mortgage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bank Frauds</td>
<td>Definition</td>
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<tr>
<td>Classification of Frauds and Action required by Banks</td>
<td>Definition</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fraud Prone areas in different accounts</td>
<td>Saving Bank Accounts, Current Accounts</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thefts, Burglary</td>
<td>Fraud in Cases of Advances</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fraud in cases of Remittances and Preventive Measures.</td>
<td>Fraud in cases of Remittances and Preventive Measures.</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – IV</th>
<th>Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reserve Bank as Banker to the State/Central Government</td>
<td>Reserve Bank as Banker to the State/Central Government</td>
<td>Reserve Bank as Banker to the State/Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organisational Structure of Reserve Bank of India</td>
<td>Organisational Structure of Reserve Bank of India</td>
<td>Organisational Structure of Reserve Bank of India</td>
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<tr>
<td>Legal Status, Powers and Functions of Reserve Bank of India</td>
<td>Legal Status, Powers and Functions of Reserve Bank of India</td>
<td>Legal Status, Powers and Functions of Reserve Bank of India</td>
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<tr>
<td>Banking Ombudsman</td>
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</table>

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
Objective: The objective of this course is to highlight the concept of equity, various equitable maxims as well as trust obligations.

Unit-I  Nature and Scope of Equity  Lectures-12

Concept of Equity Definition, Nature and Origin of Equity, Equity as a Court of Conscience, Transformation of Equity, the Relation Between Common Law and Equity, Judicature Acts of 1873 and 1875, the Nature of Equitable Rights, Classification of Equitable Rights

Unit-II  Equitable Doctrine and Maxims  Lectures-12

Equitable Doctrines: Conversion and Reconversion, Election, Performance and Satisfaction; The Maxims of Equity – Equity will not Suffer a Wrong to be Without a Remedy; Equity Follows the Law; Where Equities are Equal, the Law Shall Prevail; Where Equities are Equal, First in Time Shall Prevail.

Unit-III  Maxims of Equity  Lectures-12

He who seeks Equity must do Equity; He who comes to Equity must come with Clean Hands; Delay Defeats Equity; Equality is Equity; Equity Looks to the Intent Rather than to the Form; Equity Looks on that as done which ought to have been done; Equity Imputes an Insertion to Fulfil an Obligation; Equity Acts in Personam.

Unit-IV  The Indian Trust Act, 1882  Lectures-12

Definition (Section 3): Creation of Trusts Rules (Sections 4-10); Duties and Liabilities of the Trustees (Sections 11-30); Public and Private Trusts and Doctrine of Cypru. Rights, Powers and Liabilities of Trustees (Sections 31-45); Disabilities of Trustees (Sections 46-54); Rights, Powers and Liabilities of Beneficiaries (Sections 55-69); Vacating the Office of Trustee and Extinction of Trusts (Sections 70-79).

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Gandhi, B.M: Equity, Trust and Specific Relief.
Objective: The object of this paper is to train students in the art of drafting both for court purposes as well as for other legal forums.

Unit – I    Drafting    Lectures-8

Concept of Drafting
General Principles of Drafting and the Relevant Substantive Rules Thereof.

Unit – II   Pleading in Civil Matters    Lectures/Practicals-18

History of Pleadings
Meaning of Pleadings
Subsequent Pleadings
Alternative Pleadings
Functions and Objects of Pleadings
Plaint
Written Statement
Interlocutory Application
Original Petition
Affidavit
Execution Petition.

Unit – III   Pleading in other matters    Lecture/Practical-18

Petition under Articles 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India
Memorandum of Appeal and Revision,
Complaints
Criminal Miscellaneous Petition
Bail Application
Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

Unit – IV    Conveyancing    Lecture/Practical-20

Fundamental Rules of Conveyancing
Sale Deed
Mortgage Deed
Lease Deed
Licence
Gift Deed
Promissory Note
Power of Attorney: General and Special
Wills and Codicils
Trust deed
Partition deed
Partnership Deed
Deed of Dissolution of Partnership

The Course will include 15 exercises in drafting carrying a total of 45 marks and 15 exercises in Conveyancing carrying another 45 marks, (3 marks for each exercise).

The remaining 10 marks will be given in a viva voce examination which will test the understanding of legal practice in relation to Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing.

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his / her Nominee and Director / Principal of the Institute or his / her Nominee.

Suggested Readings:
1. Mogha’s Law of Pleadings in India.
ELECTIVE/OPTIONAL

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Ninth Semester

Subject: Human Rights Law

Paper Code : LLB 904(a)
Credits : 4
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

| Objective: | The objective of this course is to lay the foundation of the Human Rights law and acquaint the students with basic human rights institutions. |

Unit – I Introduction


Unit – II UN Charter and Human Rights

Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948
Covenants of 1966
Optional Protocols

Unit – III Human Rights under the Constitution and Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

Fundamental Rights
Directive Principles of State Policy
Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

Unit – IV Role of Judiciary and Group Rights

NHRC: Its Constitution, Functions and Powers
NGOs
Prisoners
Women and Children
Indigenous People
Differently Abled Person/Specially Abled Person

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. Deshta, Sunil and Singh, Partap: Human Rights in India.
6. UN Charter.
Objective: This paper focuses on various aspects of health care law including the constitutional perspective, obligations and negligence of medical professionals and remedies available to consumers of health care.

Unit – I Medicine and Healthcare Lectures – 11

Healthcare as an Issue at the National and International Level
Constitutional Provisions
 Right to Health as a Fundamental Right
 Remedies Available under the Indian Constitution
 Right to Health vis-à-vis the Right to Confidentiality
 Access to Medical Records

Unit – II Professional Obligations of Doctors Lectures – 14

Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994
Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994
International Code of Medical Ethics
Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970
Dentists Act, 1948
The Homeopathy Central Council Act, 1973
The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940

Unit – III Medical Negligence Lectures – 12

Ingredients
 Role of Consent in Medical Practice
 Error of Judgment and Gross Negligence
 Wrongful Diagnosis and Negligent Diagnosis

Unit – IV Remedies for Medical Negligence Lectures – 10

Constitution of India
Law of Torts
Law of Crimes
Consumer Protection Law

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Malik, Vijay: Drug and Cosmetic Act, 1940
2. Kaushal, Anoop K.: Medical Negligence and Legal Remedies
3. Singh, Jagdish: Medical Negligence Compensation
4. Dutta, B.K.: Drug Control
Objective: The objective of this paper is to provide an understanding of basic concepts of poverty and development and their relationship with law.

Unit – I: Understanding Poverty and Development Lectures-14

The Concept of Poverty: Who are the Poor? The Extent of Poverty, Identification and Measurement of Indian Poverty, Issues Relating Poverty in India. The Debate on ‘Crossing of the Poverty Line’, Constitutionality of Criteria of Poverty Line as a Basis of State Action, the Determinants of Impoverishment Versus Legal System.

Unit – II: Anti-Poverty Programmes Lectures-16

Development: Perspective, Developmental Index.

Unit – III: Criminal Justice System and The Poor Lectures-16

Legal System and the Poor: Criminal Law and the Poor, Anti-Poor Biases of the Criminal Justice System, Treatment of the Poor by Police, Poor and Right to Die: Prosecution of the Poor for Attempt to Suicide, Right to Bail, The Problem of Poor Under-Trials, Compensation to Victims of Crime Especially to the Impoverished in Communal Riots or Civil Disturbances, Sentencing Versus Poverty Legal Assistance to the Poor.

Unit – IV: Impoverishment of Women and Disabled Persons Lectures-14

Women, Poverty and the Law: Gender Discrimination Versus Poverty, Atrocities Against Women, Rape, Sexual Assault including Custodial Rape, Trafficking in Women, Devadasi System, Sati, dowry, Property Rights.
Deprivations of Women under Family Laws
Problems of Women Workers in Organised and unorganised Sectors.
Approaches to Disability and Rights of the Disabled Persons.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: The object of this paper is to impart knowledge about the Local Self-Government and their functioning.

Unit – I Introduction Lectures-15

Genesis and Importance of Panchayati Raj Institutions, Article 40, Part IX (Articles 243 to Article 243-O), Eleventh Schedule of the Indian Constitution, 73rd and 74th Amendment of the Constitution of India

Unit-II Constitutional Provisions and Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 Lectures-18

Part IXA of the Constitution of India (Article 243P-243X) - Definition, Constitution, Composition of Municipalities, Ward Committees, Reservation of Seats, Duration of Municipalities, Disqualifications of Members, Powers, Authority and Responsibilities of Municipalities
The Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 - Constitution and Functions of Municipality, Municipal Fund and Property, Procedure for Assessing Immovable Property

Unit-III Municipal Committees, Municipal Police Lectures-16

Constitution of Municipal Committees, Municipal Police, Powers for Sanitary and Other Purposes, Offences and Prosecution, By Laws, Appeal from Orders

Unit-IV H.P. Panchayati Raj Acts and Rules Lectures-18

H.P. Panchayati Raj (Finance, Budget, Accounts, Audit, Works, Taxation and Allowances) Rules, 2002

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. The Constitution of India
2. 73rd and 74th amendment to the Constitution.
3. The Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994: Bare Act
4. H. P. Panchayati Raj Act, 1994: Bare Act
5. H. P. Panchayati Raj (General) Rules, 1997
**Objective:** The object is to give knowledge about the origin and development of the concept of corporate governance and also about the need of developing laws on corporate governance.

**Unit –I:** **Conceptual Framework of Corporate Governance**
- Lectures-14
- Introduction, Need and Scope
- Evolution of Corporate Governance
- Developments in India
- Developments in Corporate Governance - A Global Perspective
- Elements of Good Corporate Governance
- Cadbury Committee, Greenburg Committee

**Unit –II** **Indian Corporate Governance System**
- Lectures-15
- The CII Code of Desirable Corporate Governance (1998)
- Kumar Mangalam Birla Report (1999)
- **Board Committees**
  - Introduction
  - Various Board Committees, their Composition, Role and Responsibilities, Contribution to Board Governance
  - Audit Committee, Shareholders Grievance Committee
  - Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee
  - Corporate Governance Committee, Corporate Compliance Committee

**Unit-III** **Stakeholders in Corporate Governance and Different Systems of Corporate Governance**
- Lectures-14
- Stakeholders in Corporate Governance
  - Management
  - Shareholders
  - Employees
  - Customers
  - Vendors and others
- Different Systems of Corporate Governance
  - American, British, German, Japanese, French
  - OECD Principles of Corporate Governance
- Corporate Governance issues with regard to Related Party Transactions
- Role of Investor Associations in Securing Shareholders Rights
- Role of Institutional Investors in Corporate Governance

**Unit-IV** **Regulatory Measures on Corporate Governance**
- Lectures-14
- Provisions under Companies Act
- Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement
- Other Important provisions of the listing Agreement

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
1. Arya, P.P. : Corporate Governance
Objective: The objective of this paper is to orient the students with the general principles of Law of Insurance in India.

Unit – I  General Principles of Law of Insurance  Lectures-12

Unit-II  The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956  Lectures-12


Unit-III  Motor Vehicles Act, 1988  Lectures-12

Unit-IV  Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991  Lectures-12

Establishment of Environmental Relief Fund, Provision as to other Right to Claim Compensation for Death, Powers of Entry, Inspection, Search and Seizure, Penalty for Contravention, Penalty for Failure to Comply with Directions; Offences by Companies and Government Departments.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Reading:
3. Insurance Regulation Authority Act, 1999
Objective: Concept of income tax, heads of income, including foreign income assessment procedures, adjudication and settlement of tax disputes are the focus points of study in this paper.

Unit-I: Introduction and Basis of Charge Lectures-20

Income Tax Act, 1961- Definitions: Income, Total Income, Agriculture Income, Assessed, Assessment Year and Previous Year, Assessing Officer (Sections 2 and 3), Basis of Charge (Sections 4-9), Income of other Persons Included in Assesses Total Income (Sections 60-65).

Heads of Income and Its Computation: Salary (Sections 15-17) Income From House Property (Sections 22-27), Profits and Gains of Business or Profession (Sections 24-44AD and 68-69D), Depreciations Allowance and Development Rebate

Unit-II: Procedure for Assessment Lectures-18

Capital Gains (Sections 45-55A) Income From Other Sources (Sections 56-59) Set Off and Carry Forward of Losses (Sections 70-80), Procedure for Assessment (Sections 139-158), Assessment of Firms (Sections 182-189A), Assessment of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) (Chapter 15).

Unit-III Tax Authorities, Powers and Penalties Lectures-20

Income Tax Authorities, Their Jurisdiction and Powers (Sections 116-138). Appeal, Reference and Revision, Collections and Recoveries and Refund, Penalties, Offences and Prosecution (Sections 190-234 and 237-245)

Unit-IV: Value Added Tax Act, 2005. Lectures-20


Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Reading:

13. Central Sales Tax Act, 1956
Objective: The object of this paper is to focus on laws related to land revenue, ceiling on holdings and Urban Rent Control in the State of Himachal Pradesh.

Unit – I  Himachal Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1954  Lectures-15

Object, Scope and Definitions (Section 4).
Revenue Officers, their Classes and Powers (Sections 7-13),
Appeal, Review and Revision (Sections 14-17).
Record of Rights and Periodical Records and the Procedure for Making of Records (Sections 32-41).
Presumptions in favour of Revenue entries (Section 45).

Unit-II  Collection of Land Revenue and Partition  Lectures-17

Collection of Land Revenue
Security of Payment of Land Revenue (Sections 68-73).
Process for Recovery of Arrears of Land Revenue (Sections 74-81).
Partition
Concept of Partition.
Procedure for Effecting Partition (Sections 123-135).
Application for Partition, Restrictions and Limitation on Partition.
Disallowance of Partition Procedure on Admission for Partition.
Disposal of Questions as to Title in the Property and Other Question,
Delivery of Possession of Property Allotted on Partition and Customary Partition.

Unit-III  The Himachal Pradesh Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1972  Lectures-15

Ceiling on Land Holdings (Sections 4-12).
Permissible Area, Exceptions.
Ceiling on Land, Selection of Permissible Area.
Vesting of Surplus Area in the State Government.
Powers of the State Government to Take Possession of The Surplus Area.
Disposal of Surplus Area (Section 15), Appeal, Review and Revision.

Unit-IV The Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987  Lectures-15

Determination of Slandered Rent (Sections 4-10).
Grounds for Eviction of Tenants (Sections 14-16).
Appeal, Review and Revision (Sections 24-29).

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Reading:
Objective: The objective of this paper is to train the student in the field of Advocacy.

Unit-I Moot Courts (30 Marks)

Every student will do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy.

Unit-II Observation of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal (30 Marks)

Students will attend two trials in the month of January and February i.e after the 9th Semesters examinations. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.

Unit-III Interview Techniques and Pre-Trial Preparations (30 Marks)

Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyers’ Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 15 marks.

Unit-IV Viva-Voce (10 Marks)

Viva-Voce examination on all the above three aspects. This carries.

Note – Unit-II and III Shall be completed during the winter vacation by engaging students with Lawyers.

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his / her Nominee and Director / Principal of the Institute or his / her Nominee.
Objective: The objective of the study is to impart knowledge about capital market: SEBI its incorporation and functioning and also to impart knowledge regarding the regulations and guidelines issued by SEBI for monitoring capital market.

Unit –I  Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992. Lectures-15
Formation of SEBI
Powers of SEBI
Appeal against order of SEBI
Legal position of SEBI guidelines

Unit-II  Securities and Exchange Board Guidelines Lectures-16
SEBI Guidelines for Issue of Securities
SEBI (Disclosure and Investor Protection) Guidelines, 2000
SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992
SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011

Unit-III  SEBI Control Over Intermediaries Lectures-15
Merchant Bankers, Bankers to Issue
Underwriters, Debenture Trustees, Stock Brokers, Clearing Members and Trading Members
Registrar to an Issue/ Share Transfer Agent, Portfolio Managers, Market Makers
Custodian of Securities, Credit Rating Agencies

Unit-IV  Securities Contract (Regulation) Act 1956 Lectures-17
Recognition of Stock Exchanges and Control over Stock Exchanges by SEBI
Listing of Securities and Appeal against Refusal
Corporatization and Demutualization of Stock Exchanges, Control Over Members of Stock Exchanges
Listing Agreement and Obligations of Listing Companies

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Reading:
18. Taxmann’s Corporate Laws.
22. SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997.
Objective: This paper focuses on the investment and competition laws of India in the contest of new economic order.

Unit – I  
**Competition Law**  
Lectures – 14

- Background
- Prohibitions
  - The Objectives of the Competition Act, 2002, Role Envisaged for the Competition Commission of India.
  - Penalties for Contravention, and Role of Competition Advocacy
  - Regulation of Anti-Competitive Agreements, Abuse of Dominant Position, Combinations under the Act.

Unit-II: **Corporate Finance and Regulatory Framework**  
Lectures – 14

- Security Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956
- SEBI Act, 1992
- Depositories Act, 1996

Unit-III: **Regulatory Framework for Foreign Trade, Multinational Companies**  
Lectures – 12

- UNCTAD Draft Model on Trans – National Corporations
- Control and Regulation of Foreign Companies in India,
- Foreign Collaborations and Joint Ventures

Unit – IV: **Foreign Exchange Management**  
Lectures – 12

- Background
- Policies
- Authorities

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

7. Taxman’s Student’s Guide to Economic Laws.
8. Taxman, Corporate Laws
11. Sankaran, S.: Indian Economy
**Objective:** The objective of this paper is to impart knowledge about the concept of corporate finance, means and methods through which a corporate can raise funds at national and international level. It also intends to impart knowledge about authorities regulating corporate finance in India.

**Unit –I**

**Introduction to Corporate Finance**

Lectures- 18

Meaning, Importance and Scope of Corporate Finance

Capital Needs- Capitalization

Working Capital, Securities, Borrowings, Debentures

Objectives of Corporation Financing

Profit Maximization, Wealth Maximization

Constitutional Perspective

The Entries 37,38,43,44,45,46,47,52,82,85 and 86 of List-I Union List

Entry 24 of List-II –State List

**Unit-II**

**Finance of the Company**

Lectures-18

Equity Finance

Share capital, Prospectus- Information Disclosure

Issue and Allotment of Shares

Shares without Monetary Consideration

Non Opting Equity Shares

Debt Finance

Debentures Nature, Issue and Class

Deposits and Acceptance

Creation of Charge, Fixed and Floating Charge

Mortgages

**Unit-III**

**Corporate Fund Raising**

Lectures- 18

Depositories

Indian Depository Receipts (IDR)

American Depository Receipts (ADR)

Global Depository Receipts (GDR)

Public Finance Institutions

IDBI, ICICI, IFC and SFC

Mutual Fund and other Collective Investment Schemes

Institutional Investments- LIC, UTI and Banks

FDI and NRI Investment- Foreign Institutional Investments (IMF and World Bank)

**Unit-IV**

**Administrative Regulations and Control**

Lectures-18

Administrative Regulation on Corporate Finance

Inspection of Accounts,

SEBI Control

Central Government Control

Control by Registrar of Companies

RBI Control

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Frad, R. Kaen : Corporate Finance.
Objective: The objective of the course is to introduce the subject to the students with special reference to India’s role and place in the multilateral trading represented by the WTO.

Unit – I: Trade in Goods I

Lectures – 09

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)
Agreement on Agriculture
Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures
Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade

Unit-II: Trade in Goods II

Lectures – 09

Agreement on Trade-Related Investment Measures
Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures
Anti-dumping Agreement
Agreement on Safeguards

Unit – III: Trade in Services

Lectures– 09

General Agreement on Trade in Services
Ongoing Multilateral Negotiations

Unit – IV: International Trade Dispute Resolution

Lectures – 09

Nullification or Impairment
Dispute Settlement
Enforcement and Remedies

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Text books:
Objective: The paper is to enable students to have knowledge in the subject by having a detailed study of the structure, purpose and functioning of International Organizations.

Unit I Introduction Lectures-15
Evolution, Nature, Functions, and Classification of International Organisations

Unit II International Organisation Lectures-15

Unit III Other International and Regional Inter-governmental Organisations Lectures-16
The Arab League, Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation, The Asian Development Bank, The Association of South East Asian Association, Association of Southeast Asian Nations, the North American Free Trade Agreement and Mercosur, The European Union, Group of Eight, Law Enforcement Co-operation Through INTERPOL, NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation), OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries), NAM (Non-aligned Movement), SAARC (South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation), ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations)

Unit IV Some other Organisations Lectures-14
Non-Governmental Organisations: Rotary International, Amnesty International, Red Cross, Scouts and Guides, Role of World Social Forum
Educational Organizations and Universities- ERA (Academy of European Law), COL (Commonwealth of Learning), EDULID (Euclid University), European University Institute, UNIDROIT, United Nations University.
Cultural, Ethnic, Linguistic, and Religious Organizations- Commonwealth of Nations, La Francophonie, CPLP Community of Portuguese Language Countries, OIE (Organization of Ibero-American States), Latin Union, Arab League, Organisation of the Islamic Conference.

Note: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Websites maintained by International Organisations.
6. Bowett’s Law of International Institutions
7. Kruger, A.O. :WTO as an International Organizations

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**Objective:** The Objective of this course is to study the basic principles governing conflict of laws in their application to various situations.

### Unit-I: Introduction.  
**Lectures- 9**
- Application and Subject Matter of Private International Law,
- Distinction with Public International Law,
- Characterization and Theories of Characterization,
- Concept of Renvoi,
- Application of Foreign Law,
- Domicile,
- Jurisdiction of Courts

### Unit-II: Family Law matters  
**Lectures- 9**
- Material and Formal Validity of Marriage Under Indian and English Law
- Choice of Law and Jurisdiction of Courts in Matrimonial Causes: Dissolution of Marriage, Grounds of Divorce, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Recognition of Foreign Judgments

### Unit-III: Adoption:  
**Lectures- 9**
- Recognition of Foreign Adoptions,
- Adoption by Foreign Parents,
- Jurisdiction under Indian and English law.

### Unit- IV: Indian Law Relating to Foreign Judgment  
**Lectures- 9**
- Basis of Recognition, Recognition, Finality, Failure
- Direct Execution of Foreign Decrees,

**Note:** The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Diwan, Paras: Private International Law.
3. Hindu Succession Act, 1925.