Objective: The main objective of the present syllabus is to enable the students to read, understand and write English effectively and to familiarize the law students with the fundamentals of applied English Grammar along with significant legal concepts.

Unit-I Reflections from the East and the West A Text Book of Essays Lectures-14
(A) Section –I of the Book
   i. The Power of Prayer. A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
   ii. The World As I See it. Albert Einstein
   iii. Vivekananda: The Great Journey to the West: Romain Rolland
(B) Exercises based on the text.

Unit-II Hues of Life. An Anthology of Short Stories Lectures-16
(A) Short Stories:
   i. Three Questions. Leo Tolstoy
   ii. David Swan. Nathananial Hawthorne
   iii. The Beggar. Anton Chekhov
   iv. The Interlopers. Hector Hugh Muro ‘Saki’
(B) Exercises based on the text.

Unit-III The Blossoming Mind Book of Poems and Grammar Lectures-14
(A) Grammar
   i. Articles, Prepositions and Sentences
   ii. Tenses and Their Uses
(B) Essentials of Phonology:–Phonetics and Phonology: Basic Concepts and Historical Introspection, Sounds of English: The International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) and the Received Pronunciation (RP) Rules of Word Stress.

Unit-IV Introduction to Law Lectures-18
(A) Legal Terms: Plaintiff, Plaintiff, Defendant, Respondent, Appeal, Adjournment, Magistrate, Tribunals, Writs, Written Statement, Will, Deed, Divorce, Judicial Separation and Bail, Void Ab Initio, Bona Fide, Malta Fide, Status Quo, Sub Judice, Suo Moto, Amicus Curie, Locus Standi, Power of Attorney, Affidavit, Injunction, Complaint, Offence, Conviction, Acquittal, Discharge
(B) Mechanism of Legal Studies:
   (i) Consulting Law Reporting and Law Journals
   (ii) Explanation of Mode of the Citation
   (iii) Methods of Locating Relevant case laws

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Text Books Prescribed:  
2. Connor, J.D.: Better English Pronunciation,
3. The Blossoming Mind (Book of Poems, Grammar, Composition and Comprehension for Developing Reading and Writing skills). Edited by: V. K. Khanna and Meenakshi F. Paul

Reference Books:  
2. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
3. Oxford Law Dictionary
4. Black’s Law Dictionary

Internet Resources:  
1. www.macmillanindia.com,
2. www.duhaime.org,
3. Legal Sites like, Lexsite, Manupatra, Grandjurix, Laws4india, Indlaws
4. Webster’s online Dictionary.
Objective: This paper focuses on broad features of institutions and Administrative Structures in Ancient and Medieval India.

Unit-I: Definition and Early Indian History
Concept and Relevance of History Relevance of History to Law: Interdisciplinary Approach; Sources of Indian History; Features of Indus Valley Civilization; Social, Economic, Political, and Religious Life during Early Vedic and Later Vedic Period; Jainism and Buddhism

Unit-II: Polity and Administration
Maurayan Empire-Chandragupta Maurya, Bindusara and Ashoka; Central, Provincial, Local Government and Revenue Administration; policy of Dhamma; Gupta Empire—Chandragupta, Samudragupta, Chandra Gupta II, Kamuragupta and Skandagupta; Administration—Central, Provincial and Local Government; Revenue, Society, Science and Technology

Unit-III: The Delhi Sultanate
Rise of Islam and its expansion towards India; Political conditions of India at the time of Turk Invasions; Sultans of Delhi—Iltutmish, Razia and Balban; Khalji Dynasty—Alaaddin Khalji, Tughlaq Dynasty—Muhammad Bin Tughlaq and Feroz Shah Tughlaq; Administration—Central, Provincial, and Local Government; Judicial Organization—Sultan, Chief Qazi, Judicial Officers, Investigative Process and Punishments. Bhakti and Sufi Movements

Unit-IV: The Mughal Empire
Foundation and Expansion of Mughal Empire—The role of Akbar, Jahangir, Shah Jahan & Aurangzeb; Administration—Central, Provincial and Local Government; Judicial Organization—Padshah, Chief Qazi, Judicial Officers, Investigative Process and Punishments; Mansabdari and Jagirdari System; Disintegration and Decline of the Mughal Empire

NOTE:
The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Text Books:

References:
1. Romila Thapar, Time as a Metaphor of History, Reprint, Delhi, 1996.
2. Romila Thapar, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, Reprint, Delhi, 2004.
8. A.L. Basham, The Wonder that was India, Part-I, Reprint, Delhi,1993.
9. S.A.A. Rizvi, The Wonder that was India, Part –II, Reprint, Delhi,2002.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) First Semester

Subject: Sociology-I

Paper Code: BALLB(H) 103

Credits: 5

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70

Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: To explain the significance of Sociology and explain the basic Concepts of Society and the Importance of Social Research in Sociology. The Paper also aims to explain the Process that formed the discipline of Sociology in Indian Context.

Unit-I: Introduction to Sociology

Lectures-14

Meaning and Definitions of Sociology
Nature, importance and Scope of Sociology
Sociology & its Relationship to other Disciplines
Relevance of Sociology in the Study of Law

UNIT-II Individual & Society

Lectures-14

Origin & nature of Society
Society, Association, Community & Institution : Meaning ,Features & Differences
Social Structure & Functionalism: Meaning and Context
Social Stratification : Meaning ,Characteristics, Basis & Types

UNIT-III Basic Concepts of Society

Lectures-16

Culture, Beliefs, Values & Norms
Social Groups : Meaning , Features & Types
Power & Authority: Meaning, Definition and Concept
Status & Role: Definition and Concept

UNIT-IV Social Research: Methods & Techniques

Lectures-16

Social Research :Nature, purpose & Steps in Social Research
Research Methods : Descriptive, Diagnostic & Exploratory research
Primary and Secondary Methods of Data Collection
Sampling: Definition and Typology, Merits and Demerits.
Tools & Techniques of Data Collection : Questionnaire & Interview

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. Maclver and Page, Society, Introductory Analysis, MacMillan, Delhi
2. C.N. Shankar Rao, Scoiology
4. Davis, Kingsley, Human Society, Surjit Pub.,
7. Abraham Francis, Contemporary Sociology, Oxford University Press, 2006
Objective: This paper focuses on Understanding the Basic Concept, Theories and Functions of State.

Unit-I: Introduction to Political Science
Lectures-16
Political Science: Origin, Definition, Nature and Scope
Relationship of Political Science with Law, History, Sociology and Economies
Growth of Political Science
Modern Political Science: Nature and Scope of the Modern Political Science

Unit-II: Concept of State and its Organs
Lectures-15
The State: Meaning and its Essential Elements
Government and its Relation with State
Theories Regarding Origin of State: Divine Origin Theory and Evolutionary Theory; Social Contract Theory;
Political System: Meaning, Characteristics and Functions:
Sovereignty: Definition, Meaning and Characteristics, Kinds; Austin and Pluralistic Concept of Sovereignty;
Law and Rights: Meaning, Importance, Kinds;
Liberty and Equality: Meaning, Importance, Kinds.

Unit-III: Concept of Government
Lectures-15
Government: Classification of Governments; Democracy and Dictatorship; Unitary and Federal; Parliamentary and Presidential;
Organs of the Government –
   Legislature- Concept Type and Function
   Executive-Concept and Functions
   Judiciary- Functions, Judicial Review, Independence of Judiciary
Doctrine of Separation of Powers and Montesquieu’ Contribution to the Theory of Separation of Powers; Merits and Demerits of Separation of Powers.
Conception of Representation, Public Opinion and Political Participation.

Unit-IV: Liberalism and Totalitarianism
Lectures-16
Liberalism
   Meaning and Features
   Merits and Demerits
Totalitarianism
   Totalitarian State – Meaning, features
   Merit Demerits of Totalitarian State
Fascism and Nazism

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Bhatnagar, S: Political Theory: An Introduction
2. Badyal, J.S: Political Theory
3. Gajendargadkar, P.B: Law, Liberty and Social Justice
4. Ghai, U.R : International Politics
5. Joad, C.E.M: Introduction to Modern Political Theory
8. Verma, S.P : Modern Political Theory
9. Asirvatham, Addi : Political Theory ( New Delhi, S. Chand & Co. 1988)
10. Gauba, O.P : An Introduction to Political Theory ( Macmillan, New Delhi, 2005)
**Core Subject**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) First Semester</th>
<th>Paper Code</th>
<th>LLB(H) 105</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject: Law of Torts Including MV and Consumer Protection Law</td>
<td>Credits:</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Max. Marks: Externarl/Theory: 70  
Internal/Clinical: 30

**Objective:** This paper is to make students understand the nature of tort and conditions of liability with reference to established case law. Further it covers Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

**Unit – I: Principles of Liability and Justification in Tort Lectures-15**


**Unit – II: Specific Tort Lectures-16**

Trespass to Person and Property, Trespass to Immovable Property  
Nuisance, Negligence including Contributory and Composite Negligence  
Strict Liability and Absolute Liability including Liability of the State  
Defamation, Assault, Battery and Mayhem, False Prosecution and Malicious Prosecution  
Liability for Mass Disaster, Nuclear Radiation, Fire, Bomb Explosion, Riots, Accidental Disaster

**Unit – III: The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 Lectures-14**

Concept of Consumer  
Need for Consumer Protection and Rights  
Concepts of Goods and Services  
Consumer Protection Councils  
Consumer Disputer Redressal Agencies, Constitution, Power and Procedure  
Remedies and Penalties

**Unit-IV: The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 Lectures-15**

Chapter –I: Section-2, Chapter-XI: Insurance of Motor Vehicles against Third Party Risks, Chapter-XII: Claims Tribunals, Chapter-XIII: Offences, Penalties and Procedure

**Note:** The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Bangia, R.K: Law of Torts  
2. Winfield; Law of Torts  
3. Salmond and Henston; Law of Torts  
4. Lal, Rattan and Lal, Dhiraj: Law of Torts  
5. Singh, Avtar: Law of Torts  
Objective: The objective of this paper is to appraise the students with the laws relating to family matters applicable to different community of India.

Unit – I: The Concept of Marriage under The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
Lectures-17

Concept of Hindu Law, Sources of Hindu Law
Hindu Marriages – Evolution of Institution of Marriage, Concept of Marriage, Forms, Marriage as a Sacrament or Contract, Validity and Voidability of Marriage, Prohibited Degrees and Spinda Relationships, Guardianship in Marriage, Registration of Marriage

Unit – II: The Dissolution of Marriage under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
Lectures-14
Matrimonial Causes, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Judicial Separation, Nullity of Marriage and Divorce (Grounds of Divorce), Divorce by Mutual Consent, Jurisdiction and Procedure

Unit – III: Hindu Adoptions, Maintenance, Minority and Guardianship Laws
Lectures-16

Concept of Adoption, Who May Take and Give in Adoptions, Ceremonies of Adoption, Effect of Adoption, Relationship of the Adopted Child, Concept of Maintenance, Maintenance as a Personal Obligation to Wife, Children, Aged or Infirm Parents, Maintenance of Dependents, Maintenance of Joint Family Members, Quantum of Maintenance as Charge on Property, Alteration of Maintenance.


Unit – IV: Muslim Law of Marriage, Divorce and Maintenance
Lectures-15


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Diwan, Paras: Modern Hindu Law.
3. Diwan, Paras: Muslim Law in Modern India.
7. Fyzee, AAA, Outlines of Mohammadan Law
8. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
11. The Muslim Women’s (Protection of Right on Divorce) Act, 1986.
12. Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
Objective: The objective of the present syllabus is to sensitize the students on various issues of human and social-political significance. The syllabi also focus on developing writing skills.

Unit-I  Reflections from the East and the West A Text Book of Essays. Lectures-18

(A) Section-II of the Book
   i. Prospects of Democracy in India. B.R. Ambedkar
   ii. The Social Cost of Globalization. Vandana Siva
   iii. The Room of One’s Own (Excerpts) Virginia Woolf
   iv. More Than 100 Million Women are Missing. Amartya Sen

(B) Exercises Based on the text

Hues of Life. An Anthology of Short Stories

(A) Short Stories-
   i. The Exercise Book. Rabindranath Tagore
   ii. Life of Ma Parker. Katherine Mansfield
   iii. The Refugees. Pearl S. Buck.

(B) Exercises based on the Text.

Unit-II  The Blossoming Mind Part II and III (Grammar) Lectures-14

(A) Report Writing
(C) Comprehension

Unit-III  The Blossoming Mind Part II and Part III (Grammar) Lectures-16

Active Voice and Passive Voice
Narration: Direct Speech and Indirect Speech
Report Writing
Comprehension

Unit-IV  Legal Writing Lectures-14

Writing Case Comments on the following landmark cases.
1. Vishakha vs. State of Rajasthan, AIR 997 SC 3011
3. M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India. AIR 1987 SC 965
4. Raylands vs. Fletcher, (1868) L.R. 3 H.L. 330

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Deshta, Kiran: Uniform Civil Code in Retrospect and Prospect.
9. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
11. Black’s Law Dictionary

Internet Resources:
1. www.macmillanindia.com,
2. www.duhaime.org,
3. Legal Sites like, Lexsite, Manupatra, Grandjurix, Laws India, Indlaws
4. Webster’s online dictionary.
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the establishment of British rule and the National Movement in India.

Unit-I: Establishment of British Paramountcy
Lectures-14
European Trade; East India Company; Competition and Conflict between the English and the French; Carnatic Wars; The British Conquest of Bengal: Dual System of administration in Bengal, Battles of Plassey & Buxor; Wellesley’s Subsidiary Alliances; The Forward Policy, 1838-1856: Punjab, Sind and Awadh with Special Reference to the Lord Dalhousie’s policy of Annexation
Agrarian Settlements: The Permanent Settlement, Royatwari Settlement of Madras and Bombay Presidencies, and Mahalwari Settlement

Unit-II: The Uprising of 1857, Administrative and Social Changes
Lectures-15
The Beginning of Popular Resistance: Uprisings of 1857; Causes, Events and Results, Nature of the Uprising and Reasons of its Failure
Reorganization of the British Rule after 1857-58: Administration, Army, Revenue and Fiscal Policies; Socio Reforms: Prohibition of Sati, Abolition of Slavery, Widow Remarriage, Educational Movements; Caste Questions

Unit-III: Nationalism: Discontent and Dissension
Lectures-15
Rise of Indian Nationalism: Formation of the Indian National Congress; The Moderates and the Extremists in the Indian National Movement; Partition of Bengal: Swadeshi & Boycott; Formation of the Muslim League

Unit-IV: The Age of Gandhian Politics, Freedom and Partition
Lectures-16
The Emergence of Gandhi and his Thoughts; Rowlatt Satyagrah and Jallianwala Bagh; Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements; Civil Disobedience Movement
Quit India Movement; INA; Constitutional Negotiations: Cabinet Mission, Mountbatten Plan; Growth of communal Politics and the Partition of India; Making of the Constitution

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings
5. Kenneth W. Jones, Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, New Delhi, 1994
Core Subject

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B.A.LL.B.(Hons.) Second Semester</th>
<th>Paper Code : BALLB(H) 203</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject: Sociology – II</td>
<td>Credits : 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70</td>
<td>Internal/Clinical: 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Objective: To introduce the significance of theories and basic concepts of Sociology and Social Institutions, Process, Divisions and Indian communities.

Unit I  Social Institution  Lecture 14

- Marriage: Meaning, Functions & Types
- Family: Features, Functions & Changing Patterns
- Kinship: Definition, Meaning & Classification
- Religion: Origin & Basic Components, Theories of Religion

UNIT-II  Indian Communities  Lectures 14

- Rural Community: Nature, Problems and Rural Development Programmes
- Tribal community: Characteristics, Problems and Constitutional Safeguards

UNIT-III  Social Process  Lectures 16

- Social Process: Concept, Meaning & Kinds of Social Interaction
- Socialization: Meaning and Types
- Social change: Meaning, Types and Factors: Law and Social Change. Social Functions of Law

UNIT-IV  Social Divisions  Lectures 16

- Social Differentiation: Meaning, Causes and Differentiation based on Sex
- Caste System: Meaning, Caste and Class in India
- Forms of Social Stratification (Caste, Class, Race, Gender, Ethnicity)
- Theories of Stratification: Functional theory (Davis & Moore) and conflict Theory (Karl Marx)

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. Maclver and Page: Society, Introductory Analysis, MacMillan, Delhi
2. Rao, C.N. Shankar: Sociology
4. Davis, Kingsley: Human Society, Surjit Pub., Delhi
5. Bottomore, T.B.: Sociology: A guide to problems and literature, Blackie and Sons, Bombay
6. Inkeles, Alex: What is Sociology? New Delhi, Prentice Hall
7. Abrahim Francis: Contemporary Sociology, Oxford University Press
8. Johnson, Hanry M: Sociology; A Systematic Introduction, Allied publication
11. Applerouch Scott & Edles Laura: Sociological Theory in the Contemporary Era, Sage
17. Ram Ahuja, Society in India, Rawat Publications.
Objective: This paper focuses on understanding the basic concept of international relations.

Unit-I: International Relations


Unit-II: National Power


Unit-III: International Dispute Settlement and Human Rights


Unit-IV: Diplomacy


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

2. Palmar and Perkins: International Relations, Scientific Calcutta
Objective: This paper is to deal with the Basic Principles of Criminal Law determining Criminal Liability and Punishment.

Unit I  Nature, Scope and General Exception  Lectures-16
Definition of Crime, Territorial Operation of the Code (Sections 1-5)
Elements of Crime.
Joint and Constructive Liability (Sections 34, 38 and 149).
General Exceptions:
   Judicial Acts (Sections 77-78).
   Mistake of Fact (Sections 76, 79).
   Accident (Section 80).
   Absence of Criminal Intent (Sections 81-86, 92-94).
   Consent (Sections 87, 90).
   Trifling Acts (Section 95).
   Private Defense (Sections 96-106).

Unit II  Inchoate Crimes and Offences Against Public Tranquillity  Lectures-14
Abetment (Sections 107, Abettor (Section 108, 108A) Punishment for Abetment (Sections 109-113, 115-118), Presence of Abettor (Section 114), Public Servant as Abettor (Section 119), Concealing Design (Section 120)
Criminal Conspiracy (Sections 120A, 120B).
Attempt (Section 511).
Offences against the Public Tranquility (Sections 141-148,159,160).

Unit III   Offences Relating to Body  Lectures-15
Offences Affecting Life (Sections 299-309).
Hurt and Grievous Hurt (Sections 319-325).
Wrongful Restraint, Wrongful Confinement (Section 339-342).
Criminal Force, Assault, etc. (Sections 339-352).
Abduction (Sections 359-362).
Sexual Offences (Sections 375-377).

Unit IV  Offences Relating to Property  Lectures-16
Theft (Section 378), Extortion (Section 383), Robbery (Section 391).
Dacoity (Section 390).
Criminal Misappropriation of Property and Criminal Breach of Trust (Sections 403-405).
Cheating (Sections 415-420), Mischief (Section 425)
Criminal Trespass (Sections 441-462).
Offences Relating to Marriage (Sections 494-495-498A).
Defamation (Sections 499-502).
Criminal Intimidation etc. (Sections 503,504,506,507,509).

NOTE:  The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: The objective of this paper is to Apprise the students with the Laws relating to Family Matters governing Succession, Partition etc.

Unit – I: Hindu Joint Family System

Mitakshara Hindu Joint Family: Composition, Structure and Characteristics.
Joint Acquisition and Accretions.
Formation and Incident under the Coparcenary Property under Mitakshara and Dayabhaga
Point of Distinction between the Mitakshara Joint Family and Dayabhaga Hindu Joint Family Position, Status, Liability and Powers of Karta, Alienation of Property by Karta.
Debt: Doctrine of Pious Obligation and Antecedent Debt.

Unit – II: Hindu Law of Partition

Meaning, Division of Right of Property and Division of Property
Subject Matter of Partition.
Persons who have a Right to Partition and Persons who are Entitled to a Share on Partition.
How Partition is Effectuated. Suit for Partition
Rules Relating to Distribution of Property.
Modes of Partition, Reopening of Partition and Re-Union.
Points of Similarity and Distinction between Mitakshara and Dayabhaga Laws.

Unit – III: The Hindu Succession Act, 1956

Definition,
Succession to the Property of a Male Hindu –
Legal Heirs and Their Classification,
Succession to the Property of a Mitakshara Hindu and its Distribution Succession to the Property of a Hindu Female, Stridhan and Women’s Estate.
General Rules of Succession of a Hindu Male or Female dying Intestate.
General Provisions Relating to Succession, Disqualification of Heirs, Testamentary Succession.

Unit – IV: Muslim Law of Gift, Inheritance and Will

Gift under Muslim Law
Person who can make a Valid Gift
Essential Requirements of a Valid Gift.
Subject Matter of Gift.
Gift of Musha – Exceptions thereof.
Revocation of Gifts under Shia and Sunni Law.
General Principles of Inheritance of Muslim Law (Sunni Law).
Will under Muslim Law
Person who can make Will.
Subject-Matter of a Will
Restrictions on the Powers of a Muslim to make a Will.
Abatement of Legacy; Creation of Life Estates and its Validity.
Revocation of Will

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Diwan, Paras : Modern Hindu Law
2. Tayyabji, Badrudin : Mohammedan Law
3. Fyzee, AAA : Outlines of Mohammedan Law
4. Diwan, Paras : Muslim Law
5. Hindu Succession Act, 1956
7. Mahmood, Tahir: Muslim Law of India.
Objective: The Course focuses on the Development of Indian Legal System and the Constitutional History.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – I: Administration of Justice in Presidency Towns</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration of Justice in the Presidency Towns (1600-1773) and the Development of Courts and Judicial Institutions under the East India Company. Charter of 1726 and 1753. Establishment of Mayor’s Court in 1726.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – II: British Judicial System</th>
<th>Lectures-17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – III: Emergence of High Court and Codification</th>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conflict arising out of the Dual Judicial System, Tendency for Amalgamation of the two System of Courts, Establishment of High Court under the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, Judicial Committee of Privy Council as a Court of Appeal and its Jurisdiction, Abolition of its Jurisdiction, Codification of an India Charter in 1834</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit – IV: Glimpse of Constitutional Development</th>
<th>Lectures-17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Rao, B. Shiva: The Framing of India’s Constitution
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons) Third Semester  Paper Code    : BALLB(H) 302
Subject: Economics-I        Credits        : 5
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
                                Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This Course is Designed to provide Basic Understanding of Micro Economic Concepts and Theories, Behaviour of Economic Agents viz. Consumer and Producer, Different Market Structures, Factors of Production, Cost, Revenue Concepts and Banking Concepts.

Unit- I  Theory of Demand and Supply  Lectures-16

Unit- II  Consumer Behaviour  Lectures-18

Unit- III  Theory of Production and Concepts of Cost and Revenue  Lectures-17

Unit- IV  Market Structure, Money and Banking  Lectures-16

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
5. H.L. Ahuja, Principles of Micro-Economics, S.Chand, New Delhi.
Objective: The objective of this paper is to focus on basic concept of society and various social issues.

Unit-I: Challenges to Civilization, State and Society Lectures-14
- Communalism: Factors and Control measures
- Secularism: Significance, Issues and Challenges
- Nationalism: Concept and Growth Factors
- Fundamentalism: Concept & Features

UNIT-II Social control & Deviance Lectures-14
- Social Control: Purpose, Types & Agencies of Control
- Social Conformity: Meaning & Causes
- Social Deviance: Definition, Factors & Types

UNIT-III Gender Practices Lectures-16
- Masculinity and Femininity
- Female Infanticide and Child Marriage
- Eve Teasing, Rape & Domestic violence
- POCOSO Act, Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace: Overview and Awareness

UNIT-IV Sociology of Crime & Social Problems Lectures-16
- Crime: Meaning & Crime & Deviance
- Relationship between Criminology & Sociology
- Alcoholism, Drug Addiction, Poverty & Unemployment

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Ahuja, Ram Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
15. Aanchal Kapur, Sanjay Muttoo, Suman Bish. from Thought to Action: Building Strategies on Violence against Women. Kriti,
**Objective:** The objective of this paper is to provide Understanding of Basic Concepts of Indian Constitution and the Fundamental Rights as well as Remedies.

### Unit-I: Introduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lectures-16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salient Features of the Indian Constitution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preamble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citizenship (Articles 5-11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Definition of State (Article 12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctrines of <em>Ultra-Vires</em>, Severability, Eclipse, Waiver (Article 13)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Unit-II: Fundamental Rights-I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lectures-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Right to Equality (Article 14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prohibition of Discrimination, Rights to Equality of Opportunity (Articles 15-16)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indira Sawhney vs. Union of India, AIR 1993 SC 477</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Unit-III: Fundamental Rights-II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lectures-15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protection in Respect of Conviction under Article 20, Ex-Post-Facto Law, Double Jeopardy, Self-Incrimination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right of Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection in Respect of Arrest and Detention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25-28)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Unit – IV: Fundamental Rights-III and Remedies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lectures-16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Right against Exploitation (Articles 23, 24)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural and Educational Rights (Articles 29-30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to Property before and after the Constitution 42nd Amendment Act, 1976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enforcement of Fundamental Right, Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Court (Articles 32, 226).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

**Suggested Readings:**

5. Deshta, Kiran: Right to Privacy under Indian Law.
Objective: The objective of this paper is to make students familiar with Various Principles of Contract Formation enunciated in the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

Unit – I: Formation of Contract
Lectures- 16

- General Features and Nature of Contractual Obligations
- Meaning and Nature of Contract
- Offer/Proposal
  - Definition, Communication
  - Revocation
  - Kinds
  - Invitation to treat
- Means of Communication
  - Definition
  - Communication
  - Revocation
  - Standard and Printed Form of Contract- Their Nature and Unilateral Character
- E-Contract: Dimensions thereof

Unit – II: Capacity and Consent
Lectures- 15

- Capacity to Contract
- Consent, Free Consent, Elements Vitiating Free Consent, (Sections 15–18)
- Coercion, Undue Influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud, Mistake
- Nature of Contract when Consent is Not Free (Section 19)

Unit – III: Consideration and Void Agreements
Lectures- 17

- Consideration (Sections 2(d), 23, 24, 25)
- Void Agreements
  - Agreement in Restraint of Marriage (Section 26)
  - Agreement in Restraint of Trade with Exceptions (Section 27)
  - Agreement in Restraint of Legal Proceedings with Exceptions (Section 28)
  - Uncertain Agreements (Section 29),
  - Wager Agreements – Definition and Essentials – Exceptions (Section 30)
- Contingent Contracts (Sections 31-36),
  - Impossibility of Performance – Meaning and Scope (Section 56)

Unit – IV: Performance of the Contract, Breach of Contract, Remedies and Quasi Contract
Lectures- 18

- Time and Place of Performance
- Contract Which Need Not be Performed– Novation, Rescission and Alteration of Contract, Remission of Performance (Sections 62 – 67)
- Quasi-Contract: Of Certain Relations Resembling Those Created by Contract (Sections 68-72)
- When Time is Essence of Contract
- Breach of Contract and Remedies for Breach of Contract; Anticipatory Breach and Consequences of Breach (Sections 73-75)

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
3. Pollock and Mulla: Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the Environmental Issues and the Measures taken for its Protection.

Unit – I  Introduction and Sources of Environmental Pollution  Lectures-14

Definition of Environmental Protection, International Conventions with Special Reference to Stockholm Conference, Kyoto Protocol, Paris Convention, Instruments and Environmental Jurisprudence for Environmental Protection.

Emerging Principles:
- Polluter Pays
- Precautionary Principles
- Public Trust Doctrine
- Sustainable Development
- Absolute Liability
- Strict Liability

Unit – II  Specific Acts (Water and Air Pollution)  Lectures-16

- Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974-Definition (Section 2), The Central and State Boards for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution (Sections 3-12), Joint Boards (Sections 13-15), Powers and Functions of Boards (Sections 16-18), Prevention and Control of Water Pollution (Sections 198-33A), Funds Accounts and Audit (Sections 34-40), Penalties and Procedures (Sections 41-50), Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 51-64), Working and Defects of the Act of 1974.
- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981- Definitions, Sources and Effects of Air Pollution, Central and State Board, (Section 16-18), Prevention and Control of Air Pollution (Sections 19-31A), Funds, Accounts and Audit (Section 32-36), Penalties and Procedures including Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 37-54)

Unit – III  Noise Pollution and Wild Life  Lectures-15

Noise Pollution- Concept of Noise Pollution, Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution, Legal and Judicial controls.

The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972- Definitions (Section 2), Authorities under the Act (Sections 3-8), Hunting of Wild Animals (Sections 9-12), Protections of Specified Plants (Sections 17A – 17H), Sanctuaries, National Park and Closed Areas (Sections 18-38), Central Zoo Authority and Recognition of Zoos (Sections 38A-38I), Trade of Commerce in Wild Animals, Animal Articles and Trophies (Sections 39-49), Prohibition of Trade or Commerce in Trophies, etc. (Sections 49A-49C), Prevention and Detection of Offences (Sections 50-58).

Unit – IV  Remedies  Lectures-18

Constitutional Provisions: Public Interest Litigations and Judicial Activism, The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010- Establishment of Tribunal, Jurisdiction, Powers and Proceeding of Tribunal

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986- Definitions (Section 2), General Powers of Central Government (Sections 3-6), Prevention, Control and Abatement of Environment Pollution (Sections 7-17), Miscellaneous Provisions (Sections 18-26).

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Thakur, Kailash: Environmental Protection, Law and Policy in India (Deep and Deep, Delhi)
2. Diwan, Paras: Environmental Administration – Law and Judicial Attitude, Vols. I & II.
3. Aggarwal, S.: Legal Control of Environmental Pollution
5. Shastri, Environmental Law.
Objective: The objective of the present syllabus is to enable the students to apprehend and apply English Grammar in Practice and to acquaint the students with the Legal Language and to some important Legal Terms and Maxims.

Unit-I The Blossoming Mind Lectures-16
(B) A Step Ahead. Part IV (Grammar)
(a) Idioms and Phrases (Including legal phrases)
(b) Synonyms and Antonyms
(c) Prefixes and Suffixes.
(d) Translation (Hindi to English)

Unit-II Introduction to Law and Language Lectures-14
(a) Law- The Definition Perspective
(b) Meaning of Legal Language
(c) Scope and Domain of The Legal Language
(d) The Study of Language and Law:
(e) Language of Courts

Unit –III Mechanism of Legal Studies Lectures-15
(a) Law Reports and Law Journals
(b) Explanation and Mode of the Citations and Abbreviations used
(c) Writing Articles for Journals and Magazines on Current Socio-Legal Topics.
(d) Methods of Locating Relevant Case Laws.
(e) Abbreviations of Law Reports

Unit-IV Legal Terms and Maxims Lectures-16
(a) Legal Terms:
(b) Legal Maxims
Volenti Non Fit Injuria ; Audi Alteram Partiem;
Res Ipsa Loquitur; Ignorantia Facti Excusat: Ignorantia Juris Non Excusat;
Actus Non Facit Reum Nisi Mens Sit Rea.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Text Books Prescribed /Reference Books:
2. Kelkar, Ashok: Communication and Style.
4. The Blossoming Mind (Book of poems, grammar, composition and comprehension for developing reading and writing skills). Edited by: V.K.Khanna and Meenakshi F.Paul
7. Cambridge Advanced Learner’s Dictionary
9. Black’s Law Dictionary
15. Law and Language by G.S. Tewari (Creative Books New Delhi).
16. John Gibbons: Language and The Law
17. Lord Denning, “Command of Language”, The Discipline of the Law
18. Glanville Williams: Language and the Law

Internet Resources:
1. www.macmillanindia.com,
2. www.duhaime.org,
3. Legal Sites like, Lexsite, Manupatra, Grandjurix, Laws4india, Indlaws
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons) Fourth Semester  
Subject: Economics-II  

Paper Code : BALLB(H) 402  
Credits : 5  
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70  
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This Course is Designed to Enable students to have sufficient knowledge of Various Problems and Issues Faced by Indian Economy and also to enable the students to develop the Analysing Capacity in the Context of Current Indian Economic Problems.

UNIT- I  Introduction to Indian Economy  
Lectures-14
Basic Feature of Indian Economy
Poverty: Meaning of Poverty, Poverty Line, Trends, Causes and Suggestions for Removal of Poverty. Measures Taken by the Government to Remove Poverty
Unemployment: Causes and Effect and Suggestions to Solve the Unemployment Problem, Major Employment Generation Schemes.
Economic planning: Meaning, Significance, Achievements and Failures of Economic Planning, Functions of NITI Aayog (National Institution of Transforming India)

UNIT- II  Agricultural Sector: An Overview  
Lectures-17
Agriculture: Nature, Importance and Problems of Agricultural Economy; Trends in Growth of Agricultural Production and Productivity
Green Revolution and its Effect on Indian Agriculture
Evaluation of Land Reforms in India
Salient Features of National Food Security Act 2013 in India

UNIT- III  Industrial Sector: An Overview  
Lectures-18
Industry: Industrial Development during planning Period, Problem of Industrial Development in India.
Industrial Policy: 1948, 1956, 1991 and Recent development
Role, Growth and Problems of Cottage, Small and Medium Scale Industries
Role of Public, Private and Joint Sector in Indian Economy

UNIT- IV  Foreign Trade and International Organisations  
Lectures-15
Foreign Trade and Economic Development: Foreign Trade as Engine of Growth; Direct Benefits; Indirect Benefits; its Criticism.
Special Economic Zone in India, Benefits/ Advantages and Problems of SEZ’s
Foreign Capital: Role and Problems of Foreign capital (FDI and MNC), Foreign Aid
Nature, Function and Objectives of International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank (WB), World Trade Organization (WTO)

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
1. Sundaram, K.P.M : Indian Economy
2. Lipsy, R.G. and Chrystal, K. Alex: Economics, Oxford Univ. Press
5. Kapila, Uma: Indian Economy Since Independence, Academic Foundation Press,
B.A.L.L.B.(Hons) Fourth Semester  
Subject: Political Science-III  

Paper Code: BALLB(H) 403  
Credits: 5  
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70  
Internal/Clinical: 30  

Objective: This paper focuses on understanding the basic concept of the world Constitution and International and Regional Organisations.

Unit –I:  
Some of the Foreign Constitutions  
Lecture-15  

Unit –II:  
United Nations  
Lecture-14  

Unit –III:  
Contemporary Global Concerns  
Lecture-16  
Non – State Actors  
NGOs  
Inter-Governmental Organisations (IGOs)- International Monitary Fund (IMF), World Trade Organisation (WTO), Organisation of The Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and Organisation of African Unity (OAU).  
International Terrorism- Issues of Resources, Territorial Claims, Culture and Religion

Unit –IV:  
Regional Organisations  
Lecture-15  
Regional Organization: Organization of American State (OAS), organization of African Unity (OAU), The Arab League, The South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation (SAARC), The Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) and European Union (EU) and their Role in International Relations. Crisis in West Asia with Special Reference to Arab- Israel Conflict.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Palmer and Perkins: International Relations, Scientific Calcutta
Objective: This paper is to impart knowledge of various Special Contracts, Law of Agency and Partnership and Specific Reliefs.

Unit – I: Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee
Lectures-14
Definition and Scope
Right of Indemnity Holder (Sections 124-125)
Contract of Guarantee
Definition and Scope, Basic Essentials for a Valid Guarantee Contract
Contract of Guarantee as Distinguished from Indemnity
Continuing Guarantee
Extent of Surety’s Liability, Modes of Discharge of Surety
Rights of Surety Against the Creditor, Principal Debtor and Co-Sureties (Sections 126-147)

Unit – II: Bailment and Pledge
Lectures-16
Bailment:
Definition and Scope, Essential Features of Bailment
Kinds of Bailee- Banker, Finder, Wharfing, Attorneys, Policy Brokers and Carrier, Duties and Rights of Bailer and Bailee, Finder of Lost Goods (Section148-171)
Lien
Pledge
Definition and Scope, Who can Pledge
Hypothecation and Pledge, Pledge and Mortgage
Right to Redeem
Pledge by Mercantile Agent
Pledge by Person in Possession under Voidable Contract, Distinction between Pledge and Bailment

Unit – III: Agency
Lectures-16
Definition and Scope, Essentials of Agency Transaction
Kinds of Agents, Delegation of Authority – Sub-Agent and Substituted Agent
Modes of Creation of Agency
Personal Liability of Principal and Agent
Termination of Agency – Revocation, Renunciation by Operation of Law (Sections 182-238)

Unit – IV: The Specific Relief Act, 1963
Lectures-16
Meaning and General Principles
Recovery of Possession of Immovable Property (Sections 5 and 6)
Recovery of Possession of Movable Property (Sections 7 and 8)
Contracts which can be Specifically Enforced (Sections 10 to 13)
Contracts which cannot be Specifically Enforced (Section 14)
Rescission of Contracts (Sections 27 to 30)
Cancellation of Instruments (Sections 31 to 33)
Declaratory Decrees (Sections 34 and 35),
Preventive Relief /Injunctions (Sections 36 to 42)

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Pollock and Mulla : Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act
5. Anson : Law of Contract
Objective: The course aims at developing an analytical approach to understand the Nature of Law, Development of Law and Working of a Legal System in Different Dimensions with reference to Popular Legal Theorists.

Unit-I  Jurisprudence and the Sources of Law  Lectures-12

Jurisprudence: Definition, Nature, Scope and Utility; Social Theory
Definition of Law, Justice, Rule, Duties, Rights,
Sources of Law: Legislation, Custom, Precedent.

Unit-II  Schools of Jurisprudence  Lectures-15

Natural Law School
Analytical School- Austin’s Theory of Law
Vienna School – Kelson’s Pure Theory of Law
Historical School- Savigny and Sir Henry Maine
Sociological School-Dean Roscoe Pounds Social Engineering
Realistic School

Unit-III  Concepts of Law and Legal System  Lectures-15

Legal Rights and Duties
Ownership and Possession
Personality
Indian Legal System.

Unit- IV  Social Control Through Law  Lectures-15

The Penal Techniques
The Grievance- Remedial Techniques
The Administrative- Regulatory Techniques
The Constitutive Techniques
The Conferral of Social Benefits Techniques
Punishment Perspectives of law and legal method
Preventive Perspective
Deterrent Perspective
Retributive Perspective
Reformative Perspective

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Books Recommended:
1. Dias, Jurisprudence
2. Friedman, Legal Theory
3. Lloyd, Jurisprudence
4. Paton: A Text Book of Jurisprudence
5. Tripathi, Mani :Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
Objective: The objective of this paper is to provide understanding of various organs created by the Constitution including their functions.

**Unit – I  Union and State Executives  Lectures-16**

The Union and State Executives:
- The President – Election and Impeachment.
- The Governor in the State.
- The Council of Minister at the Union and State.
- Discretionary Powers and Immunities of the President/Governor, Power of Pardon and Ordinance Making Power of the Governor/President.
- The Vice-Presidential. (Articles 52 to 78, 153 to 167, 361)

**Unit-II  Central and State Legislatures  Lectures-17**

Union Parliament and State Legislatures.
- Composition; Sessions, Qualification/Disqualification of Members etc. (Articles 79-104, 168-193)
- Legislative Procedure,
  - Ordinary Bills, Money Bills, Ordinances (Articles 107-123, 169-123).
  - Parliamentary Privileges (Articles 105-194)

**Unit – III  Supreme Court of India and High Courts  Lectures-18**

The Judiciary in India: Independence of the Judiciary.
- The Supreme Court
- Appointment and Removal of Judges,
- Jurisdiction – Original, Appellate, Special Leave to Appeal,
- Advisory, Other Powers of the Court, Power of Contempt (Articles 124-146)
- The High Court in the States:
  - Appointment, Removal and Transfer of Judges, Power of Contempt (Articles 217-225)

**Unit – IV  Services and Some other Provisions  Lectures-17**

Services under the Union and State,
- Doctrine of Pleasure,
- Constitutional Safeguards to Civil Servants (Articles 309 to 323)
- Emergency Provisions (Articles 352 to 360)
- Amendment of the Constitution and Basic Structure Theory (Article 368).

**NOTE:** The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
2. Basu D. D: Shorter Constitution of India
3. Jain, M.P.: Constitutional Law of India
5. Singh, M.P.: V.N. Shukla’s Constitution of India
7. Kagzi, M.C. Jain : The constitution of India
8. Rao, B. Shiva: The Framing of India’s Constitution
11. Deshta, Sunil: President’s Rule in the States
Objective: This paper focuses on understanding the Introduction, Basic Principles and Theories of Public Administration.

Unit-I  Introduction and Basic Principles of Organisation  Lectures-16
Public Administration as an Art or a Science. Its Relation with Political.

Unit-II  Theories and Administration  Lectures-16

Unit-III  Chief-Executive and Personnel Administration  Lectures-14
Chief-Executive: Line and Staff Agencies, Department, Public Corporation and Independent Regulatory Commission.
Personnel Administration: Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Morale, Employer and Employer Relationship, Classification.

Unit-IV  Management, Citizen and Administration  Lectures-14

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Phadia, B.L. and Phadia, Kuldeep: Public Administrative / Administrative Theories & Concept.
Objective: This course is designed to introduce the students to the science of psychology. It identifies and defines the theories, terms, methods and various fields of psychology.

Unit-I Introduction to General Psychology Lectures-15

Definition and Scope of Psychology; Methods; Experimental Observation, Interview, Questionnaire and Case Study.


Unit-II Perception and Learning Lectures-16


Unit-III Memory, Motivation and Emotion Lectures-16

Theories of Emotions: James- Lange, Cannon- Bard, Physiological Correlates

Unit-IV Intelligence and Personality Lectures-16

Intelligence: Nature, Two Factor and Multifactor Theories, Genetic and Environmental Influences, Measurement of Intelligence.
Personality: Nature, Types and Trait Approaches, Biological and Socio- Cultural Determinates.
Assessment of Personality.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Baron, P. S. and Byrne, D., Social Psychology Understanding Human Interaction.
Objective: The main objective of this course is to provide basic knowledge regarding Macro Economics and Public Finance Concept viz. Inflation, National Income, Policies for Economic Development, Balance of Payment and Exchange Rate.

Unit-I Macro Economics and National Income Concept Lectures-18
The Nature and Scope of Macro Economics: Nature of Macro Economics; Scope and Importance of Macro Economics; Stock and Flow Concepts; Limitations of Macro Economics; Difference Between Micro and Macro Economics.
Consumption: Concepts, Determinants, Psychological Law of Consumption. Investment Function
Business Cycles: Meaning, Phases and Features (Prosperity, Recession, Depression, Recovery).

Unit-II Inflation, Economic Development and Economic Growth Lectures-16
Inflation: Concepts, Types, Demand pull and Cost Push Inflation, Effect and control of Inflation on Different Sectors of the Economy.
Economic Growth and Economic Development: Meaning, Measurement and Obstacles to Economic Development. Factors of Economic Growth (Economic and Non-Economic)
Concept of Human Development- Meaning of Human Development, Essential Components of Human Development, Determination of HDI and PQLI

Unit-III Public: An Overview Lectures-17
Public and Private Finance: Concept, Similarities and Dissimilarities and Importance of Public Finance.
Public Expenditure: Causes, Principles and Importance of public expenditure.
Fiscal policy: Meaning, Objectives and Instruments of Fiscal Policy
Deficit Financing: Meaning, Effects and Advantages.

Unit-IV Balance of Payment and Exchange Rate Concept Lectures-15
India’s Balance of Payment: Structure and Measures to Deal with Adverse BOP
Foreign Exchange rate: Meaning of Foreign Exchange Rate, Determination of Equilibrium Exchange Rate, Causes of change in the Exchange Rate, Fixed Exchange Rate: Argument in Favour and Against Fixed Exchange Rate Flexible Exchange Rate: Argument in Favour and against Flexible Exchange Rate
Devaluation: Meaning and Effects of Devaluation
Dumping: Meaning, Types, Objectives, Price Determination under Dumping, Effects and Anti-Dumping Measures

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.
Suggested Books:
1. E. Shapiro, Macro-Economic Analysis, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Fifth Semester  
Paper Code : LLB(H) 504  
Subject: Business Law  
Credits : 5  
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70  
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This paper is to provide understanding about the important statutes governing transfer of property in goods and negotiable instruments.

Unit – I  
**The Partnership Act, 1932**  
Lectures-16

Nature of Partnership  
Essentials of Partnership (Sections 4-8)  
Partnership Compared with Co-ownership, Company, Joint Hindu Family Business; Relations of Partners to One Another (Sections 9-17)  
Relations of Partners to Third Parties including the Principle of “Holding Out.”  
Minor Admitted to the Benefit of the Partnership (Sections 18-30)  
Incoming and Outgoing Partners (Sections 31-38)  
Dissolutions of Firms- Meaning and Scope, Modes of Dissolutions, Effects of Dissolutions (Sections 39-55)  
Registration of Firm and Effects of Non-Registration (Sections 56-71)

Unit – II  
**The Sale of Goods Act, 1930**  
Lectures – 13

Concept of Sale, Contract of Labour and Work, Formation of Contract. (Sections 4-10)  
Sale and Agreement to Sell, Conditions and Warranties including implied conditions and warranties (Sections 11-17)  
Transfer of Property in Goods and Titles (Section 18-30)  
Passing of Risk, C.I.F. Contracts F.O.B. Contracts and Ex-ship Contracts, Performance of Contracts (Section 31-44)  
Right of Unpaid Seller Against the Goods- Right to Lien, Right of Stoppage of Goods in Transit, Right of Re-Sale (Sections 45-54)  
Remedies for Breach of Contract

Unit – III  
**The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1981**  
Lectures – 14

Definition, Essential Kinds of Negotiable Instruments (Promisory Note, Bill of Exchange and Cheque)  
Holder, Holder in Due Course and payment in Due Course  
Negotiation and Assignment  
Endorsements and its Kinds

Unit – IV  
**The Negotiable Instruments: Presentation and Liability**  
Lectures– 14

Presentation of Negotiable Instruments  
Crossing of Cheques  
Discharge From Liability  
Noting and Protest  
Law dealing with Dishonour of Negotiable Instruments

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Bhashyam and Adiga : Law of Negotiable Instruments  
5. Benjamin : Sale of Goods  
7. Aithayah : Sale of Goods
### Objective:
The paper aims to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of criminal courts and other machineries.

#### Unit I: Definition and Constitution of Criminal Courts

- Definition under Section 2: Summon Case, Warrant Case, Investigation, Enquiry, Trial and Complaints
- Constitution and Powers of Criminal Courts and Offices (Chapter II and III), Arrest, Escape and Re-Taking (Chapter V)

#### Unit II: Procedure for Appearance and Production of Things

- Process to Compel Appearance and Production of Things and Discovery of Person Wrongfully Confined (Chapter VI and VII)
- Security for Keeping Peace and Good Behaviour (Chapter VIII)

#### Unit III: Investigations and Commencement of Trial

- Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquillity (Chapter X)
- Powers of Police: Preventive Action of Police (Chapter XI)
- Information to the Police and Their Powers to Investigate (Chapter XII)
- Letter of Request to Competent Authority for Investigation in and outside India (Section 166A and 166B)
- Complaint to Magistrates and Commencement of Proceedings before Magistrate (Chapter XV-XVI)

#### Unit IV: Criminal Trial

- Charge (Chapter XVII), Procedure for Framing Charge and Compilation of Charges, Trial of Cases by Magistrate Summon and Warrant Case and Summary Trials (Chapter XIX, XX and XXI)
- Provisions as to Bail and Bonds (Chapter XXXIII)

#### NOTE:
The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

#### Suggested Readings:

3. Pranjape, M.B.; Criminology and Penology.
9. Bare Act, Constitution of India.
10. Bare Act, Cr. P. C., 1973
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Fifth Semester  Paper Code : LLB(H) 506
Subject: Company Law    Credits : 5
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
          Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The paper is to provide insight into formation and winding up of Companies besides corporate administrations.

Unit 1: Formation, Registration and Incorporation of Company  Lectures=15
Company: Meaning, Nature and Kinds of Companies, Company and other Forms of Business organisation
Theory of Corporate Personality: Advantages and Disadvantages, Lifting of Corporate Veil
Promoters: Position, Duties and liabilities, Pre-Incorporation Contracts
Incorporation of Companies: Modes of Incorporation, Certificate of Incorporation and its consequences
Memorandum of Association: Various clauses, Alteration and Doctrine of Ultra-vires
Articles of Association: Contents, Alteration, Relation with Memorandum of Association,
Doctrine of Constructive Notice and Indoor Management

Unit 2: Capital Formation  Lectures=17
Prospectus: Definition, Contents, Kinds, Issues, Remedies for Misrepresentation in Prospectus,
Liability for Misstatements, Statements in lieu of Prospectus
The Nature and classification of Company Securities: Shares; Allotment, Statutory Restrictions,
Share Certificate and Share Transfer and Transmission of Shares, Restrictions on Transfer,
Procedure for Transfer
Share Capital: Kinds, Alteration and Reduction of Share Capital, Duty of Court to Protect
Interest of Creditors and Shareholders
Debentures: Meaning, Kinds, Charge-Floating and Fixed Charge, Remedies of debenture holder,
Difference between Share-Holders and Debenture-Holders

Unit 3: Corporate Administration  Lectures=18
Membership: Modes of Acquiring Membership, Cessation of Membership and Register of Members
Directors: Position, Appointment, Qualifications, Disqualifications, Powers and Duties of Directors, Director Identification Number
Meetings: Kinds, Procedure and Noting-Notice, Quorum, Chairman, Proxies and Voting
Balance of Power within Companies: Majority Control and Minority Protection and its Exceptions
Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement: Who can Apply, Power of Court and Central Government
Emerging trends in Corporate Social Responsibility, Legal liability of the Company- Civil,
Criminal, Tortuous and Environmental

Unit 4: Winding up of Companies  Lectures=16
Kinds, Consequences and Reasons of Winding Up, Role of Courts in Winding up of Company
Liability of Past Members, Payment of Liabilities, Reconstruction and Amalgamation
Merger and Acquisition of Company.
NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
2. Taxman’s Corporate Laws.
3. Singh, Avtar: Indian Company Law:
5. Palmer: Palmer’s Company Law
7. Grower: Principles of Modern Company Law
8. Penningtori, R.R.: Company Law
9. Taxman: Company Law
Objective: The objective of this paper is to make the student familiar with the Indian Administration.

Unit-I  Introduction to Indian Administration  Lectures-15

Evolution of Indian Administrative System
Brief Account of Indian Administration during British
Indian Administration after Independence
Nature and Feature of Indian Administration
Political Executive:-President, Governor; Cabinet Composition, Role and Administrative Authority.

Unit-II  State and District Administration  Lectures-15

Structure of Administration:-Secretariat, District Administration
Public Services- All India Services; Central Services- Recruitment and the Role of UPSC;
Training; Promotion; Employer- Employee Relations with Reference to Right to Strike;
Generalist vs. Specialist; Commitment and Neutrality.

Unit-III  Constitutional Administrative Authority  Lectures-16

Finance Commission: Power, Function and Organisational Structure
Election Commission: Power, Function and Organisational Structure
Comptroller and Auditor General of India: Power, Function and Organisational Structure
Union Public Service Commission: Power, Function and Organisational Structure

Unit-IV  Financial Administration  Lectures-15

The Budget System, Principle of Good Budgeting, Preparation and Enactment of the Budget; Comptroller and Auditor-General.
Accountability: Central, Legislative and Judicial.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

2. Awasthi and Awasthi, Indian Administration Laxmi Nagar Agra.
4. Jain, R. S. Contemporary Issue in India Administration.
Objective: To develop a science attitude toward perceiving situations involving social interaction and effects on people.

Unit-I Introduction to Social Psychology Lectures-15

Unit-II Group Behaviour Lectures-15

Unit-III Communication and Inter-personal Attraction Lectures-15
2. Aggression: Determinate of Aggression; Prevention and Control of Aggression.

Unit-IV Social Behaviour and Statics Lectures-17
2. Correlation: The Concept of Correlation Linear and Non-Linear Correlation, Pearson’s Product Moment Correlation.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: This paper is to help a law student to acquire a thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of Civil Courts.

Unit-I Introduction Lectures-15

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts, (Section 9)
Stay of Suits, Res-Judicata, Res Sub Judice (Sections 10-14)
Place of Suing, Transfer of Suits (Sections 15-25)
Joinder of Parties, Representative Suits, Splitting of Claims and Reliefs,
Joinder of Cause of Action (Order 1 and 2)
Summons to Defendants (Order 5)
Appearance of Parties, Ex-Parte Decree (Order 9 and 10)

Unit-II: General Provisions Lectures-18

Discovery and Inspection (Order 11)
Settlement of Issues (Orders 16, 17 and 19)
Hearing of Suits (Order 18)
Judgment and Decree (Order 20)
Execution- Basic Provision (Section 36-74)
Execution- Details (Order 21)
Awarding of Interest and Costs (Sections 34-35B)
Restitution, Inherent Powers of the Court (Sections 132-158)
Commissions (Sections 75-78, Order 26)
Suits Against Government (Sections 79-82)
Suits in Case of Minors, Indigent Persons (Order 32 and 33)
Inter Pleader Suits (Sections 88, Order 35)

Unit-III: Some Major Provisions Lectures-15

Supplementary Proceedings-Arrest and Attachment Before Judgment, Temporary Injunctions Inter Locutory Orders, Appointment of Receivers (Sections 94-95, Order 38, 40).
Caveat (Section 148A)
Appeals- First and Second Appeal ; Procedure for Appeal (Sections 96,108, Order 411)
Reference, Review, Revision (Section 113-115, Order 46-47)

Unit-IV The Limitation Act, 1963 Lectures-15

Limitation of Suits, Appeals and Applications (Sections 3-11)
Exclusion of Time (Sections 12-15)
Effects of Death, Fraud, Acknowledgement, Payment, etc. on Limitation (Sections 16-22)
Acquisitions of Ownership by Possession (Sections 25-27)

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Takwani, C.K.; Civil Procedure, Eastern Book Company
Objective: This paper is to orient students with importance of Evidence for Establishment of Claims and Related Rules and Principles.

Unit – I: Introduction and Relevancy

Preliminary (Sections 1-3)
May Presume, Shall Presume and Conclusive Proof (Section 4)
Relevancy of Facts (Sections 5-16)
Admissions (Sections 17-23, 31)
Confessions (Sections 24-30)

Unit – II: Some other Relevant Facts

Statement by Persons Who Cannot be Called as Witnesses (Sections 32-33)
Statement Made under Special Circumstances (Sections 34-39)
Judgment of Courts of Justice When Relevant (Sections 40-41)
Opinion of Third Person When Relevant (Sections 45-51)

Unit – III: Evidence, Burden of Proof and Presumptions

Oral Evidence (Sections 59-60)
Documentary Evidence (Sections 61-78)
Burden of Proof (Sections 101-110)
Presumption as to Certain Offences (Sections 111-114 A)

Unit – IV: Law of Estoppels and Witnesses

Estoppels (Sections 115-117)
Witnesses, Privileged Communications (Sections 118-132)
Accomplice (Sections 133)
Examination of Witnesses
Number of Witnesses (Sections 134)
Examination-in-Chief, Cross-Examination, Re-examination,
Leading Questions

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

4. Munir : Law of Evidence
5. Singh, Avtar : Evidence
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the Basics of Public International Law and Practice.

Unit-I: Introduction to Public International Law

Lectures-16

Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law
Sources of International Law- International Conventions, International Custom
General Principles of Law Recognized by Civilized States
Decisions of Judicial Tribunals, Juristic Works, Decisions or Determinations of Organs of United Nations
Relationship between International and Municipal Law.
Subjects of International Law: States, Individuals, Non-State Entities, Importance of Individuals under International Law

Unit-II Concept of State

Lectures-16

Definition of State
State Jurisdiction
Recognition, Recognition of States, Governments, Insurgency and Belligerency, Theories, Modes of Recognition, Legal Effects
Acquisition and Loss of Territory- Occupation, Prescription, Accretion, Cession, Annexation, State Succession
Intervention.

Unit-III Law of Sea, Air and Outer Space

Lectures-14

Law of Sea -Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf, Exclusive Economic Zone
Law of Air and Outer Space, Air Craft Hijacking under Air Law, Development of Outer Space Law.

Unit-IV Settlement of International Disputes

Lectures-15

Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes-Negotiations, Mediation, Conciliation,
Good Offices, Arbitration, Judicial Settlements of Dispute under ICJ.
Modes Short of War for Settlement of International Disputes- Retortion, Reprisals,
Intervention, Embargo, Pacific Blockade.
War and its Effects, Definition of War and Total War.
International Armed Conflict and Non International Conflict.
Effects of Outbreak of War, War Crimes, Prisoners of War.
Asylum.
Extradition.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Harris, D.J. : Cases and Material on International Law.
Objective: The purpose of this paper is to make students aware of various aspects of administrative Law including Quasi-Legislative, Quasi-Judicial and other Ministerial functions of Administration and control thereof. It also covers the Right to Information Act, 2005

Unit – I Nature and Scope of Administrative Law Lectures-14
Definition, Nature and Scope of Administrative Law, Conceptual Objections to the Growth of Administrative Law- Rule of Law, Separation of Powers
Administrative Discretion- Meaning, Need, and Judicial Control
Relationship between Constitutional Law and Administrative Law

Unit-II Legislative Functions of Administration Lectures-15
Delegated Legislation: Definition, Merits and Demerits, Necessity and Constitutionality thereof; Parliamentary and Judicial Control of Delegated Legislation
Sub-delegation of Legislative Power, Conditional Legislation, Henry VIII Clause

Unit-III Judicial Functions of Administration and their Control Lectures-16
Principles of Natural Justice and their Exceptions- Rule against Bias, Concept of Fair Hearing and Legislative Expectation, Reasoned Decisions.
Judicial Review of Administrative Action Through Writs; Judicial Control Through Suits for Damages, Injunction and Declaration; Exclusion of Judicial Review.
Administrative Tribunals: Need and Reasons for Their Growth, Characteristics, Jurisdiction and Procedure of Administrative Tribunals.
Ombudsman – Lokpal and Lokayukta

Unit-IV Right to Information Lectures-15
Right to Information under the Constitution and the Latest Judicial Approach in India
Right to Information and Obligations of Public Authorities
Role, Powers and Functions of Central Information Commission
State Information Commission
Powers and Functions of Information Commission
Appeals and Penalties

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Thakkar, C.K. : Administrative law
4. Sathe, S.P.: Administrative Law
5. Cann, Steven J: Administrative Law
7. Massey, I.P. : Administrative Law
8. Stott, David and Felix Alexandra: Principles of Administrative Law
9. Wade and Forsyth: Administrative Law
Unit-I Basics of Communication
Barriers of Communication, 7c’s of Communication

Unit-II Communication Models, Media
Types of Media; Folk media, Print, Electronic, Films, New media

Unit-III Understanding of News

Unit-IV Media laws: Pertaining to the State, Citizens, Judiciary, legislature and Parliament
Article 19(1)(a) of the Constitution and Reasonable Restrictions on Freedom of Speech and Expression.
Citizens: Criminal Defamation IPC (Section 499, 500) and Civil Defamation (Law of Torts).
The State: Sedition- Incitement to Violence (section 121 IPC) Read With Section 511 Inflammatory Writing IPC (Sec 353).
Legislature: Parliamentary Privileges/ Articles 105 (Parliament) Article 194 (State legislature)
Judiciary: Contempt of Court, Covering and Reporting Court Proceedings (Article 361A).

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Denis McQuail’s Mass communication Theory (sixth edition), New Delhi; Sage Publishers, 2010
Objective: This paper focuses on various aspects of management of labour relation and Dispute Settlement Bodies.

Unit – I  The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947  Lectures-15
Scope, Object and Definition, Concept of Industry, Industrial Disputes, Workman: Work Committee, Labour Court, Industrial and National Tribunal, Voluntary Reference of Disputes to Arbitration, Strikes and Lock-Outs, Lay off and Retrenchment.

Unit-II  Law Relating to Trade Unions  Lectures-14
Right to Form Trade Unions as Recognised under International Law and Indian Constitution.
Trade Unions Act, 1926- Definition of Trade Union, Legal Status of Registered Trade Unions, Incorporation and Registration of Trade Unions, Cancellation of Registration, Rights, Liabilities and Duties of Registered Trade Unions, Privileges, Immunities of Registered Trade Unions and Dissolution of Registered Trade Union.

Unit – III  Law on Compensation to Employees  Lectures-15
The Employee’s Compensation Act, 1923, Scope and Object,: Definition of Total and Partial Disablement, Employees, Employer, Dependent, Wages, Employer’s Liability for Paying Compensation, Distribution of Compensation, Authorities for Adjudication of Disputes.

Unit – IV  The Factories Act, 1948  Lectures-16

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
17. Soonavala, J.K.: Supreme Court on Industrial Law.
21. Trade Unions Act, 1926.
22. Employee’s Compensation Act, 1936.
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint students regarding Electronic Transitions including e-commerce, e-governance, e-services, e-banking etc. Moreover the knowledge of Information Technology Act, 2000 is very important to control the Menace of Cyber Crime.

Unit – I General Introduction to Cyber Law Lectures – 15

Unit – II Information Technology Act, 2000-I Lectures – 16
Meaning, Definition of the Concept Access, Addressee, Computer, Digital Signature, Data, Information. Salient Features of the Information Technology Act, 2000; Formation and Legal Recognition of Electronic Records (Electronic Governance) : Attribution, Acknowledgement and Dispatch of E-Records; Secure Electric Records and Digital Signatures

Unit – III Information Technology Act, 2000-II Lectures – 15
Role and Functions of the Certifying Authorities- Appointment and Functions of Controller, Recognition of Foreign Certifying Authorities, Licence to Issue Digital Signature and Power to Renewal and Suspension etc. ; Digital Signature Certificate, Duties of Subscribers etc. Powers and Functions of Cyber Regulation Appellate Tribunal.

Unit – IV Penalties, Adjudication and Cyber Offences Lectures – 17

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
1. Ahmad, Farooq: Cyber Law in India.
6. Duggal, Pawan: Cyber Law- Indian Perspective.
8. Seth, Karnika: Cyber Law in The Information Technology.
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Seventh Semester
Subject: Alternative Dispute Resolution (Practical-I)

Paper Code: LLB(H) 704
Credits: 5
Max. Marks: Internal/Clinical: 100

Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint students with various modes of ADR.

Unit – I
Introduction
Lectures – 14

Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR): Concept and Development of ADR in India, History and Reasons for the Growth of ADR, Advantages of ADR-Methods of ADR, Indian Legislative Framework for ADR in India.

Lok Adalats: Meaning of Lok Adalat, Genesis of Lok Adalat in India, Legal Recognition for Lok Adalats in India- Legal Services Authority Act, 1987, Permanent Lok Adalat- Legal Services Authority (Amendment) Act, 2002.

Legal Aid: Concept and Dimensions of Legal Aid in India, Constitutional Provisions, Legislative Sanction for Legal Aid in India- Legal Aid Under the Legal Services Authority Act, 1987

Unit II
Techniques of ADR-I
Lectures – 15

Negotiation: Meaning of Negotiation, Elements of Negotiation, Negotiation Style, Qualities of Good Negotiator, Obstruction to Negotiation.


Mediation: Meaning of Mediation, Elements in Mediation, Rules for Mediation, Strategies and Techniques of Mediation, Stages of Mediation, Appointment and Selection of Mediator, Role of Mediator, Limitation of Mediator, Qualities of Mediator, Reaching Settlement and Enforceability of Settlement Agreement.

Unit III
Techniques of ADR-II
Lectures – 16


Unit IV
Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award
Lectures – 15


Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by an Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his/her Nominee and Director/Principal of the Institute or his/her Nominee. The Director /Principal of the Institute may also appoint any Teacher of the Institute to assist the Board of Examiners. Each Member of Board of Examiners or evaluators shall be paid Rs. 2500 (Rupees Two Thousand Five Hundred only) per day for evaluation. The external member/evaluator shall be paid TA/DA by the Institute/College concerned.

Suggested Reading:
1. Desta, Sunil: Lok Adalats in India.
5. Tripathi, S.C: Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR).
8. Rao, P.C and Sheffield William: Alternative Dispute Resolution- What it is and How it works?
11. Legal Services Authority Act, 1987 as Amended from time to time.
12. Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 as Amended from time to time.
Objective: The objective of this Paper is to impart knowledge about the role of ICRC in Development of International Humanitarian Law through IV Geneva Conventions and also to impart knowledge related to Organisations Working for the Betterment of Refugees.

Unit –I Concept of Humanitarian Law Lectures- 14

Origin of International Humanitarian Law
Development of International Humanitarian Law
ICRC and its Role in Development of International Humanitarian Law
Concept and Principles of “jus in bello”
Concept and Principle of “jus ad bellum”
Doctrine of Military Necessity and Principle of Humanity
Concept of Civilian and Combatants and Distinction Between Civilian and Combatants

Unit-II The Geneva Conventions Lectures-16

The Geneva Convention-1 Protection and Care of Wounded and Sick Members of Armed Forces in Field
The Geneva Convention-2 Protection and Care of Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea
The Geneva Convention-3 The Treatment of Prisoners of War
The Geneva Convention-4 Protection of Civilians

Unit-III International Humanitarian Law ICC and ICJ Lectures-17

Implementation and Enforcement of International Humanitarian Law under International Criminal Court and International Criminal Tribunal
Limits and Choice of Means and Methods of Warfare
Specific Weapons and Their Impact
Impact of Chemical Weapons
Impact of Biological Weapons
Impact of Nuclear Weapons
ICJ advisory opinion on Nuclear Weapon

Unit-IV The Refugee Law Lectures-15

Refugee, Status of Refugee
The 1951 UN Convention Related to the Status of Refugees
The 1967 Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugee
Role of UN High Commissioner for Refugees

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Calier, Jean Yves: Who is a Refugee; A Comparative Case Law Study.
Objective: To impart knowledge about the development of International Criminal Law through Charters and Codes. Role of International Organisations such as ICC, International Criminal Tribunal etc. in the prevention of International Crimes and to Impart knowledge about International Problems related to Drug Trafficking and Terrorism and Mechanisms to Control these problems.

Unit-I Introduction To International Criminal Law Lectures-14


Unit-II Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Drug Related Offenses and Terrorism Lectures-18

Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Drug Related Offenses - Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, Convention on Psychotropic Substances, Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, United Nations International Drug Control Programme


Law Enforcement- ICPO-Interpol Constitution and General Regulations

Unit-III International Court of Justice Lectures-15

Role of International Court of Justice, International Criminal Court, Criminal Tribunals, Regional Courts, National Courts

ICC-Rome Statute, Its Functions and Role in Administration of Criminal Justice

Unit-IV War Crimes Lectures-16


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Charter of the International Military Tribunal
4. Draft Declaration on Rights and Duties of States
5. Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances,
6. Convention on Psychotropic Substances
7. Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs
8. United Nations International Drug Control Programme
9. International Convention against the Taking of Hostages
10. International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism,
11. International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings
12. International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism
13. Convention of the Organization of the Islamic Conference on Combating International Terrorism
14. European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism, Inter-American Convention Against Terrorism
15. OAS Convention to Prevent and Punish Acts of Terrorism Taking the Form of Crimes against Persons and Related Extortion that are of International Significance,
16. OAU Convention on the Prevention and Combating of Terrorism, SAARC Regional Convention on Suppression of Terrorism,
17. Treaty on Cooperation among States Members of the Commonwealth of Independent States in Combating Terrorism
18. Rome Statute
19. Websites of various international bodies dealing with international crime
Objective: The object of this paper is to impart knowledge about the International Labour Organizations and Labour Laws.

Unit-I  Introduction  Lectures-15

Unit-II  International Labour Organization  Lectures-16

Unit-III  Labour Laws - I  Lectures-17

Unit-IV  Labour Laws - II  Lectures-14

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Gupta, S. P: International Labour Organisation and Labour Law
3. Michel Servais, Jean: International: International Labour Organisation
5. Kumar, N. Jitender: International Labour Organisation
6. Khan, Ahmedullah, Commentry on International Labour Organisation and the Indian Response
7. Official Website of International Labour Organisation
8. International Labour Conventions
9.
Objective: The paper aims at creating awareness as to importance and role of women in society through the medium of law. It also focuses on women welfare laws.

Unit - I: Introduction

Lectures – 14
Status of Women in India, Constitutional Perspective and Special Legislations
Status and Position of Women: International Conventions, Protocols and Instruments
Constitution of India and Empowerment of Women
Preamble

Unit – II: Personal Laws and Women

Lectures – 17
Uniform Civil Code towards Gender Justice
Sex Inequality in Inheritance
Guardianship
The Family Courts Act, 1984

Unit – III: Criminal Laws and Women

Lectures – 15
Adultery
Rape
Outraging Modesty
The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005
The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
The Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994
The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1987
The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
Provisions under The Indian Penal Code, 1860

Unit – IV: Women Welfare Labour Laws

Lectures – 16
The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the Election Laws governing the Elections to the Houses of the Parliament and the State Legislatures as well as to the Offices of President and Vice-President.

Unit – I: Introduction Lectures– 15
(A) Meaning, Definition of Democracy, Constitutional Democracy, Constitutional Provisions Relating to Democracy, Kinds of Democracy
(B) Election: Meaning and Process, Constitutional Mandate, Laws Governing Elections, Election Disputes, Election to the Offices of The Prime Minister and The President

Unit –II: Election Commission and its Role Lectures – 16

Unit-III: Criteria for Candidates in Elections Lectures – 14
Qualifications and Disqualifications of Candidates, Constitutional and Statutory Provisions Disqualifications of Sitting Members Nomination and Candidature: Criteria for Determination of Certain Constituencies to be reserved for SC, ST etc. Voters Right to Information, Provision regarding NOTA in Election Anti-Defection Law (Tenth Schedule to the Constitution of India)

Unit – IV: Commission of Corrupt Practices Lectures – 15
Corrupt Practices and Electoral Offences in Elections: Bribery, Gift, Gratification, Mass Feeding, Under Influence, Appeal on the Ground of Religion, Race, Caste, Community, Religious Symbols etc. False Statements, Illegal (Unaccountable Payment, Personation, Booth Capturing, excessive Expenditure (Beyond Prescribed Limit), False Allegations etc. etc

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Eighth Semester

Subject: Journalism and Mass Communication-II

Paper Code: BALLB(H) 801
Credits: 5
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This course introduces the students to the Basic of Journalism Including its History, Ethics and Values.

Unit-I Origin of Print Media Lectures-16

History of the Press: Press Before and After Independence
Journalism in India: Struggle Against Repressive Measures, Freedom in India and Indian Press;
Some Important Personalities; James Augustus Hicky, John Adam’s Press Regulations, Charles Metcalfe, Mahatma Ghandhi and Raja Ram Mohan Roy.

Unit-II Press Code and Ethics for Journalism Lectures-17


Unit-III Role and Responsibilities of Press Lectures-15

Legal Responsibilities of Journalists; Social and Professional Obligation of Journalists
Freedom of the Press, Issue of Privacy vs. Public Rights to Know and Right to Reply
Internal and External Pressures on the Press; Sensational and Yellow Journalism

Unit-IV Basic operations in Newspaper Design Lectures-14

Suitability of Various Printing Processes for Newspapers and Magazines
Principles of Newspaper Design, Page Makeup, Graphics and Photographs
Importance of Whitespace, Continuation of Copy, Optical Centre

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Denis, McQueen, MASS Communication Theory, New Delhi, Sage Publication, 2000.
7. Parthasarthy, Rangaswami: The History of Journalism in India
10. Saksena, Gopal: Television in India: Changes and Challenges
11. Luthra, HR: Indian Broadcasting
Core Subject

B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.) Eighth Semester

Paper Code: LLB(H) 802

Subject: Interpretation of Statutes

Credits: 5

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The paper is to equip the students with various Tools of Interpretation of Statute.

Unit – I Principles and Methods of Interpretation Lectures-15

Statute – Meaning, Nature and Classification,
Interpretation: History, Meaning and Object of Interpretation,
Elementary Principles of Interpretation and Construction of Statutes,
Maxims of Statutory Interpretation:
   a- Ejusdem Generis
   b- Noscitur A Sociis
   c- Expressio Unius Est Exclusion Alterius
   d- Ut Res Magis Valeat Quam Pereat
   e- Contemporanea Expositio

Unit-II Methods of Interpretation Lectures-14
- Literal Meaning Rule
- Golden Rule
- The Mischief Rule
- Harmonious Construction of Statutes
- Literal and Beneficial Construction

Unit – III Internal and External Aids to Interpretation Lectures-16

Internal Aids to Construction of Statutes –
   a- Short Title, Long Title, Preamble, Marginal Notes, Headings,
   b- Definition of Interpretation Clauses, Provisions, Illustrations, Explanations
   c- Provisos, Exceptions and Saving Clauses,
   d- Punctuations Marks and Schedules.

External Aids to Interpretation –
   a- Dictionaries, Text Books,
   b- Historical Background, Legislative History
   c- Use of Foreign Decisions,
   d- Administrative Conveyancing and Commercial Practice.
   e- Statute and Pari Materia.

Unit – IV Interpretation of Specific Statutes Lectures-15

Remedial and Penal Statutes- Meaning and Distinction, Liberal Construction of Penal Statutes,
Strict Construction of Penal Statutes,
Interpretation of Taxing Statutes- General Principles, Strict Construction and Evasion of Statutes
Interpretation of Constitution:
   a- Doctrine of Pith and Substance
   b- Doctrine of Colourable Legislation
   c- Doctrine of Sovereignty
   d- Doctrine of Eclipse

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Langan, P. St. J. : Maxwell on The Interpretation of Statutes.
2. Sarathi, V.P. : Interpretation of Statutes (EBC).
3. Edgar, S.G.G. : Craies on Statute Law

- 56 -
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Eighth Semester
Subject: Labour Law and Industrial Laws-II
Paper Code : LLB(H) 803
Credits : 5

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: This Paper is to focus on Wage Policies, Compensation for learn caused during the Course of Employment and Working Conditions of Employees with Special Reference to Women and Children.

Unit – I Law Relating to Payment of Wages Lectures-14
The Payment of Wages Act, 1936- Object and Scope, Definitions, Payment of Wages and Authorised Deduction, Authorities, Powers of Authorities, Limitations, Penalties for Offences.

Unit-II Employees Provident Fund, Bonus and Gratuity Lectures-15
The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965- Scope, Objective, Provisions for Payment of Bonus, Reference of Disputes, Offences and Penalties.

Unit – III Labour Welfare Laws - I Lectures-16
The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976- Payment of Equal Remuneration to Men and Women Workers, Prohibition of Discrimination While Recruiting Men and Women Workers, Advisory Committee and the Role of the Appropriate Government to Appoint Authorities for Deciding Claims.
The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961- Objective and Scope, Maternity Benefits and Other Benefits, Inspector’s Powers and Duties, Penalties for Contravention.

Unit – IV Labour Welfare Laws-II Lectures-15

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B.(Hons) Eighth Semester  
Subject: Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System) (Practical-II)  
Paper Code : LLB(H) 804  
Credits : 5  
Max. Marks: Internal/Clinical : 100

Objective: The Paper aims to imbue students with importance of Ethics in Legal profession. It also focuses on Court Craft as part of Legal Profession.

Unit I  Legal Profession and Its Ethics  
Lectures-15

- Evolution, Development and Nature of Legal Profession in USA, England, France and India.
- Meaning of Ethics and Professional Ethics
- Object and Necessity of Legal Ethics
- Duties of Advocates
  - Towards Court
  - Towards Client
  - Towards Opponent
  - Towards His Profession
  - Towards Society
  - Towards Himself

Unit II  The Advocates Act, 1961  
Lectures-14

- Introduction
- Admission and Enrolment of Advocates in State Bar Council and Bar Council of India.
- State Bar Council: Composition and Powers
- Bar Council of India: Composition and Powers.
- Rights, Privileges and Disabilities of Advocates under Advocates Act.
- Opinions of Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils on Professional Misconduct.
- Bar- Bench Relations
- Legality of Lawyers Strike in Right –Duty Discourse

Unit III  Advocacy and Accountancy  
Lectures-15

- Meaning of Advocacy
- Elements of Advocacy
- Equipments of Advocates
- Seven Lamps of Advocacy
- Accountancy for Lawyers

Unit IV  The Contempt of Court Act, 1971  
Lectures-16

- Meaning and Kinds of Contempt
- Procedure in Contempt Proceedings
  - Contempt Proceedings in High Court and Supreme Court.
  - Contempt Proceedings in Lower Judiciary
- Punishment for Contempt of Court
- Ten Landmark Supreme Court Judgments on Contempt of Court

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by an Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his/her Nominee and Director/Principal of the Institute or his/her Nominee. The Director/Principal of the Institute may also appoint any Teacher of the Institute to assist the Board of Examiners.

Each Member of Board of Examiners or evaluators shall be paid Rs. 2500 (Rupees Two Thousand Five Hundred only) per day for evaluation. The external member/evaluator shall be paid TA/DA by the Institute/College concerned.

Essential Case Law:
5. Advocate General Bihar v. Patna High Court, 1986 (2) SCC 577.
10. In the matter of ‘P’ an Advocate, AIR 1963 SC 1313.

Suggested Readings:
1. Deshta, Sunil and Deshta, Kiran : Practical Advocacy of Law
2. Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer’s book on "Advocacy"
3. The Contempt of Court Act, 1971
4. The Advocates Act, 1961
5. Iyer, P. Ramanatha: Legal and Professional Ethics
Objective: The objective of this paper is to learn the rights related to the inventions and to impart knowledge about the Intellectual property vested in the IPR’s, TRIP’s, Patent, Biological Diversity, Geographical Indications and Trade Designs.


Lectures-15

Origin and Development of Intellectual Property Rights
Meaning, Origin and Development of National International Regime for Patent Rights Protection
TRIP’s and Indian Patent (Amendment) Act, 2005
Indian Patents Act, 1970: Patentable and Non-Patentable Products, Process of Obtaining a Patent, Duration of Patent, Patents Authorities, Register of Patents
Rights and Obligations of a Patentee, Transfer, Surrender and Revocation of Patent Rights, Suits for Infringement and Appeals to Appellate Board

Unit II: Biological Diversity Protection, Traditional Knowledge and Related Legislations

Lecture-16

Meaning, Need for Biological Diversity Convention on Biological Diversity
The Biological Diversity Act, 2002:
Salient Features: Conservation of Biological Diversity, Sustainable Use of Its Component, Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits
Regulation and Access to Biological Diversity
National Biodiversity Authority (NBA) and State Biodiversity Board (SBB)
The Forest Act, 1927 and Forest Conservation Act, 1980
The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
Environment Protection Act, 1986
The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmer’s Rights Act, 2001
Traditional Knowledge: Its Protection and Traditional Knowledge Digital Library (TKDL)

Unit III: General Aspects of Copyright Laws in India

Lecture-18

Meaning, Origin, Nature and Development of Copy Right,
Important Provisions Related To Protection of Copyright:
Berne Convention, Universal Copyright Convention, Rome Convention,
Ownership of Copyright and the Rights of the Owners, Broadcasting Organizations and Performers, Term of Copyright and Licences
Copyright Societies and International Copyright
Registration of Copyright, Infringement of Copyright and Civil Remedies

Unit IV: General Aspects of Trade Mark and Design Act In India

Lecture-14

The Trade Mark Act, 1999
Definition of Trade Mark, Characteristics, Functions and Term of Trade Mark
Registration of Trademark and Authorities under the Trade Mark Act
Rights of Trade Mark Holders, Assignment and Transmission of Trade marks
Service Marks, Collective Marks, Certification Trade Marks, Well Known Trademark and Internet Domain Name, Infringement and Passing Off Action in Trade Mark, Legal Remedies Against Infringement and Passing Off a Trade Mark
The Design Act, 2000
Definition of Design, Registration of Design and Authorities under the Act
Term of Design, Rights of Design Holders
Infringement of Design, Legal Remedies

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.
Suggested Readings:
Objective: The Paper introduces Comparative Law to the LL.B. Student. It focuses on the Civil and Common Law Traditions and Comparative Approaches to Law. While Introducing other Legal Traditions and Discussing Trends of Convergence, Reconciliation and Transitions in Legal Traditions and Approaches.

Unit-I. Introduction

Lectures – 14

The Concept and Province of Comparative Law
Origin and Development of Comparative Law
Functions and Aims of Comparative Law

Unit-II. Better Lawyers and Laws Through Comparative Study

Lectures – 15

Value/ Practical Utility of the Study of Comparative Law
A Tool in the Hands of the Legislators
Law Reform Agencies and Comparative Law
Legal Education and Comparative Law

Unit-III. Comparative Law and International Understandings

Lectures – 14

Transcendental Values
International Commercial Contracts
UNESCO and Comparative Law
Comparative Legal Approaches
Capitalist
Socialist
Third World

Unit-IV The Mechanism of Unification, Coordination and Minimum Standards

Lectures – 14

Nature and Characteristics of Unified Law
Unification of Laws
Coordination of Laws
Minimum Standards.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Gutteridge, H. C. : Comparative Law
2. Indian Law Institute: An Introduction to the Study of Comparative Law.
3. Tondon, M.P., Comparative Law
5. Menski, Werner: Comparative Law in A Global Context
Objective: The object of this paper is to discuss the Causative Factors of Crime and Treatment of Criminals and Victims.

Unit – I Understanding Crime Lectures – 15
Crime: Definition and Concept
Causal Approaches to Explanations and Difficulties of Applications of Casual Analysis to Human Behaviour

Unit – II Deviations Lectures – 16
Legislation, Treatment, Judicial Approach
Socio-Economic Crimes
White-Collar Crimes, Drug Abuse
Alternatives to imprisonment
Parole
Concept, Meaning, Provisions Under the Indian Law
Probation Reformatory Approach Towards Crime, Post Sentencing Measures
Concept and Utility of Probation, The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958: Definition and Powers of Courts, Probation Officer and his Duties (Sections 13-15)

Unit – III Punishment Lectures – 15
Theories of Punishment: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive and Reformative
Prison Reform and the Judicial Response
Kinds of Punishment (i) Fine, (ii) Imprisonment (iii) Death Penalty (iv) Internment.

Prison System

Police System

Unit – IV Victimology Lectures – 17
Victimization, Victim Support and Allied Disciplines
Compensation, Restitution, Assistance and Rehabilitation
Rights of Victims of Crime
Criminal-Victim Relations

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Winslow, Robert and Zhang, S. : Criminology a Global Perspective.
7. Frank: Criminology Today: An Integrative Introduction.
8. Schmalleger: Criminology.
10. Taft, Donald: Criminology.
Objective: This Paper Aims at Creating Awareness about Laws which are meant for Prevention of Socio-Economic Offences.

Unit – Introduction

Definition and Classification of Crimes
Nature and Extent of Social and Economic Offences in India
Relevance of Mens Rea in Social and Economic Offences
Methods to Check Social and Economic Offences

Unit-II Socio-Economic Offences-I

Salient Features of The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
The Essential Commodities Act, 1955
The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
Laws on Maintenance of Standards of Weights and Measures

Unit-III Socio-Economic Offences-II

The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012
The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
The Indian Stamp Act, 1899.
The Court Fee Act, 1870.

Unit-IV Socio-Economic Offences-III

The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention and Atrocities) Act, 1989.
The Pre-natal Diagnostics Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994
The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005.
The Drugs and Cosmetics Acts, 1940
The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
2. The Essential Commodities Act, 1955
3. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
4. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
5. The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
7. The Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention and Atrocities) Act, 1989
9. The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005
11. Prasad, Sarjoo: Essential Commodities Act
12. Kataria and Saeed: Law relating to Prevention of Immoral Traffic
14. Choudhry, R.N.: Crimes Against Women
16. Singh, Indira Jai: Prenatal and Pre- Conception Diagnostics Techniques
17. Das, P.K.: Protection of Women from Domestic Violence
Core Subject

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Ninth Semester
Subject: Media and Laws
Paper Code: BALLB(H) 901
Credits: 5
Max. Marks: Examinations/Exterior: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: To explain the Challenges to Civilisation and Purpose of Social Control in Society and to enable students to analyze Social Issues and Problems using Different Sociological Perspectives.

Unit – I Development of Radio and Advertising Lectures-14
Origin and Development of Radio in India- From Indian Broadcasting Company to All India Radio, Growth of AIR From 1936 to 1950
All India Radio- Organisational Structure, Functions of Different Divisions and Departments; News Service Division of AIR
Advertising: Definition, Nature, Scope, Medium, Role and Functions of Advertising

Unit – II Public Relation and Media Organisations Lectures-15
Public Relation Officers; Qualities and Duties
Media Organisations: Press Institute of India, Audit Bureau of Circulation, Indian Newspaper Society, Editor Guild of India, Press Information Bureau, Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity, Press Council of India

Unit – III Media Laws -I Lectures-14

Unit – IV Media Laws -II Lectures-16

NOTE: The question paper will have five Units. The examiner is required to set eight questions with two questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt four questions, selecting one question from each Unit. Each question carries 14 Marks.
Unit V is Compulsory and will have four short questions from all the four Units and each question carries 3.5 marks.

Suggested Readings:
2. Sharma, B.R: Freedom of Press under the constitution.
4. Mehta, D.D: Mass Communication and Journalism in India.
5. Aggarwal, Virbala and Gupta,V.S: Handbook of Journalism and Mass Communication
Objective: The objective of this Paper is to Focus on Concept and Classification of Property as well as Principles Governing Transfer of Immovable Property.

Unit-I General Principles Relating to Transfer of Property Lectures-18

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882- Interpretation Clause, Immovable Property, Attested, Registered, Transfer of Actionable Claims and Notice, Definition of Transfer of Property, Transferable Property, Untransferable Trust of Property, Competence to Transfer and Modes of Transfer, Conditional Transfer, Conditions Restraining Alienation, Restriction Repugnant to Interest Created, Transfer for Benefit of Unborn Person, Rules Against Perpetuity, Vested Interest and Contingent, Election and Apportionment.

Unit-II General Principles and Mode for Transfer of Immovable Property Lectures-15

Restricted Covenants, Transfer by Ostensible Owner, Transfer by Unauthorized Person who Subsequently Acquires Interest, Fraudulent, Transfer, Improvements made by Person under Defective Title, Doctrine of Lis-pendens and Part Performance Sale of Immovable Property: Definition of Sale and Contract to Sell, Rights and Liabilities of Buyer and Seller, Marshalling by Subsequent Purchaser.

Unit – III Specific Modes for Transfer of Immovable Property Lectures-16

Mortgage of Immovable Property: Definition of Mortgage, Forms of Mortgage, Right of Redemption of Mortgage and Equity of Redemption, Eccession, Marshalling and Contribution, Subrogation Gifts: Definition of Gifts, Modes of Creation of Gift, Suspension and Revocation of Gift and Onerous gift Definition and Kinds of Leases, Distinction between Lease and License, Modes of Creation and Determination of Lease, of Exchanges.

Unit – IV Indian Easement Act, 1882 Lectures-16


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
4. Sarathi, V.P.: Law of Transfer of Property
7. Gour, H.S: Transfer of Property Act
8. Jain, J.D.: Indian Easement Act, 1882
11. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882: Bare Act
Objective: The object of this Paper is to Train Students in the Art of Drafting both for Court Purposes as well as for other legal forums.

Unit – I Drafting Lectures-8
- Concept of Drafting, Purpose of Drafting, Art of Drafting in Context of Suits, Contracts, Criminal Cases
- General Principles of Drafting and the Relevant Substantive Rules Thereof.

Unit – II Pleading in Civil Matters Lectures/Practicals-18
- History of Pleadings
- Meaning of Pleadings
- Subsequent Pleadings
- Alternative Pleadings
- Functions and Objects of Pleadings
- Plaint
- Written Statement
- Interlocutory Application
- Original Petition
- Affidavit
- Execution Petition.

Unit – III Pleading in other Matters Lecture/Practical-18
- Petition under Articles 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India, 1950
- Memorandum of Appeal and Revision,
- Complaints
  - Criminal Miscellaneous Petition
  - Bail Application
  - Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

Unit – IV Conveyancing Lecture/Practical-20
- Fundamental Rules of Conveyancing
- Sale Deed
- Mortgage Deed
- Lease Deed
- Licence
- Gift Deed
- Promissory Note
- Power of Attorney: General and Special
- Wills and Codicils
- Trust deed
- Partition deed
- Partnership Deed
- Deed for Dissolution of Partnership

NOTE: The Course will include 15 Exercises in Drafting carrying a Total of 45 Marks and 15 Exercises in Conveyancing carrying another 45 Marks. (3 marks for each exercise)
- The remaining 10 marks will be given in a Viva Voce Examination which will test the understanding of legal practice in relation to Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing.

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by an Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his/her Nominee and Director/Principal of the Institute or his/her Nominee. The Director /Principal of the Institute may also appoint any Teacher of the Institute to assist the Board of Examiners.
- Each Member of Board of Examiners or evaluators shall be paid Rs. 2500 (Rupees Two Thousand Five Hundred only) per day for evaluation. The external member/evaluator shall be paid TA/DA by the Institute/College concerned.

Suggested Readings:
1. Mogha’s Law of Pleadings in India.
Core Subject

Subject: Equity, Trust And Other Fiduciary Obligations

Credit: 5

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The objective of this Course is to Highlight the Concept of Equity, Various Equitable Maxims as well as Trust Obligations.

Unit-I Nature and Scope of Equity Lectures-14

Concept of Equity Definition, Nature and Origin of Equity, Equity as a Court of Conscience, Transformation of Equity, the Relation Between Common Law and Equity, Judicature Acts of 1873 and 1875, the Nature of Equitable Rights, Classification of Equitable Rights

Unit-II Equitable Doctrine and Maxims Lectures-15

Equitable Doctrines: Conversion and Reconversion, Election, Performance and Satisfaction; The Maxims of Equity – Equity will not Suffer a Wrong to be Without a Remedy; Equity Follows the Law; Where Equities are Equal, the Law Shall Prevail; Where Equities are Equal, First in Time Shall Prevail.

Unit-III Maxims of Equity Lectures-13

He Who Seeks Equity Must Do Equity; He Who Comes to Equity Must Come with Clean Hands; Delay Defeats Equity; Equality is Equity; Equity Looks to the Intent Rather than to the Form; Equity Looks on that as done Which Ought to Have Been Done; Equity Imputes an Insertion to Fulfil an Obligation; Equity Acts in Personam.

Unit-IV The Indian Trust Act, 1882 Lectures-14

Definition (Section 3): Creation of Trusts Rules (Sections 4-10); Duties and Liabilities of the Trustees (Sections 11-30); Public and Private Trusts and Doctrine of Cyprus. Rights, Powers and Liabilities of Trustees (Sections 31-45); Disabilities of Trustees (Sections 46-54); Rights, Powers and Liabilities of Beneficiaries (Sections 55-69); Vacating the Office of Trustee and Extinction of Trusts (Sections 70-79).

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

4. Gandhi, B.M: Equity, Trust and Specific Relief.
Objective: The objective of this Course is to Lay the Foundation of the Human Rights Law and Acquaint the Students with Basic Human Rights Institutions.

Unit – I  
Introduction  
Lectures – 10


Unit – II  
International Conventions, Covenants for Human Rights  
Lectures – 10


Unit – III  
Human Rights under the Constitution and Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993  
Lectures – 10


Unit – IV  
Mechanism under the Protection of Human Rights  
Lectures – 14


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

1. Deshta, Sunil and Singh, Partap: Human Rights in India.  
6. UN Charter.  
Objective: This Paper Focuses on Various Aspects of Health Care Law including the Constitutional Perspective, Obligations and Negligence of Medical Professionals and Remedies available to Consumers of Health Care.

Unit – I Medicine and Healthcare
Lectures – 12
Concept of Health
Definition of Health, Development of Health Law
Inter-relationship between Law and Medicine.
Healthcare: National and International Perspective; WHO, UNICEF, UNESCO, FAO.
Healthcare System: Public and Private health sector

Unit – II Constitutional and Legal Provisions related to health
Lectures – 14
Constitutional Provisions
Right to Health as a Fundamental Right
Right to Health vis-à-vis the right to Confidentiality
Right to Health and Directive Principles
Judicial Response Towards Right to Health
Legal Provisions
The Indian Medical Council Act, 1956
The Mental Healthcare Act, 2017

Unit – III Medical Science, Technology and Law: Issues and Challenges to Medical Ethics.
Lectures – 16
Development in Medical Science and Technology
Euthanasia and its Legal Position in India
Reproductive Technology: ART, IVF, IUI
Surrogacy and legal challenges
The Transplantation of Human Organ Act, 1994
The Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994

Unit – IV Medical Negligence and its Remedies
Lectures – 14
Definition, Ingredients
Error of Judgment and Gross Negligence
Remedies for Medical Negligence
Law of Torts
Law of Crimes
Consumer Protection Law

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Malik, Vijay: Drug and Cosmetic Act, 1940
2. Kaushal, Anoop K.: Medical Negligence and Legal Remedies
3. Singh, Jagdish: Medical Negligence Compensation
4. Dutta, B.K.: Drug Control
ELECTIVE/OPTIONAL

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Ninth Semester

Subject: Law, Poverty and Development

Paper Code : LLB(H) 905(c)
Credits : 5
Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The objective of this Paper is to Provide an Understanding of Basic Concepts of Poverty and Development and their Relationship with Law.

Unit – I: Understanding Poverty and Development

Lectures-14

The Concept of Poverty: Criteria to define Poor. The Extent of Poverty, Identification and Measurement of Indian Poverty, Issues Relating Poverty in India. The Debate on ‘Crossing of the Poverty Line’, Constitutionality of Criteria of Poverty Line as a Basis of State Action, the Determinants of Impoverishment Versus Legal System.

Unit – II: Anti-Poverty Programmes

Lectures-16


Unit –III: Criminal Justice System and The Poor

Lectures-16


Unit – IV: Impoverishment of Women and Disabled Persons

Lectures-14


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: The object of this Paper is to Impart Knowledge about the Local Self-Government and their Functioning.

Unit – I    Introduction    Lectures-15


Unit-II    Constitutional Perspectives and The Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994    Lectures-18

Part IXA of the Constitution of India (Article 243P-243X) - Definition, Constitution, Composition of Municipalities, Ward Committees, Reservation of Seats, Duration of Municipalities, Disqualifications of Members, Powers, Authority and Responsibilities of Municipalities
The Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 - Constitution and Functions of Municipality, Municipal Fund and Property, Procedure for Assessing Immovable Property

Unit-III    Municipal Committees, Municipal Police    Lectures-16

Concept of Municipal Committees, Constitution and Functions of Municipal Committees, Qualifications and Disqualifications of Members of Municipal Committee, Power, Authority and Responsibilities of Municipal Committee, Municipal Police, Powers for Sanitary and Other Purposes, Offences and Prosecution, By Laws, Appeal from Orders

Unit-IV    H.P. Panchayati Raj Acts and Rules    Lectures-13

H.P. Panchayati Raj (Finance, Budget, Accounts, Audit, Works, Taxation and Allowances) Rules, 2002

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. The Constitution of India
2. 73rd and 74th Amendment to the Constitution.
3. The Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994: Bare Act
4. The H. P. Panchayati Raj Act, 1994: Bare Act
5. The H. P. Panchayati Raj (General) Rules, 1997
Objective: The object is to give Knowledge about the Origin and Development of the Concept of Corporate Governance and also about the Need of Developing Laws on Corporate Governance.

Unit –I: Conceptual Framework of Corporate Governance Lectures-14
Introduction, Need and Scope
Evolution of Corporate Governance
Developments in India
Developments in Corporate Governance - A Global Perspective
Elements of Good Corporate Governance
Cadbury Committee, Greenburg Committee

Unit –II Indian Corporate Governance System Lectures-15
The CII Code of Desirable Corporate Governance (1998)
Kumar Mangalam Birla Report (1999)
Naresh Chandra Committee Report (2002)
Board Committees
Introduction
Various Board Committees, their Composition, Role and Responsibilities, Contribution to Board Governance
Audit Committee, Shareholders Grievance Committee
Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee
Corporate Governance Committee, Corporate Compliance Committee

Unit-III Stakeholders in Corporate Governance and Different Systems of Corporate Governance Lectures-14
Stakeholders in Corporate Governance
Management
Shareholders
Employees
Customers
Vendors and others
Different Systems of Corporate Governance
American, British, German, Japanese, French
OECD Principles of Corporate Governance
Corporate Governance issues with regard to Related Party Transactions
Role of Investor Associations in Securing Shareholders Rights
Role of Institutional Investors in Corporate Governance

Unit-IV Regulatory Measures on Corporate Governance Lectures-14
Provisions under Companies Act
Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement
Other Important Provisions of the Listing Agreement

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
1. Arya, P.P. : Corporate Governance
B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) Ninth Semester

Paper Code : LLB(H) 906(c)

Subject: Insurance Law

Credits: 5

Max. Marks: External/Theory: 70
Internal/Clinical: 30

Objective: The objective of this Paper is to Orient the Students with the General Principles of Law of Insurance in India.

Unit – I General Principles of Law of Insurance Lectures-12

Unit-II The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956 Lectures-14
Establishment of LIC, Functions of LIC, Transfer of Existing Life Business to LIC, Compensation for Insurance business.

Unit-III The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 Lectures-16

Unit-IV The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 Lectures-15
Establishment of Environmental Relief Fund, Provision as to Other Right to Claim Compensation for Death, Powers of Entry, Inspection, Search and Seizure, Penalty for Contravention, Penalty for Failure to Comply with Directions; Offences by Companies and Government Departments.

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
3. Insurance Regulation Authority Act, 1999
Objective: This Paper Provides Clarity about the Concept of Income Tax, Heads of Income, Including Foreign Income Assessment Procedures, Adjudication and Settlement of Tax Disputes are the Focus Points of Study in this Paper. This Paper also deals with GST, Act.

Unit-I: Introduction and Basis of Charge
Lectures-16
Income Tax Act, 1961- Definitions: Income, Assessee, Total Income, Agriculture Income, Assessed, Assessment Year and Previous Year, Assessing Officer (Sections 2 and 3), Basis of Charge (Sections 4-9), Income of other Persons Included in Assessee Total Income (Sections 60-65).
Heads of Income and Its Computation: Salary (Sections 15-17) Income From House Property (Sections 22-27), Profits and Gains of Business or Profession (Sections 24-44AD and 68-69D).

Unit-II: Procedure for Assessment
Lectures-18
Capital Gains (Sections 45-55A) Income From Other Sources (Sections 56-59)
Set Off and Carry Forward of Losses (Sections 70-80), Procedure for Assessment (Sections 139-158), Assessment of Firms (Sections 182-189A).

Unit-III Tax Authorities, Powers and Penalties
Lectures-15
Income Tax Authorities, Their Jurisdiction and Powers (Sections 116-138). Appeal, Reference and Revision, Collections and Recoveries and Refund, Penalties, Offences and Prosecution (Sections 190-234 and 237-245, 246-262)

Unit-IV: Goods and Services Tax
Lectures-16
Meaning Nature and Scope of Goods and General Services Tax, Supply, Threshold Limit, Advance Ruling, Information, Returns, Non Creditable Goods/Services; Levy and Collection of Tax (State/Centre), Composition Levy, Power to Grant Exemption from Tax, Time and Value of Supply, Concept of Input Tax Credit, Concept of Registration, GST Council and its Power and Function

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
1. Income Tax Act, 1961
2. Central Sales Tax Act, 1956
8. Jain, Anju, Hand Book on GST & Customs Law
Objective: The object of this paper is to focus on laws related to Land Revenue, Ceiling on Holdings and Urban Rent Control in the State of Himachal Pradesh.

Unit – I  The Himachal Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1954  Lectures-15

Object, Scope and Definitions (Section 4).
Revenue Officers, their Classes and Powers (Sections 7-13),
Appeal, Review and Revision (Sections 14-17).
Record of Rights and Periodical Records and the Procedure for Making of Records (Sections 32-41).
Presumptions in favour of Revenue Entries (Section 45).

Unit-II  The Himachal Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1954  Lectures-17

Collection of Land Revenue
Security of Payment of Land Revenue (Sections 68-73).
Process for Recovery of Arrears of Land Revenue (Sections 74-81).

 Partition
Concept of Partition.
Procedure for Effecting Partition (Sections 123-135).
Application for Partition, Restrictions and Limitation on Partition.
Disallowance of Partition Procedure on Admission for Partition.
Disposal of Questions as to Title in the Property and other Question,
Delivery of Possession of Property Allotted on Partition and Customary Partition.

Unit-III  The Himachal Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms Act, 1972  Lectures-15

Definitions: Agricultural Labourer, Agriculturalist, Arrears of Rent, Family, Improvement, Land, Landless Person, Kismi Tenant, Tenancy Right to Occupancy, Rent (Payment, Collection, Reduction, Time Limit and Adjustment), Lease, Relinquishment and Ejectment, Improvements and Compensation To Tenant, Jurisdiction and Procedure, Acquisition of Proprietary Rights by Occupancy Tenants and other than Occupancy Tenancy, Control on Transfer of Land

Unit-IV  The Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987  Lectures-15

Determination of Slandered Rent (Sections 4-10).
Grounds for Eviction of Tenants (Sections 14-16).
Appeal, Review and Revision (Sections 24-29).

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Reading:
3. The Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987: Bare Act
Objective: In this paper students will be taught about Functioning of the Banks and various Provisions regarding Bank Frauds with the detailed study of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1935.

Unit – I Introduction Lectures-12

Historical Development of Banking Institutions in India
Meaning and Definition of Bank and Customer, Kinds of Banking System
Special classes of Customer, Relationship of Banker and Customer
Nature and Type of Accounts, Obligation to Maintain Secrecy and Exception Thereof.

Unit – II The Banking Regulation Act, 1949 Lectures-15

Definitions, Provisions Regarding Overriding Effect of Banking Regulation Act, 1949, Business of Banking Companies, Use of Word Bank, Prohibition of Trading, Disposal of Non-Banking Assets
Business of Banking Companies
Control over Management
Regulation Regarding Share Capital, Control Over Management
Suspension of Business and Winding up of Banking Companies, Amalgamation and Reconstruction
Balance Sheet, Audit and Inspection,
Recent Trends of Banking System
New Technology
Automatic Teller Machine
Use of Internet
Smart Cards, Credit Cards etc.

Unit – III Banking Securities and Bank Frauds Lectures-16

Banking Securities
Pledge, Hypothecation, Charge, Lien and Mortgage
Bank Frauds
Definition, Classification of Frauds and Action required by Banks, Fraud Prone areas in different Accounts, Saving Bank Accounts, Current Accounts, Thefts, Burglary, Fraud in Cases of Advances, E-Frauds, Fraud in cases of Remittances and Preventive Measures.

Unit – IV The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 Lectures-15

Reserve Bank as Banker to the State/Central Government
Organisational Structure of Reserve Bank of India (Central Board and Local Board)
Legal Status, Powers and Functions of Reserve Bank of India
Banking Ombudsman Scheme

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
Objective: The objective of this Paper is to train the student in the field of Advocacy to know the Working of Courts.

Unit-I Moot Courts (30 Marks)

Every student will do at least Three Moot Courts in a year with 10 Marks for each. The Moot Court Work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for Written Submissions and 5 marks for Oral Advocacy.

Unit-II Observation of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal (30 Marks)

Students will attend Two Trials in the month of January and February i.e after the 9th Semesters Examinations. They will maintain a Record and Enter the Various Steps observed during their Attendance on different days in the court Assignment. This Scheme will carry 30 Marks.

Unit-III Interview Techniques and Pre-Trial Preparations (30 Marks)

Each student will observe Two Interviewing Sessions of Clients at the Lawyers’ Office/Legal Aid Office and Record the Proceedings in a Diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the Suit/Petition. This will be recorded in the Diary which will carry 15 Marks.

Unit-IV Viva-Voce Examination (10 Marks)

Viva-Voce Examination on all the above three aspects. This carries 10 Marks.

NOTE – Unit-II and III Shall be completed during the Winter Vacation by engaging students with Lawyers.

Evaluation: Evaluation work shall be done by an Evaluation Committee consisting of Dean Faculty of Law or his/her Nominee and Director/Principal of the Institute or his/her Nominee. The Director/Principal of the Institute may also appoint any Teacher of the Institute to assist the Board of Examiners.
Each Member of Board of Examiners or evaluators shall be paid Rs. 2500 (Rupees Two Thousand Five Hundred only) per day for evaluation. The external member/evaluator shall be paid TA/DA by the Institute/College concerned.
### Objective:
The objective of the study is to impart knowledge about Capital Market: SEBI its incorporation and functioning and also to impart knowledge regarding the Regulations and Guidelines issued by SEBI for Monitoring Capital Market.

#### Unit – I
**Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.**
Lectures-15

- Formation of SEBI
- Powers of SEBI
- Appeal against order of SEBI
- Legal position of SEBI guidelines

#### Unit-II
**Securities and Exchange Board Guidelines**
Lectures-16

- SEBI Guidelines for Issue of Securities
- SEBI (Disclosure and Investor Protection) Guidelines, 2000
- SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992
- SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011
- Promoters Contribution, Norms of Pricing, Underwriting of Shares, Code for Advertisements, Book Building, Green Shoe Option, Shelf Prospectus, Abridged Prospectus.

#### Unit-III
**SEBI Control Over Intermediaries**
Lectures-15

- Merchant Bankers, Bankers to Issue
- Underwriters, Debenture Trustees, Stock Brokers, Clearing Members and Trading Members
- Registrar to an Issue/ Share Transfer Agent, Portfolio Managers, Market Makers
- Custodian of Securities, Credit Rating Agencies

#### Unit-IV
**Securities Contract (Regulation) Act 1956**
Lectures-17

- Recognition of Stock Exchanges and Control over Stock Exchanges by SEBI
- Listing of Securities and Appeal against Refusal
- Corporatization and Demutualization of Stock Exchanges, Control Over Members of Stock Exchanges
- Listing Agreement and Obligations of Listing Companies

#### NOTE:
The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

#### Suggested Reading:
7. Taxmann’s Corporate Laws.
11. SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997.
### Objective
This paper focuses on the Investment and Competition laws of India in the light of New Economic Order.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Competition Law: Development and Conceptual Interpretation</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>The Competition Law Act, 2002</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Authorities under the Competition Act, 2002</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Corporate Finance and Regulatory Framework</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Unit I**


**Unit II**

- Prohibition of Agreements, Anti Competitive Agreements, Anti Trust Agreements, Prohibitions of Abuse of Dominant Position, Combination, Regulation of Combinations Acquisition, Regulation and Amalgamation

**Unit III**

- The Competition Commission of India- Establishment, Compositions, Powers, Duties and Functions of Competition Commission of India, Penalties, Competition Advocacy Establishment, Composition and Functions of Competition Appellate Tribunal

**Unit IV**


**NOTE:** The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

**Suggested Readings:**
7. Taxman’s Student’s Guide to Economic Laws.
8. Taxman, Corporate Laws
11. Sankaran, S.: Indian Economy
Objective: The objective of the Paper is to impart knowledge about the Concept of Corporate Finance, Means and Methods through which a corporate can raise Funds at National and International level. It also intends to impart knowledge about Authorities regulating Corporate Finance in India.

Unit –I  
**Introduction to Corporate Finance**  
Lectures- 18  
Meaning, Importance and Scope of Corporate Finance  
Capital Needs- Capitalization  
Working Capital, Securities, Borrowings, Debentures  
Objectives of Corporation Financing  
Profit Maximization, Wealth Maximization  
Constitutional Perspective  
The Entries 37,38,44,45,46,47,52,82,85 and 86 of List-I Union List  
Enter 24 of List-II –State List

Unit-II  
**Finance of the Company**  
Lectures-14  
Equity Finance  
Share capital, Prospectus- Information Disclosure  
Issue and Allotment of Shares  
Shares without Monetary Consideration  
Non Opting Equity Shares  
Debt Finance  
Debentures Nature, Issue and Class  
Deposits and Acceptance  
Creation of Charge, Fixed and Floating Charge  
Mortgages

Unit-III  
**Corporate Fund Raising**  
Lectures- 16  
Depositories  
Indian Depository Receipts (IDR)  
American Depository Receipts (ADR)  
Global Depository Receipts (GDR)  
Public Finance Institutions  
IDBI, ICICI, IFC and SFC  
Mutual Fund and other Collective Investment Schemes  
Institutional Investments- LIC, UTI and Banks  
FDI and NRI Investment- Foreign Institutional Investments (IMF and World Bank)

Unit-IV  
**Administrative Regulations and Control**  
Lectures-15  
Administrative Regulation on Corporate Finance  
Inspection of Accounts,  
SEBI Control  
Central Government Control  
Control by Registrar of Companies  
RBI Control

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:  
1. Frad, R. Kaen : Corporate Finance.  
Objective: The objective of the Course is to introduce the subject to the students with Special Reference to India’s Role and Place in the Multilateral Trading Represented by the WTO.

Unit – I: Trade in Goods I
Lectures – 13

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)
Agreement on Agriculture
Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures
Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade

Unit-II: Trade in Goods II
Lectures – 15

Agreement on Trade-Related Investment Measures
Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures
Anti-dumping Agreement
Agreement on Safeguards

Unit – III: Trade in Services
Lectures – 16

General Agreement on Trade in Services
Ongoing Multilateral Negotiations

Unit – IV: International Trade Dispute Resolution
Lectures – 14

Nullification or Impairment
Dispute Settlement
Enforcement and Remedies

NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:

Objective: The paper is to enable students to have knowledge in the subject by having a Detailed Study of the Structure, Purpose and Functioning of International Organizations.

Unit – I
Introduction

Evolution, Nature, Functions, and Classification of International Organisations


Unit-II
International Organisation


Unit-III
Other International and Regional Inter-governmental Organisations

The Arab League, Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation, The Asian Development Bank, The Association of South East Asian Associations, Association of Southeast Asian Nations, the North American Free Trade Agreement and Mercosur, The European Union, Group of Eight, Law Enforcement Co-operation Through INTERPOL, NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation), OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries), NAM (Non-aligned Movement), SAARC (South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation), ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations)

Unit-IV
Some other Organisations


NOTE: The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question should have 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

Suggested Readings:
5. Websites maintained by International Organisations.
6. Bowett’s Law of International Institutions
7. Kruger, A.O.: WTO as an International Organizations
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective: The Objective of this course is to Study the Basic Principles governing conflict of laws in their Application to Various Situations.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Unit-I: Introduction. Lectures- 13

- Application and Subject Matter of Private International Law,
- Distinction with Public International Law,
- Characterization and Theories of Characterization,
- Concept of Renvoi,
- Application of Foreign Law,
- Domicile,
- Jurisdiction of Courts

### Unit-II: Family Law matters Lectures- 15

- Material and Formal Validity of Marriage Under Indian and English Law
- Choice of Law and Jurisdiction of Courts in Matrimonial Causes: Dissolution of Marriage, Grounds of Divorce, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Recognition of Foreign Judgments

### Unit-III: Adoption: Lectures- 16

- Recognition of Foreign Adoptions,
- Adoption by Foreign Parents,
- Jurisdiction under Indian and English law.

### Unit- IV: Indian Law Relating to Foreign Judgment Lectures- 14

- Basis of Recognition, Recognition, Finality, Failure
- Direct Execution of Foreign Decrees,

**NOTE:** The Question Paper will have Five Units. The Examiner is required to set Eight Questions with Two Questions from each Unit i.e. Unit I to Unit IV. The candidate shall have to attempt Four Questions, selecting One Question from each Unit. Each Question carries 14 Marks. Unit V is Compulsory and will have Four Short Questions from all the Four Units. Each Question in Unit V carries 3.5 Marks.

### Suggested Readings:

1. Diwan, Paras: Private International Law.
3. The Hindu Succession Act, 1925.